# HONDA

Engine maintenance

E07A

91-5

## Introduction

This service manual describes maintenance procedures for the Honda E07A engine. Please refer to the E07A engine-equipped vehicle service manual, chassis maintenance, for details on engine removal and installation, engine electrical equipment, fuel, and emission control.

This service manual is based on the E07A engine as of May 1991. Please note that the illustrations may differ from the actual engine due to changes in specifications.

May 1991

maintenance information	1
engine overhaul	
Timing belt	2
Cylinder head, valve train	3
Piston, Crankshaft, Cylinder	4
Lubricator	5
engine cooling	6

Honda motor industry stock company

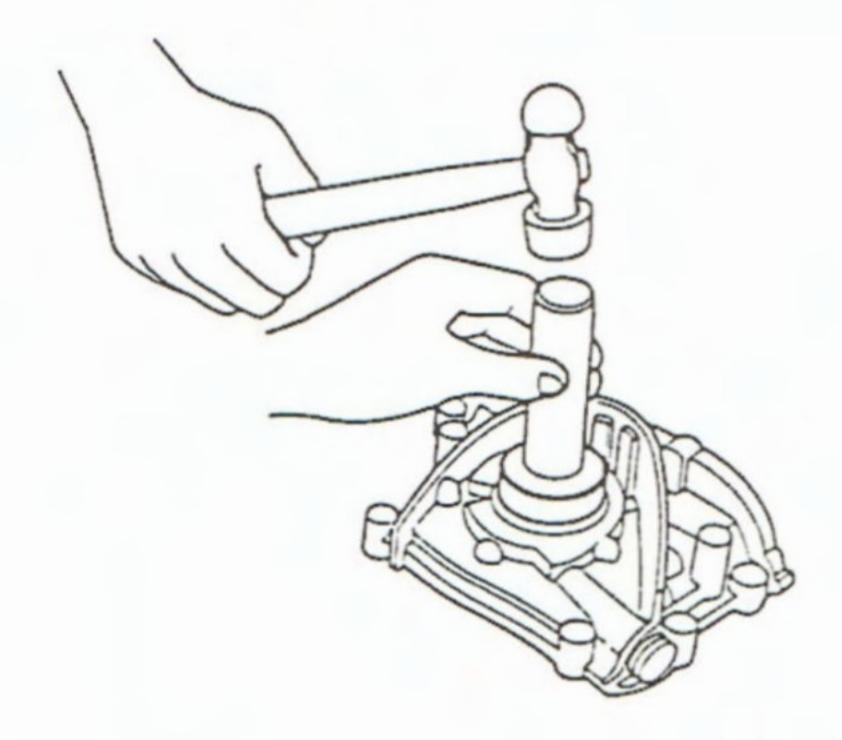
**Maintenance Materials Division** 

## **Maintenance information**

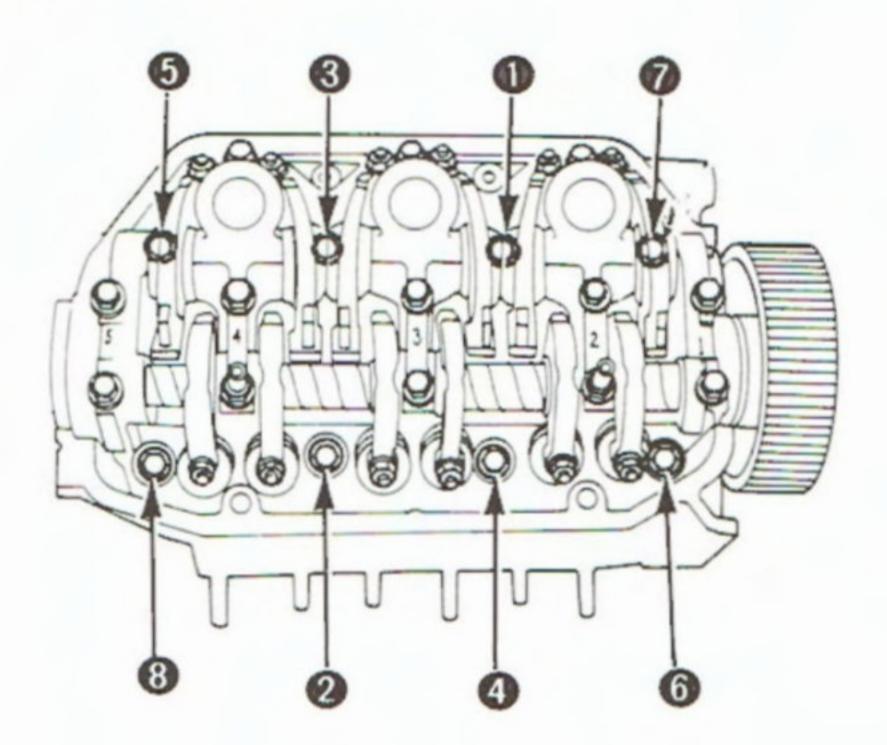
Precautions for work	1-2	
symbol mark	1-3	
Abbreviations	1-3	

#### .General

- work safely.
- Carry out correct work for removal and disassembly.
  - At the same time as confirming the location of the problem, investigate the cause, and after determining whether it is necessary to remove or disassemble, carry out the work according to the procedure indicated in the manual.
  - When dismantling or disassembling, first check the correct assembly condition before starting.
  - Each time you remove a part, inspect it for any deformation, damage, scratches, etc.
  - \* When disassembling parts that have a large number of parts, similar parts, or parts that are the same on both sides, organize them so that they will not be mixed up during assembly.
- Be sure to use special tools for any work that requires them.
  - Substituting other tools for work may result in damage to parts or injury, so be sure to use special tools for work that instructs you to do so.



- About tightening torque
  - Bolts, nuts, and screws should be tightened diagonally from inside to outside with the specified tightening torque, from the largest to the smallest diameter.



- About replacement parts
  - Gaskets, packing O-rings, self-locking nacottes, etc.
     should be replaced with new ones when disassembling.
- About parts
  - Always use genuine Honda parts or recommended parts for parts and oils.
  - Parts to be reused shall be inspected and measured in detail as necessary.
- About oils and fats
  - When assembling and installing, apply the specified oil to the specified locations.
  - Thoroughly clean and wash each part to be reused.
- Be sure to use the designated liquid packing 1216 where the use of liquid packing is specified.

Follow the instruction manual for the liquid packing. Before application

Clean the liquid packing surface.

Note Do not damage the packing surface.

Degrease the packing surface.

#### when applied

- Apply the liquid packing evenly to the packing surface.
- Apply the oil to the center of the packing, and around the bolt to the inside to prevent oil from leaking.
- Liquid packing should be applied to one of the surfaces without internal threads.

#### After application

- Do not assemble if left for 20 minutes or more after application. If left unattended, remove and reapply.
- Oil should be added 30 minutes or more after assembly.
- About rubber and tubes
  - Do not allow gasoline or oil to adhere to rubber or tubes, as this may cause deterioration.
- After assembly, be sure to check the tightening, operation, piping condition, and clamp position of each part.

# symbol mark

# The symbols below indicate precautions and work methods throughout this manual.



**About oil application** 



**Applying grease** 



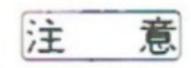
: Use of specialized tools



: Important notes



: dangerous work



: important work





Indicate decomposition order



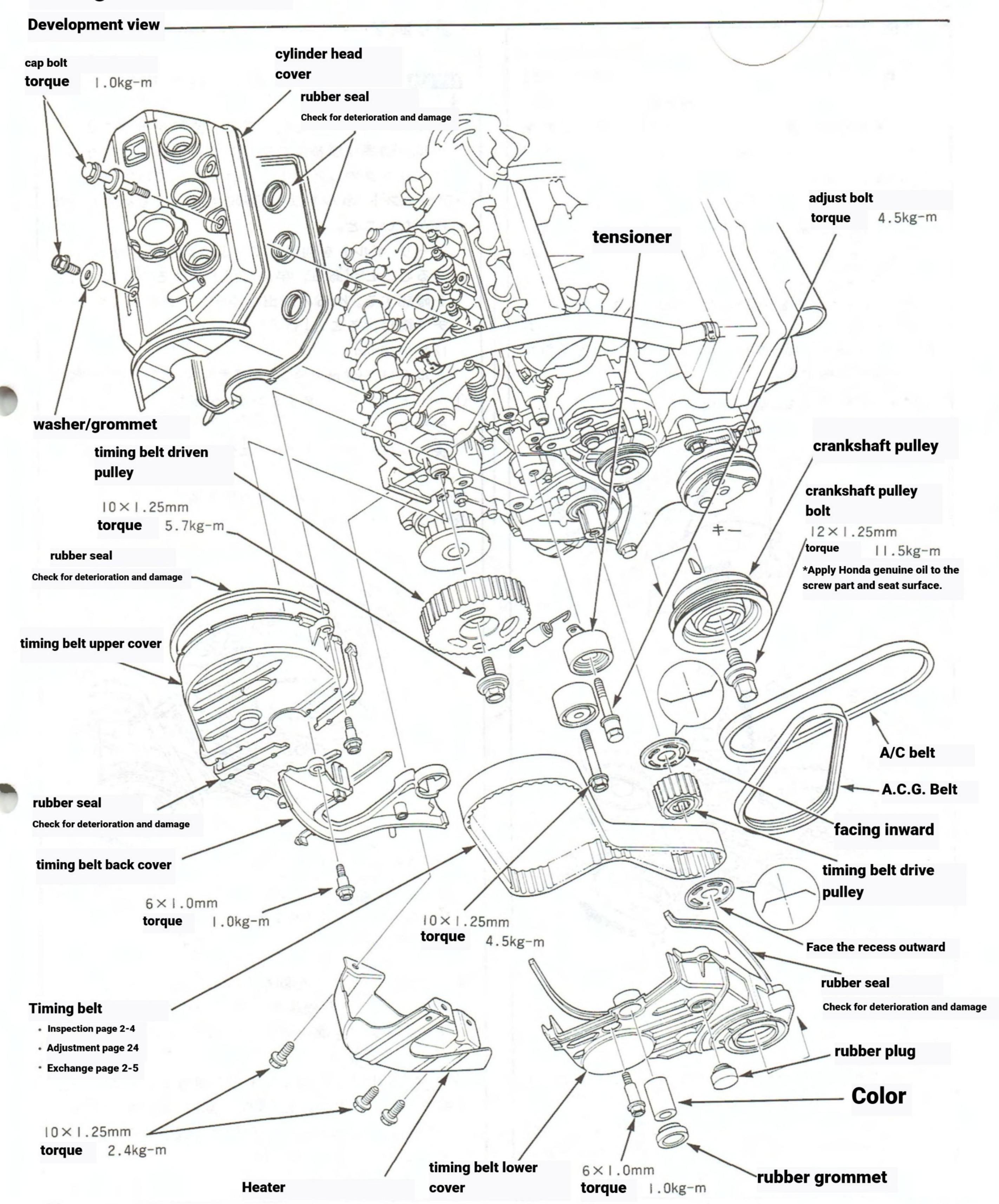
Torque: Tighten with the specified torque

### **Abbreviations**

Abbreviations	
connecting rod	connecting rod
torque	tightening torque
A.C.G.	A.C. Generator
A/C	air conditioner
Assy.	assembly
ATT.	attachment
EACV	electronic air control valve
EX	Exhaust
IN	intake
L.	left
PGR-FI	Programmed fuel injection
R.	right
SW	switch

Specialized tool	2-2
Development view	2-3
inspection	2-4
tension adjustment	
exchange ····································	2-5
valve timing adjustment	2-6
A.C.G. Check, adjust and	2-7
Check and adjust the amount of deflection of the A/C belt	2-8

0.	tool number	Tool name		remarks
D.	07JAB-0010000	crank pulley holder set		
)-1	07JAA-0010100	socket wrench 17mm		
)-2	07JAB-0010200	handle		
2	07JAB-0010400	Pulley holder attachment HEX 50mm		
				0
			①-2	
	1 1		ATECO IL FORTH	
		2		



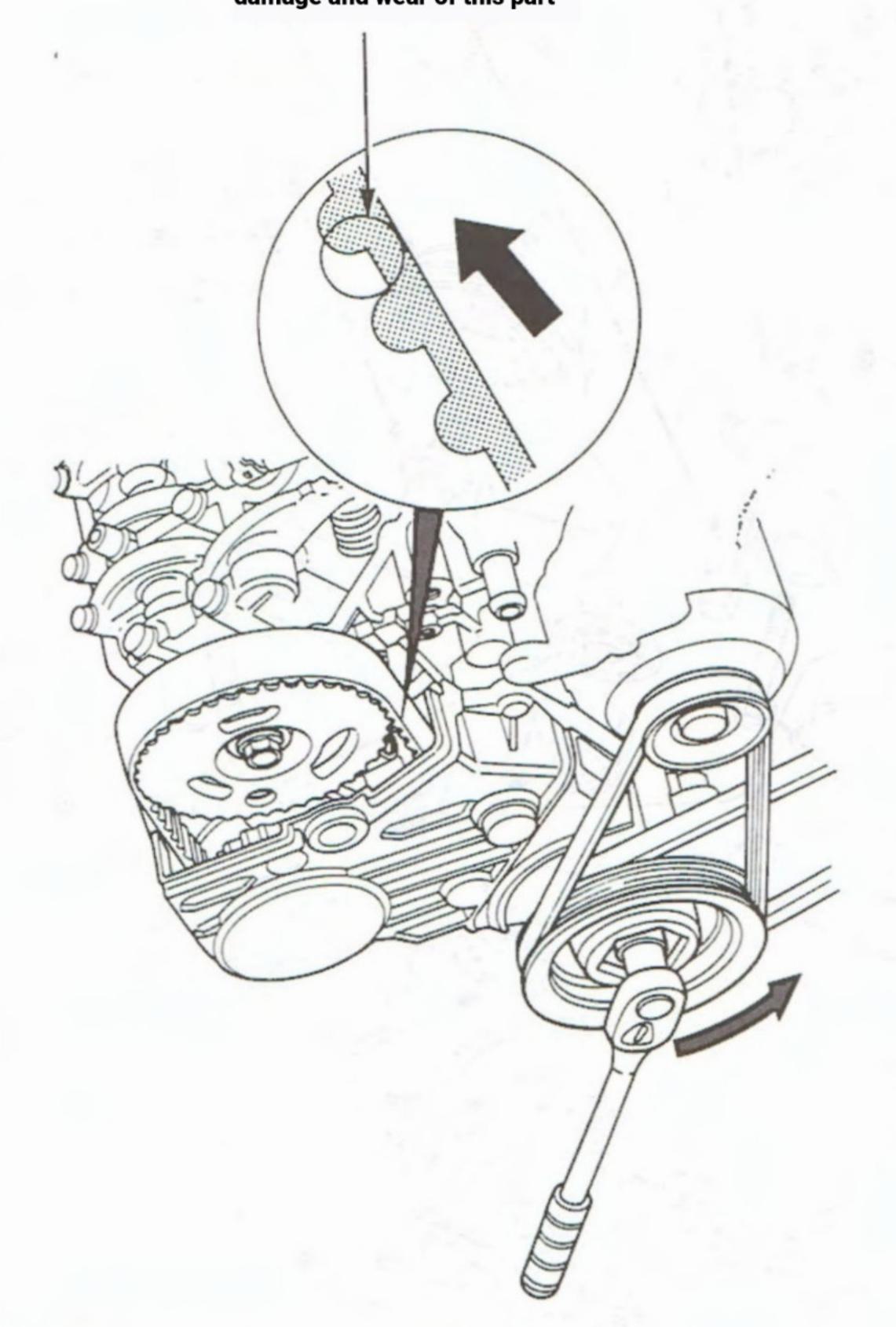
\_inspection

CAUTION The pulley bolt has a right-hand thread. When inspecting, use the bolt as shown in the illustration and rotate it counterclockwise, so it may become loose. Finally, check that the bolt is not loose. must be tightened with a torque wrench.

12×1.25mm

torque ||.5kg-m

- Remove the head cover and timing belt. Upper cover
  - \*Be careful not to allow engine oil to adhere to the belt.
- ②Inspect the entire belt for damage, wear, and adhesion of engine oil or other oils.
  - The inspection is performed while rotating the pulley.
    - Pay special attention to damage and wear of this part



- $^{ ext{3}}$ Replace the timing belt if it is damaged or worn.
- ④If oil such as engine oil is found to adhere to the belt, replace the belt after cleaning areas other than the belt.

tension adjustment

Note

Adjustments should be made when the engine is cold (38°C or less).

motive

- Check before adjusting the belt tension.
- The belt tension is adjusted automatically by the spring, so do not apply any force other than inside the spring.
- Do not remove the adjustment bolt, just loosen it by 1/6 turn (60°).
- Since the pulley bolt is used and turned counterclockwise, it may loosen.

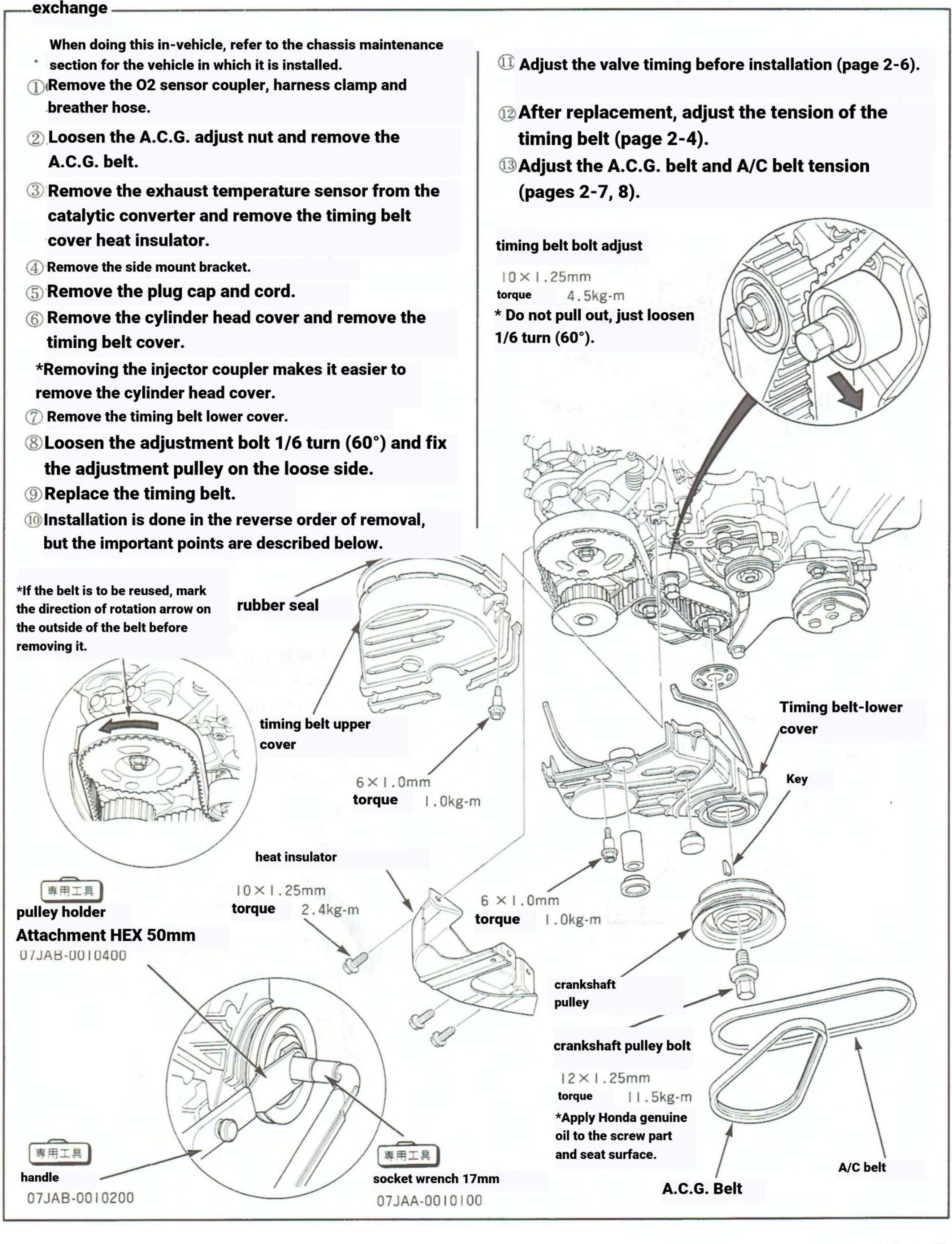
12×1.25mm

torque ||.5kg-m

- ①Remove the head cover and timing belt upper cover.
  - \* Be careful not to let engine oil adhere to the belt.
- ② Set No.1 cylinder to compression top dead center.
- (3) Loosen the adjustment bolt.

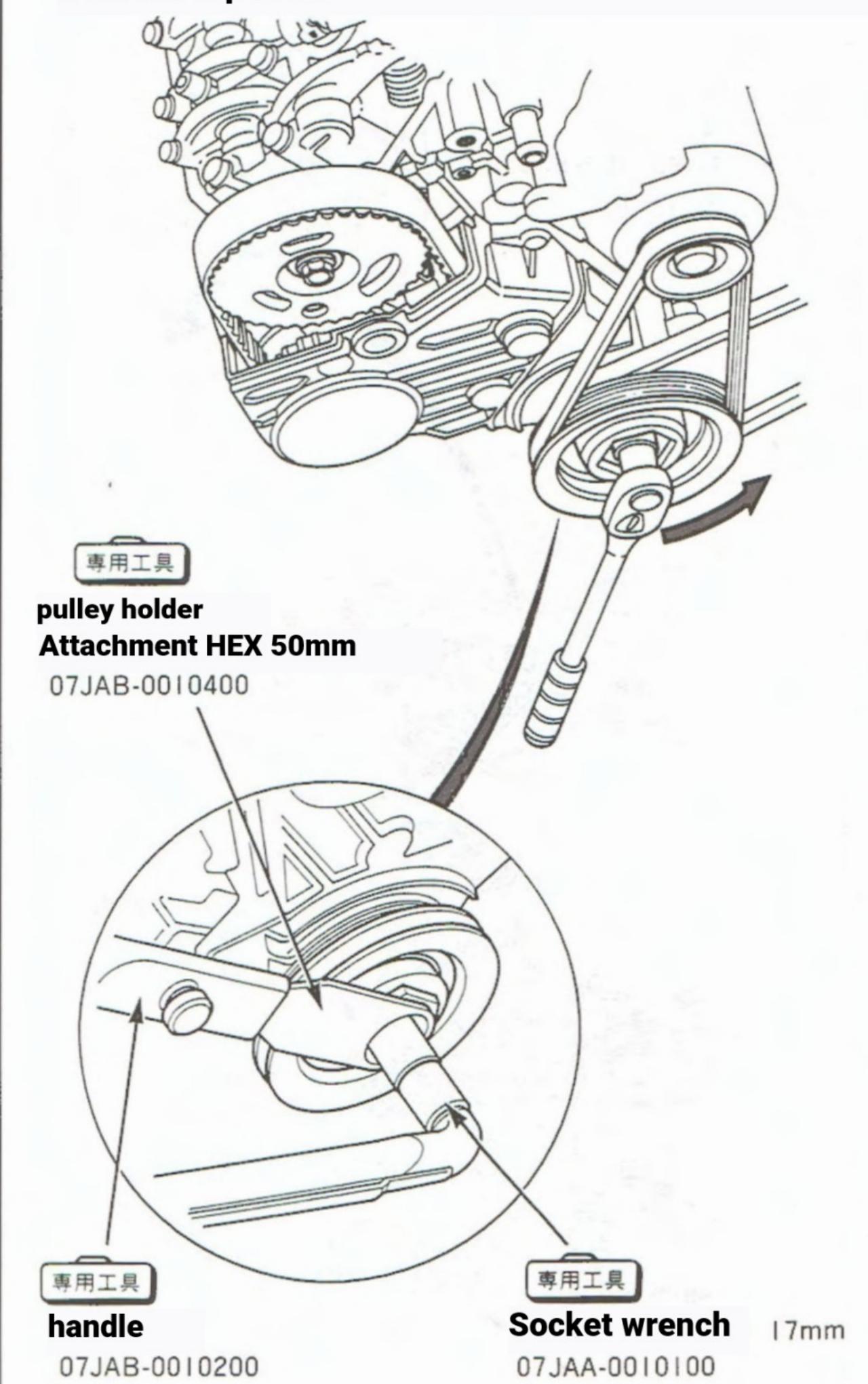


- Turn the crankshaft five times in the direction of rotation (align the punch mark with the upper surface of the cylinder head) by the number of teeth of the timing belt driven pulley and stop.
- CAUTION Do not rotate the cylinder in the reverse direction even if it has been turned more than 5 threads.
- Tighten the adjustment bolt.



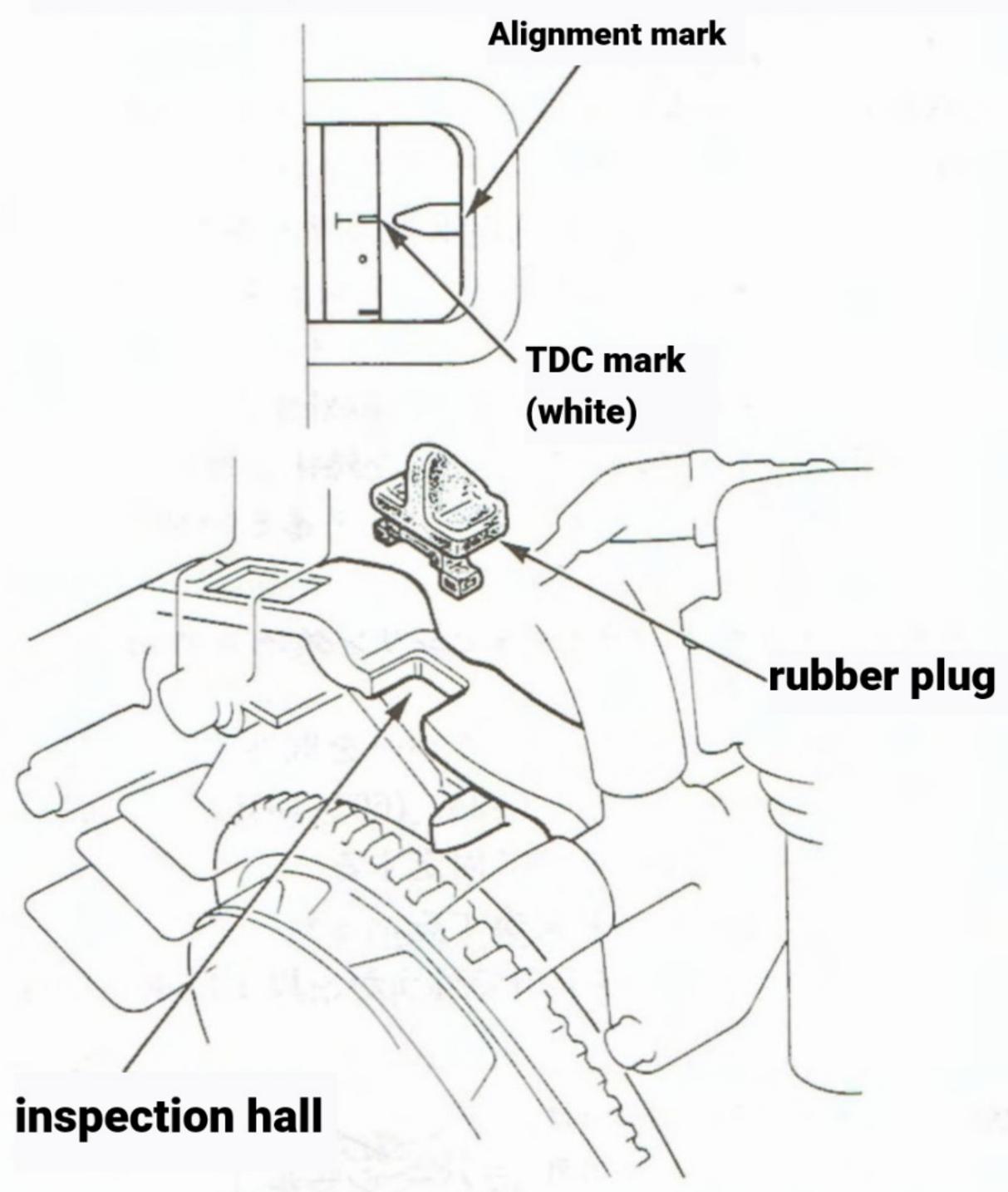
## valve timing adjustment

- ① Remove the cylinder head cover.
- 2 Remove the timing belt upper cover.
- ③Rotate the crankshaft and align the TDC mark on the flywheel with the alignment mark.
- \* The inspection hole is located at the joint with the transmission case. Remove the rubber plug and peek from the top to fit.

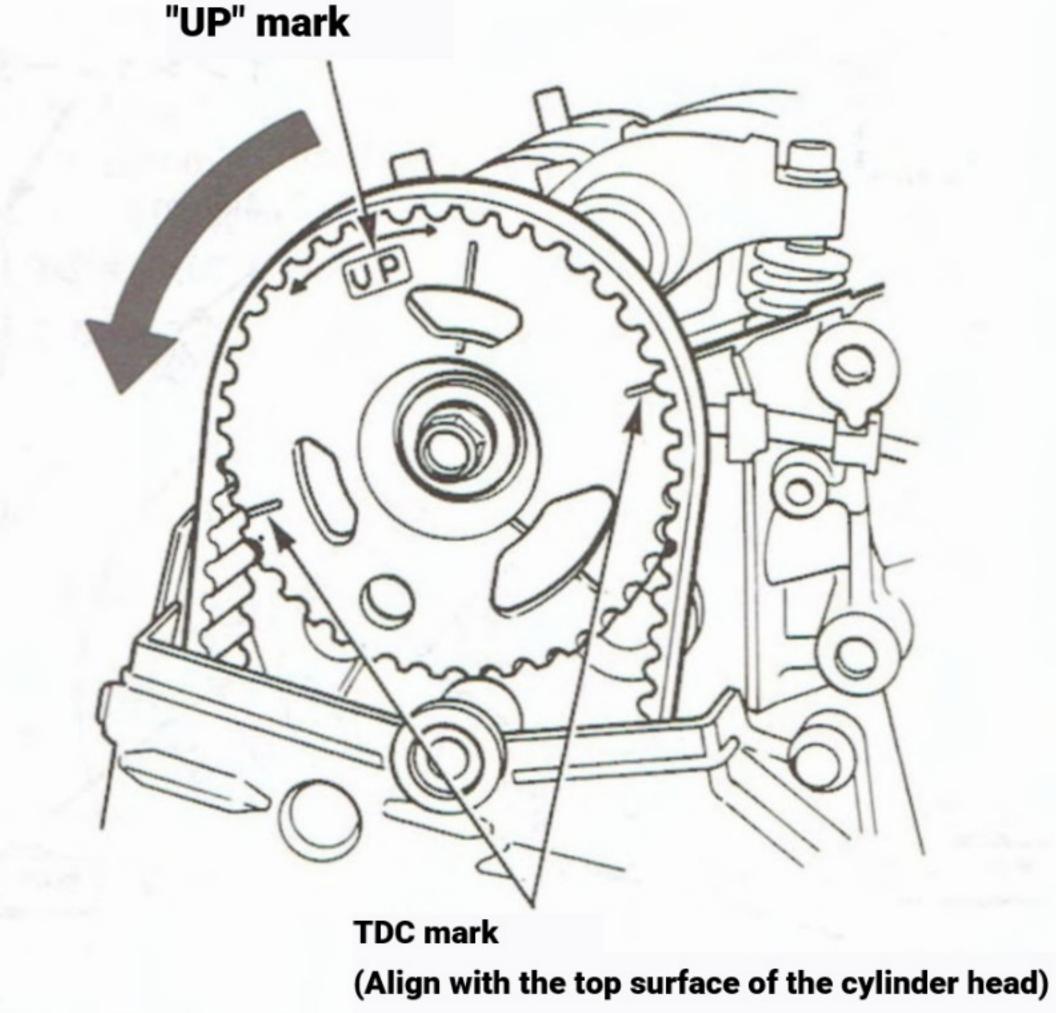


CAUTION The pulley bolt has a right-hand thread. When inspecting, use the bolt as shown in the illustration and rotate it counterclockwise, so it may loosen. Finally, check that the bolt is not loose., Tighten with a torque wrench using the special tool pulley holder.

12×1.25mm torque 11.5kg-m No.1 Crankshaft position at cylinder compression top dead center <flywheel>



- 4 Check that the timing belt pulley is at top dead center.
- (5) If the position of the timing belt driven pulley is not aligned with the top dead center position, remove the timing belt, align the pulleys as shown in the figure below, and install the timing belt.
  - . For details on installing and removing the timing belt, refer to Replacement on page 25.



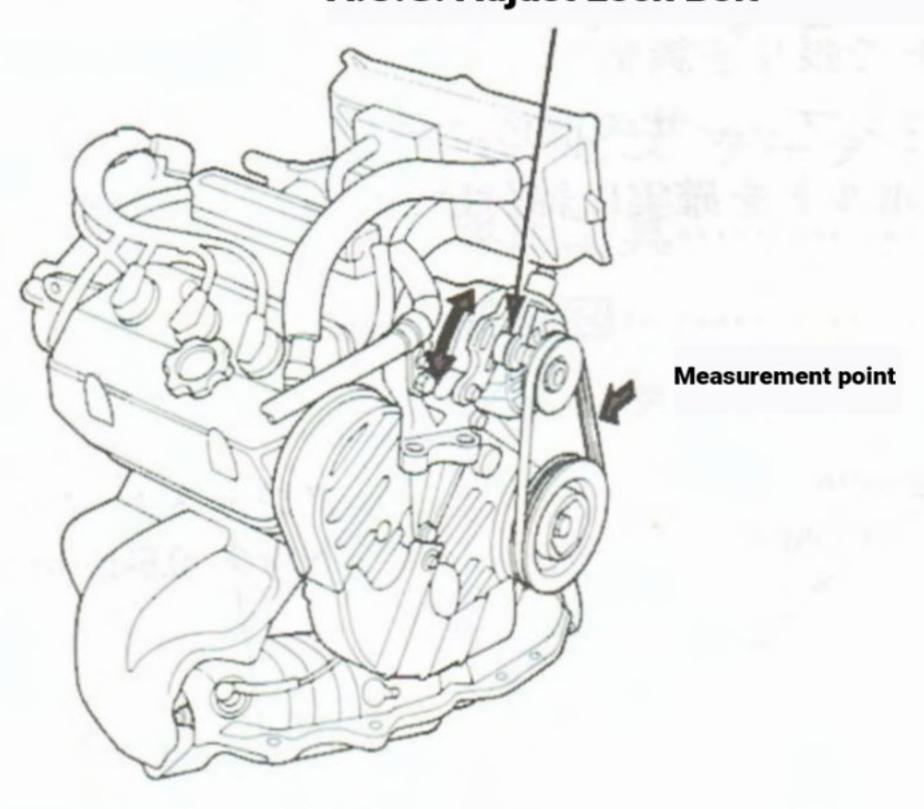
### Deflection check and adjustment

- \* This is the standard value at the time of inspection. When replacing with a new product, after adjusting the initial tension, run the engine for about 5 minutes and check again to confirm that the standard value is met.
- ①A.C.G. Check belt tension.

## Deflection Standard value: 6.5-8.0 (at inspection)

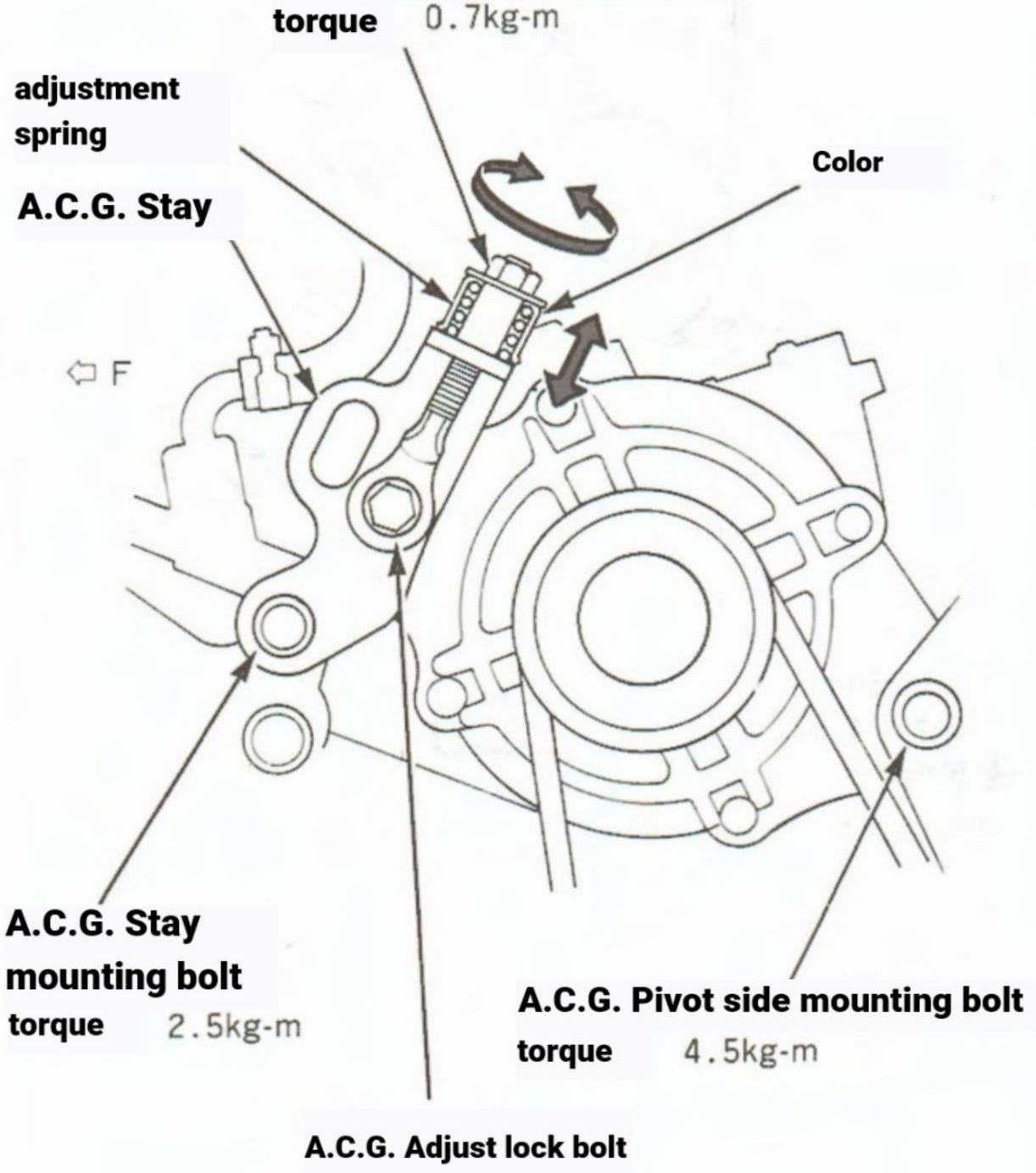
\* As shown in the figure, measure the deflection of the belt when the center between the pulleys is pressed with a force of about 10kg.

A.C.G. Adjust Lock Bolt



2 Adjustments are made if the values are outside the standard values.

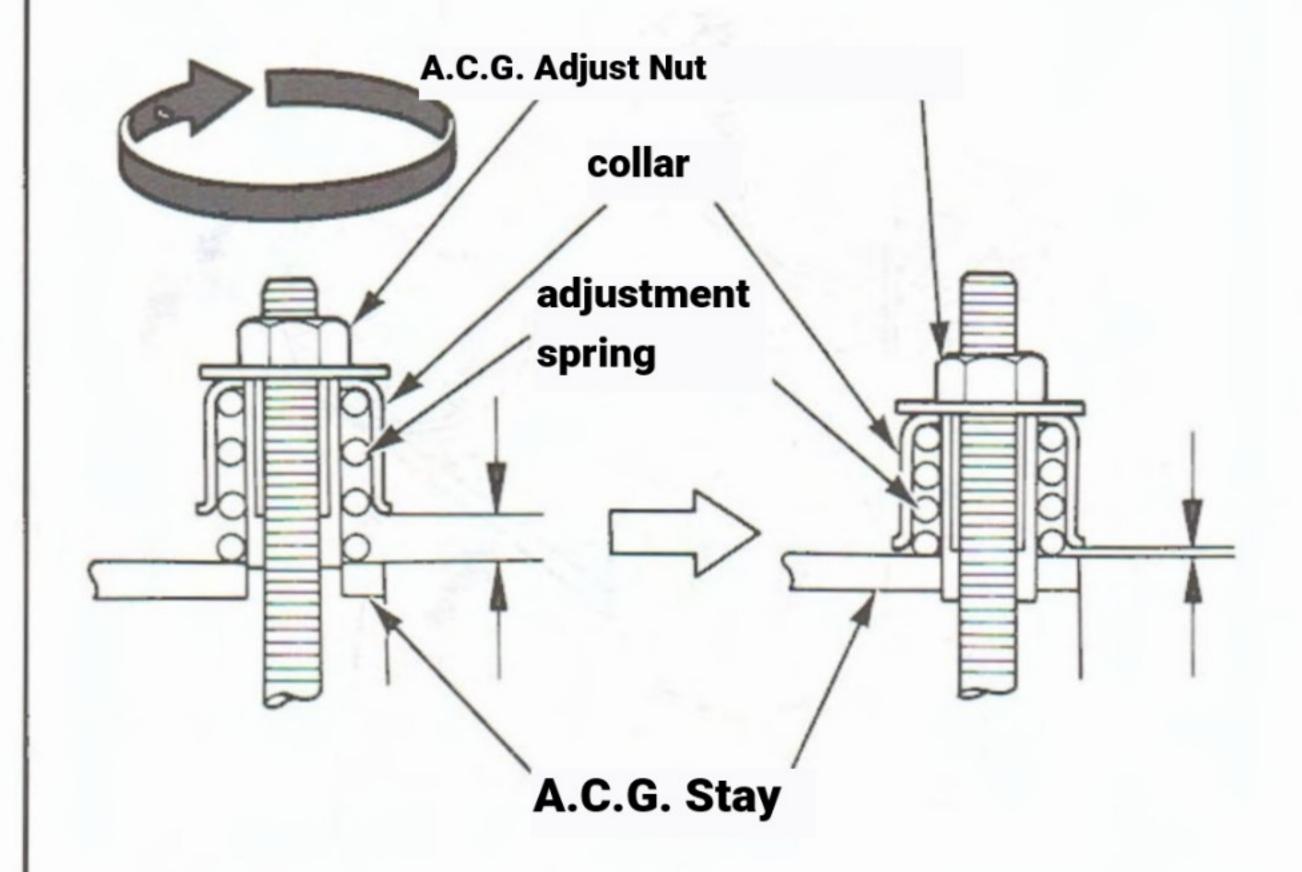
# A.C.G. Adjust Nut



torque 2.5kg-m

CAUTION The A.C.G. belt uses a spring tension adjustment method, so it is not checked with a belt tension gauge.

- 3 Loosen the A.C.G. pivot side mounting bolt, A.C.G. stay mounting bolt, and A.C.G. adjustment lock bolt by about 1/4 turn (90°).
- \*Be careful not to loosen it too much, otherwise you will not be able to make an accurate adjustment.
- Tighten the A.C.G. adjust nut, and adjust so that the clearance between the bottom surface of the collar and the seat surface of the stay is the standard value as shown in the figure below.



Clearance Reference value : | .0mm

- ⑤Tighten the A.C.G. adjust lock bolt, A.C.G. stay mounting bolt, and A.C.G. pivot side mounting bolt in order to the specified torque.
- 6 Check the clearance again (readjust if it is outside the standard value).
- A.C.G. Tighten the adjustment nut to the specified torque.
- \*By tightening the A.C.G. adjusting nut, the gap between the collar and stay is eliminated (prevents loosening of the adjusting nut).

torque 0.7kg-m

® Recheck the belt tension.

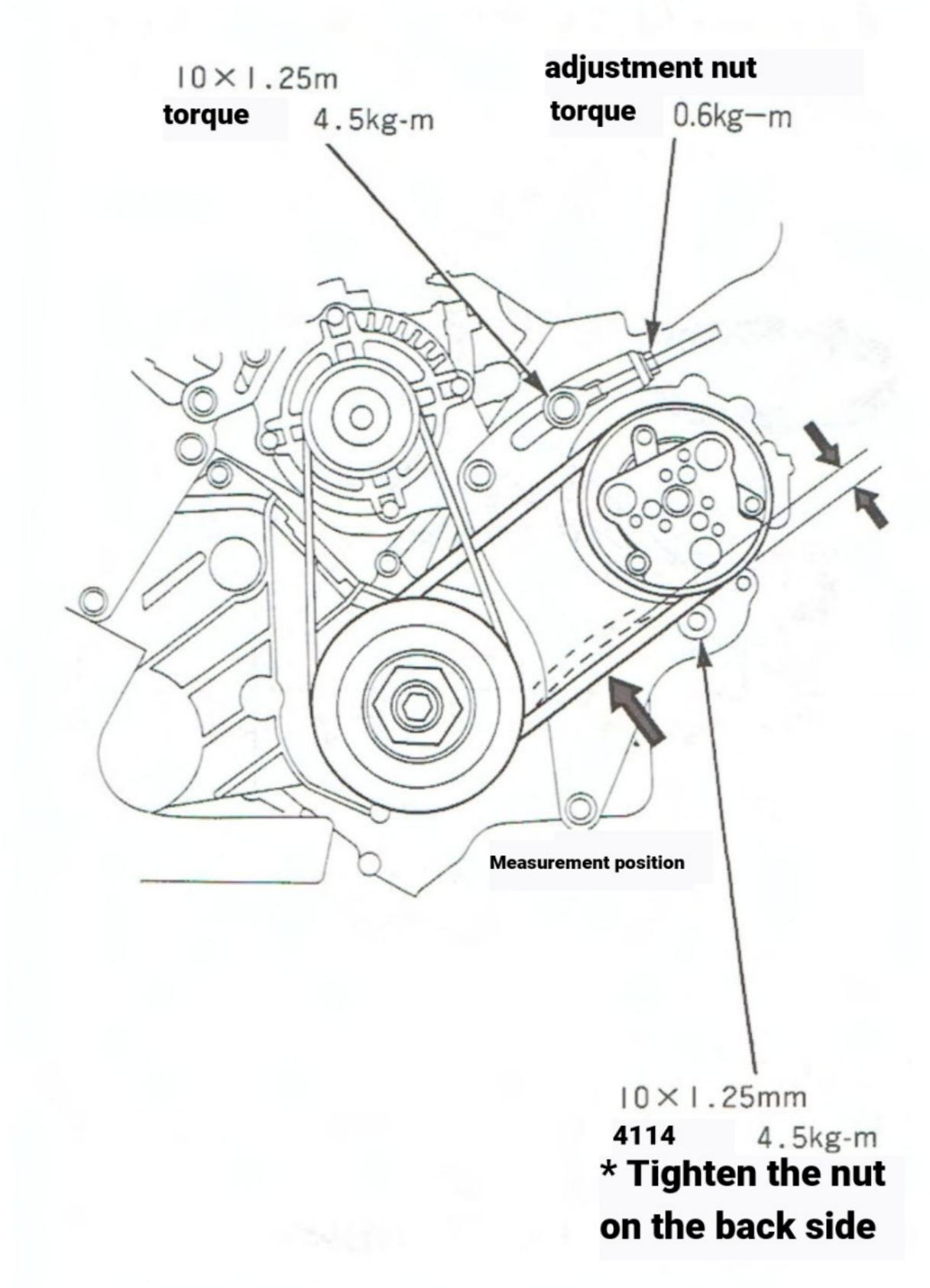
#### Deflection check and adjustment

The inspection is performed after removing the splash shield.

#### ① Check A/C belt tension

Amount of deflection:  $6.5 - 8.0 \text{mm}^{\text{(During inspection)}}$ 4.5 - 5.5 mm (when new)

\* As shown in the figure, measure the deflection of the belt when the center between the pulleys is pressed with a force of about 10kg.



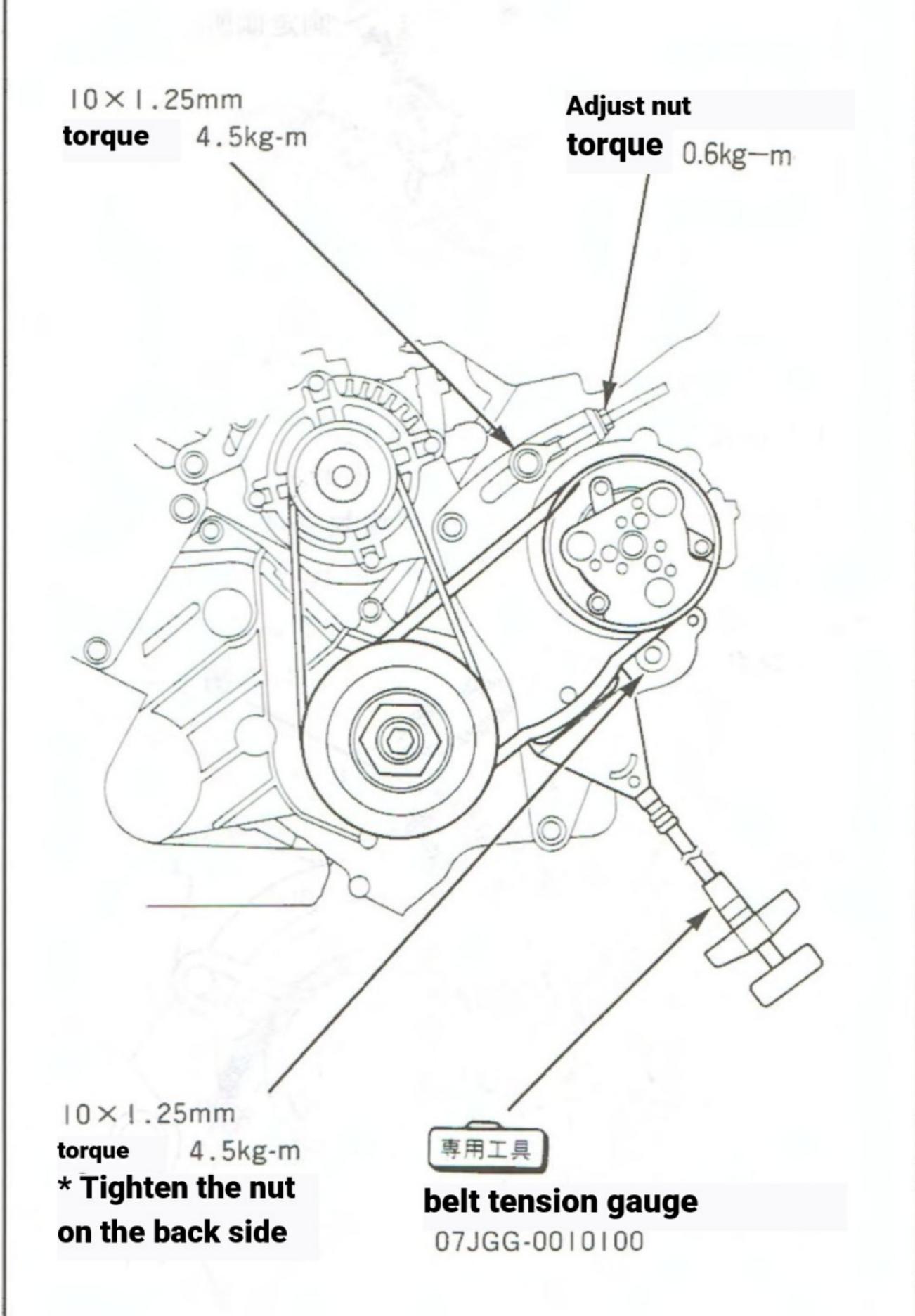
#### Inspection method with belt tension gauge

Tension reference value : 32 — 45kg (During inspection) 55 - 70 kg (when new)

Install the belt tension gauge as shown in the figure and measure the tension.

\*Refer to the instruction manual for how to use the gauge.

- ① If the value is outside the standard values, loosen the A/C compressor mounting bolts/nuts and mounting bolts, and adjust the tension with the adjustment nut.
- ③ Securely tighten the A/C compressor mounting bolts/nuts and adjustment bolts, and recheck the belt tension.



# cylinder head, valve train

Service data		2
Specialized tool ······	3-	3
Development view	3-	4
cylinder head	Removal ····· 3-	6
	inspection ····· 3-	17
	Mounting 3-	21
Intake manifold	exchange · · · · · · 3-	7
exhaust manifold	exchange 3-	8
timing belt driven pulley	Removal 3-	9
	Mounting 3-	20
camshaft	inspection · · · · · · 3-	12
	Mounting 3-	19
Rocker arm assy	Removal 3-	9
	Disassembly · · · · · · 3-	10
	inspection · · · · · · · · 3-	11
	Mounting ······ 3-	19
valve spring, valve	Removal ····· 3-	14
	inspection ······ 3-	14
	Mounting 3-	18
valve seat	fix 3-	15
Valve guide, valve stem cle	arance check 3-	16
	exchange ······ 3-	16
	reaming 3-	17
camshaft oil seal	Mounting 3-	19
valve clearance	adjustment · · · · · · · · 3-	22

#### Unit: mm unless otherwise stated.

Part name	item		Standard value	limit value
compression	pressure (kg/cm²)		14.0-250	9.5-250
cylinder	Distortion between cylinder head and cylinder block mating	surface		0.05
	height		94.25-94.35	_
	Axial backlash		0.05-0.15	0.50
	oil clearance	oil clearance		0.15
camshaft	shake	75	0.015	0.03
	cam height	IN	35.733	
	Calli Helgiit	ΕX	34.568	
	Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.13-0.17	
			0.23-0.27	_
valve	Champ austan diamatan	IN	5.48-5.49	5.45
vaive	Stem outer diameter E		5.45-5.46	5.42
	Clearance between stem and quide	IN	0.02-0.05	0.08
	Clearance between stem and guide		0.05-0.08	0.11
	Sheet finish width E		0.85-1.15	1.60
volve eest			1.05-1.35	1.80
valve seat	Cinking of value cost (manusting beinkt)		45.76-46.24	46.49
	Sinking of valve seat (mounting height)	EX	43.26-43.74	43.99
valve spring	free length	IN	45.07	
vaive spring	nee length	ΕX	46.84	
valve guide	valve guide inner diameter I N,	E X Both	5.51-5.53	5.55
rooker erm	Clearance between rocker arm and rocker	IN	0.017-0.050	0.08
rocker arm	arm shaft	EX	0.018-0.054	0.08

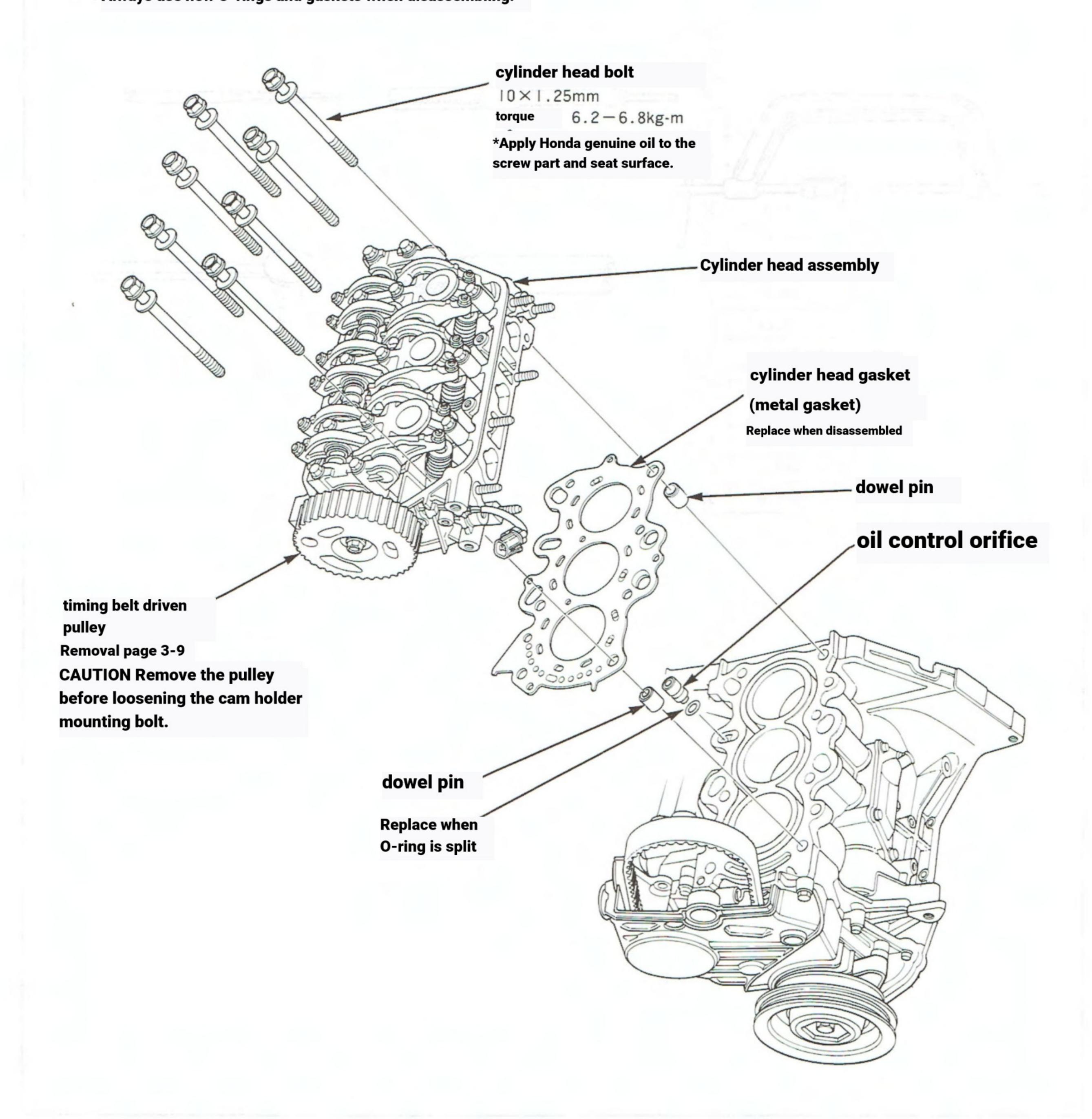
STED OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

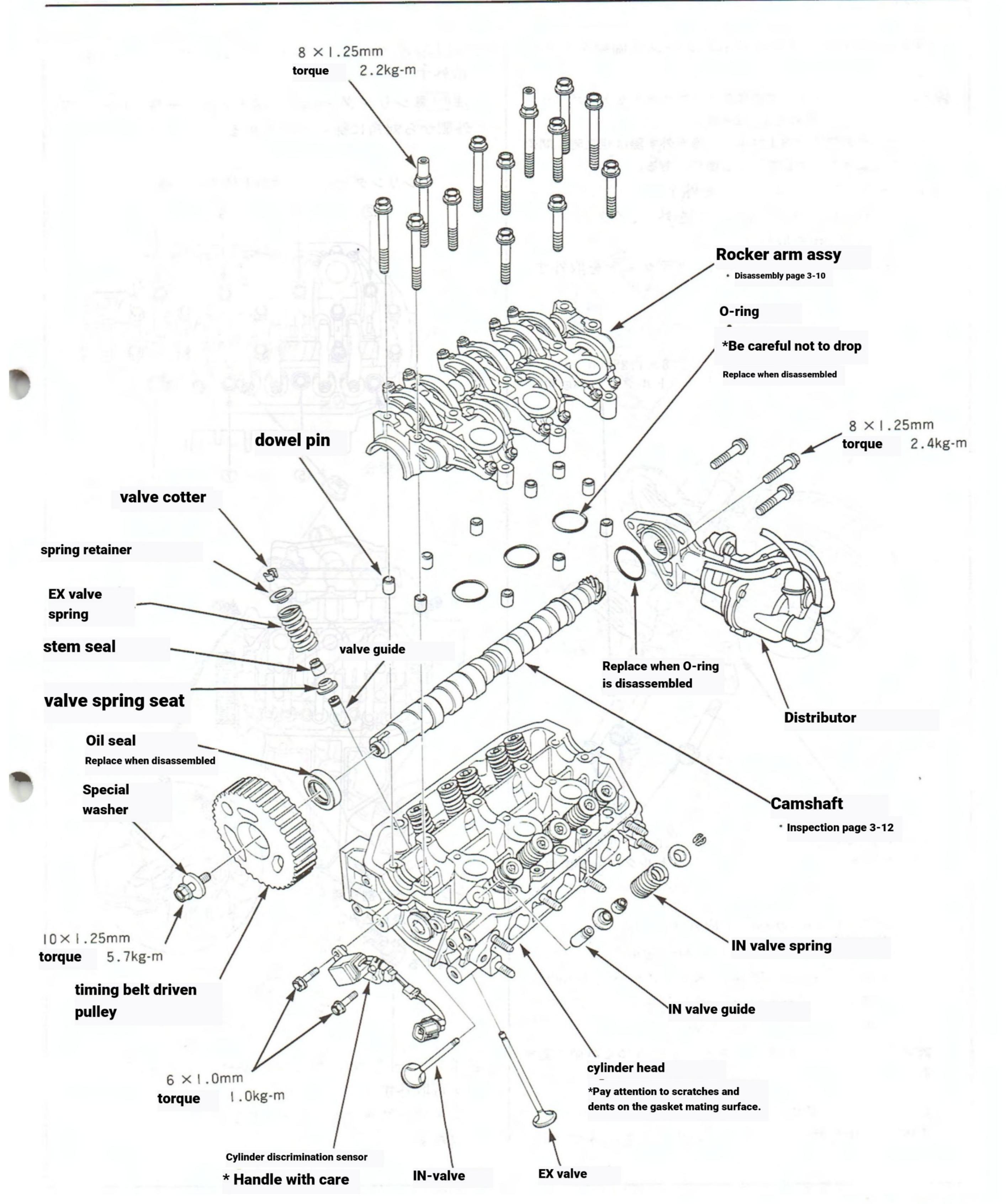
# Specialized tool

Vo.	tool number	Equipment name			remarks
1	07757-0010000	valve spring compressor			
2	07742-0010100	Valve guide driver 5.5mm			
3	07HAD-PJ70200	valve stem installer		4-1-43-34	
4	07HAH—PJ70100	Valve stelli ilistalle: Valve guide reamer 5.5mm		COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	
5	07JAA-PN40100	tappet adjustment wrench			
		PARTIE OF LEGISLANDS			
			Ji Jansmun	ww)	
			2		4)
-					
	1				
			**************************************		
			3	4	(5)
					,

### Note

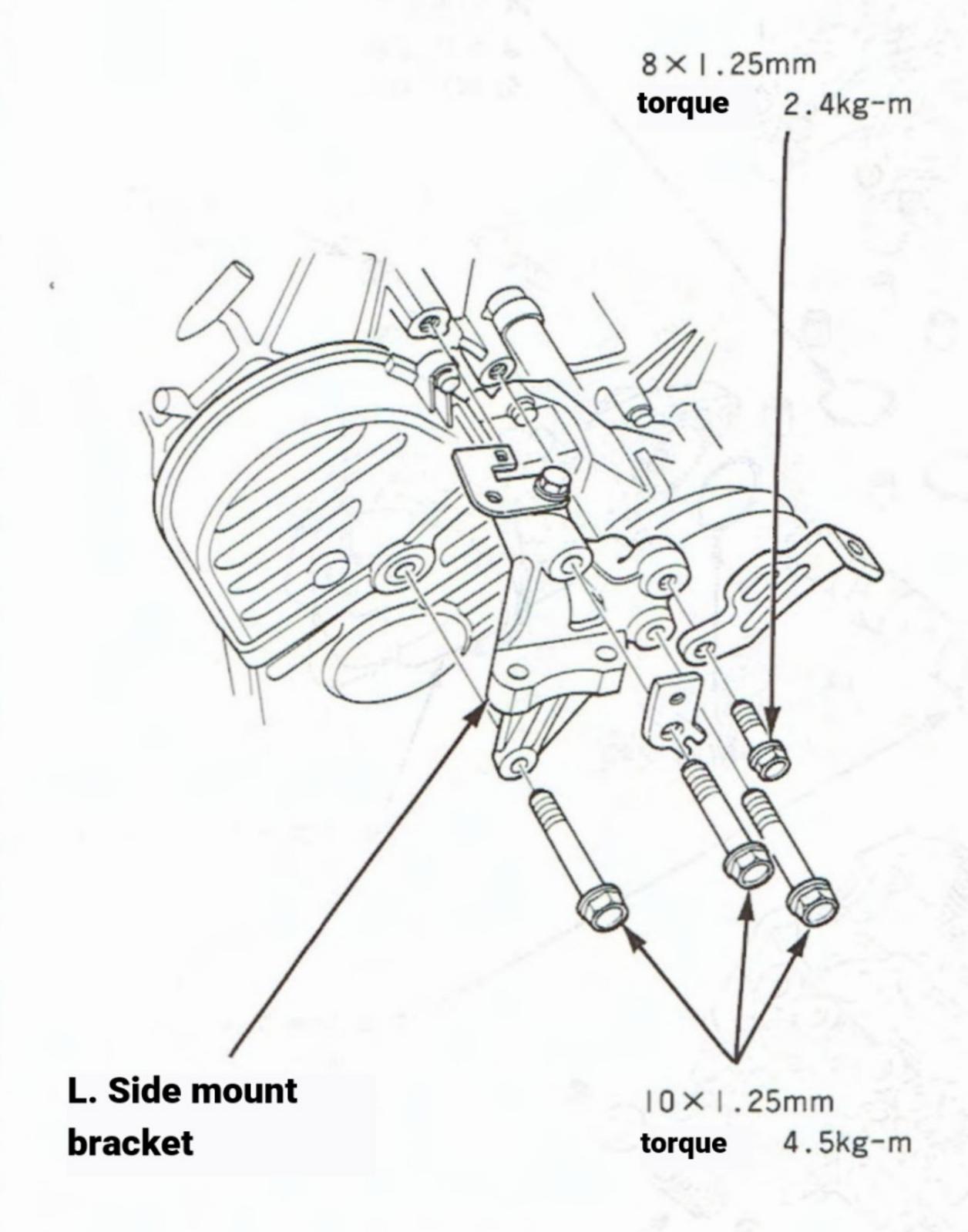
- Be sure to remove the cylinder head when the engine is cool to avoid distortion due to heat.
- Since a metal gasket is used, handle it carefully so as not to bend it.
- Be careful not to scratch or dent the mating surfaces of the cylinder and cylinder head gaskets.
- Before removing the cylinder head, align No.1 cylinder to compression top dead center (page 2-6).
  - When removing the sensor wires and hoses, it is convenient to mark them so that they are not assembled incorrectly.
  - Always use new O-rings and gaskets when disassembling.





#### Removal

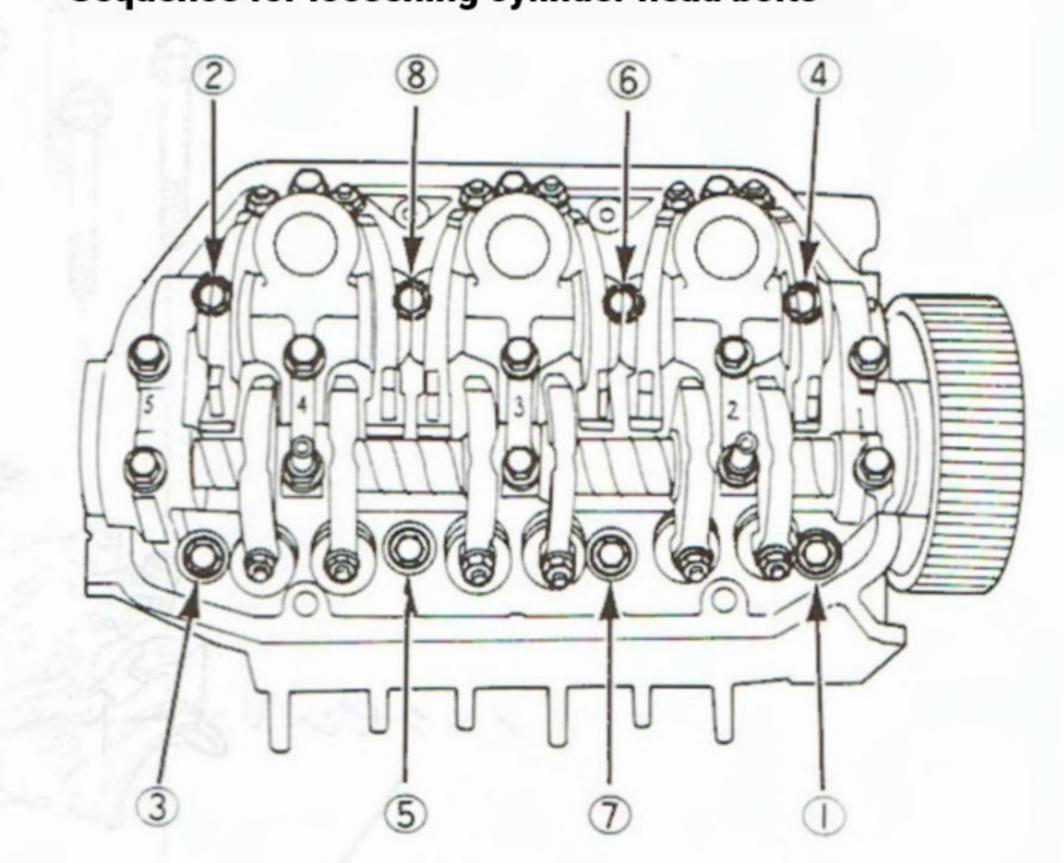
- If you are going to do it in-vehicle, please refer to the chassis maintenance section for the equipped vehicle.
- Align the slide wheel with the top dead center mark (T mark) before removing the cylinder head (page 2-6).
  - When removing wires and hoses for each sensor, it is convenient to mark them so that they are not mistaken during assembly.
- ① Remove the spark plug cap.
- ②Remove the distributor cap and remove the ignition.
  Code Assy
- (3) Remove the engine left side mount bracket.

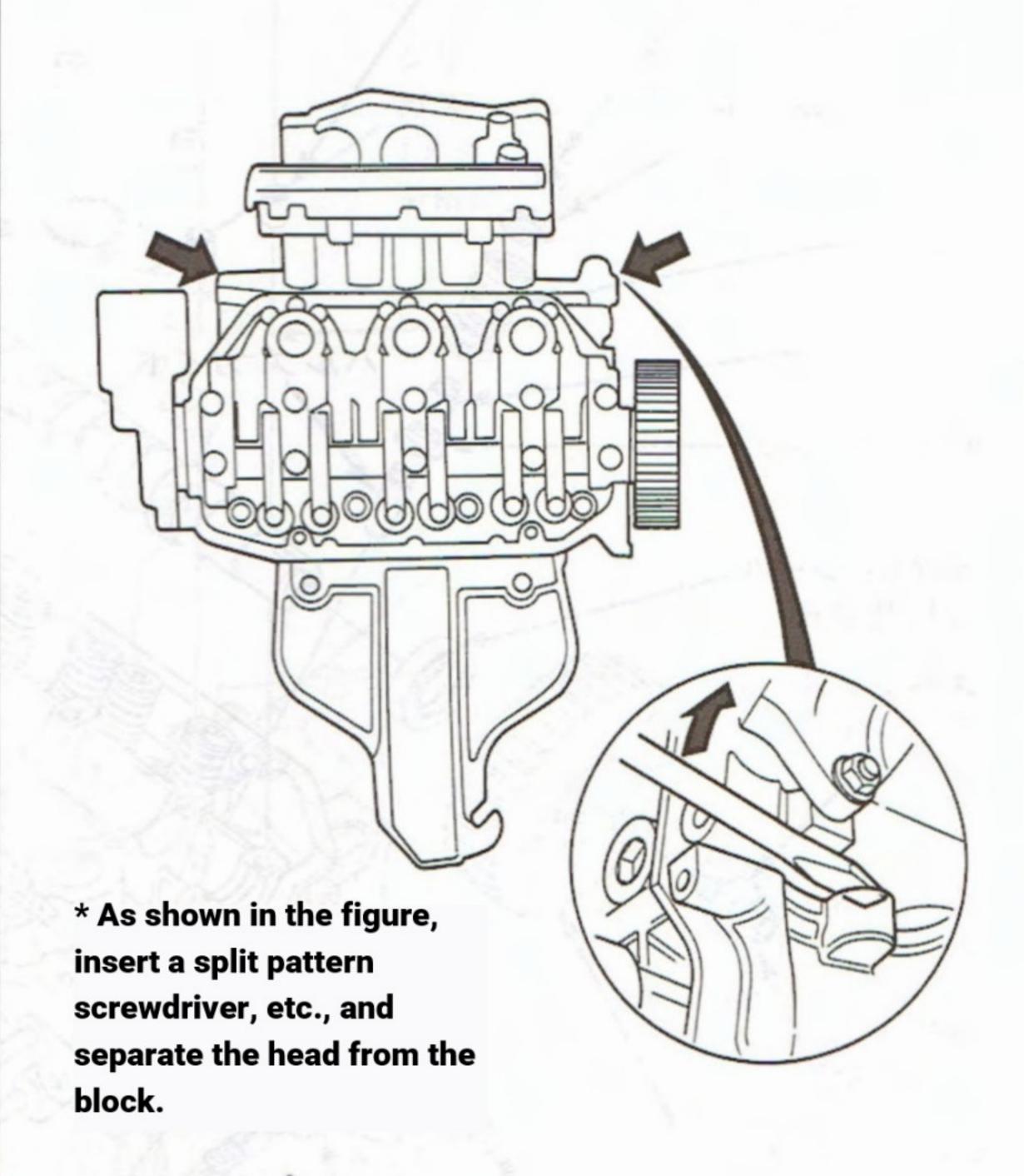


- 4 Remove the cylinder head cover.
- (5) Remove the timing belt upper cover.
- 6 Loosen the timing belt adjustment bolt 1/6 turn (60°) and remove the timing belt from the driven pulley.
- \*Fix the timing belt adjustment pulley on the slack side.
- (7) Remove the bypass hose from the IN manifold.
- (8) Remove the TW sensor and thermo unit coupler.

CAUTION Do not loosen the cylinder head bolts all at once, but gradually loosen them diagonally from the outside.

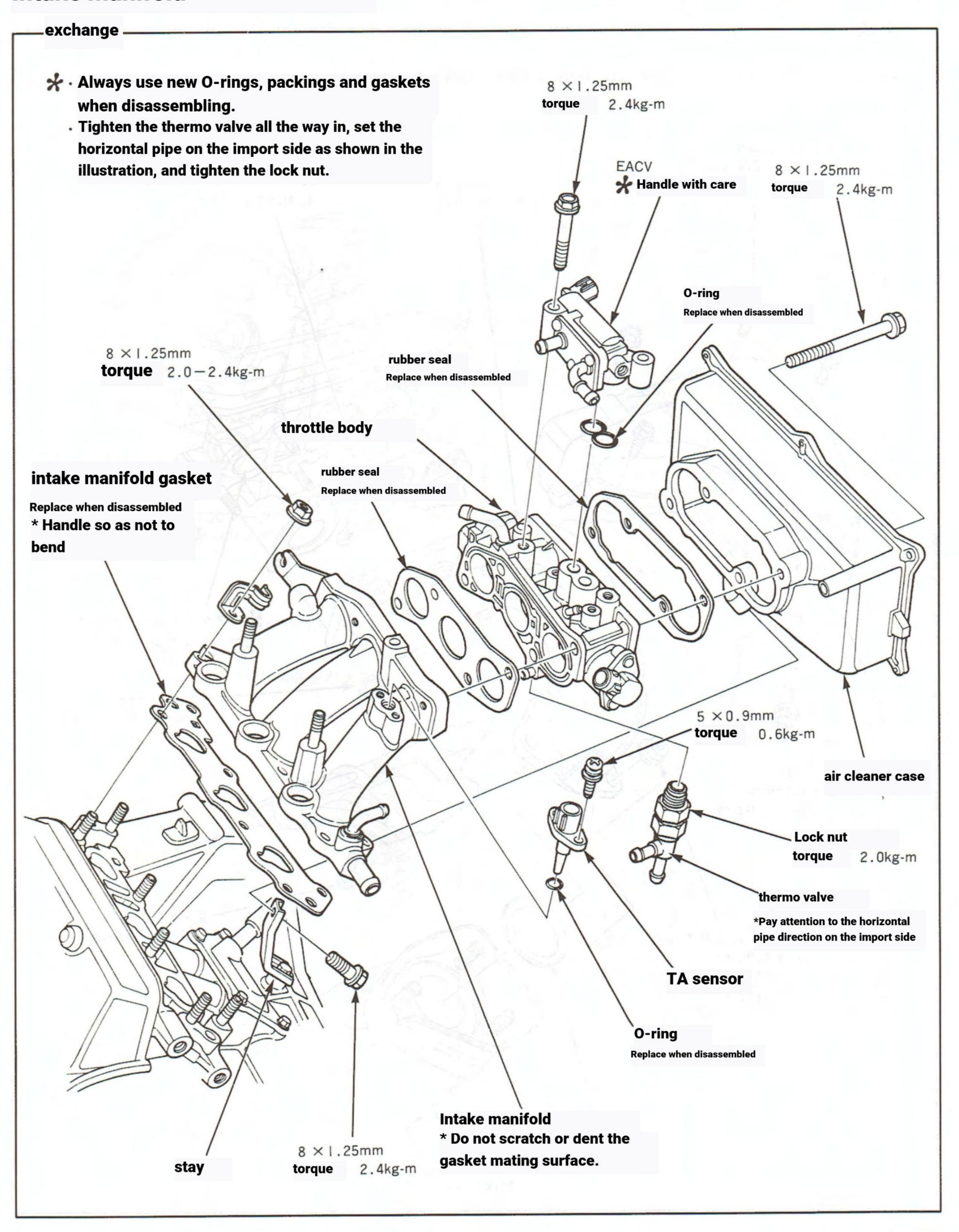
#### Sequence for loosening cylinder head bolts



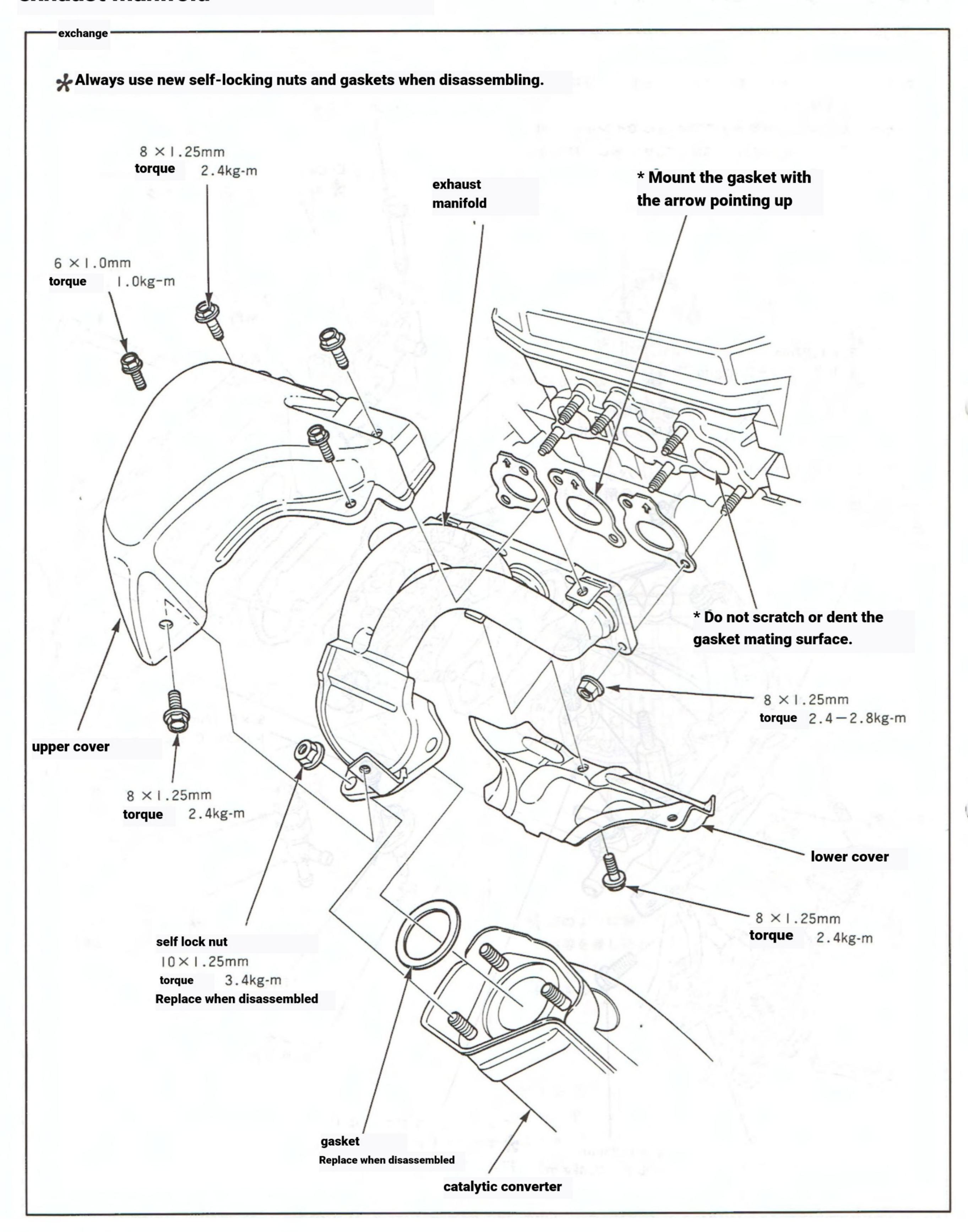


- Remove the intake manifold assembly from the cylinder head.
- (1) Remove the exhaust manifold from the cylinder head.

## Intake manifold



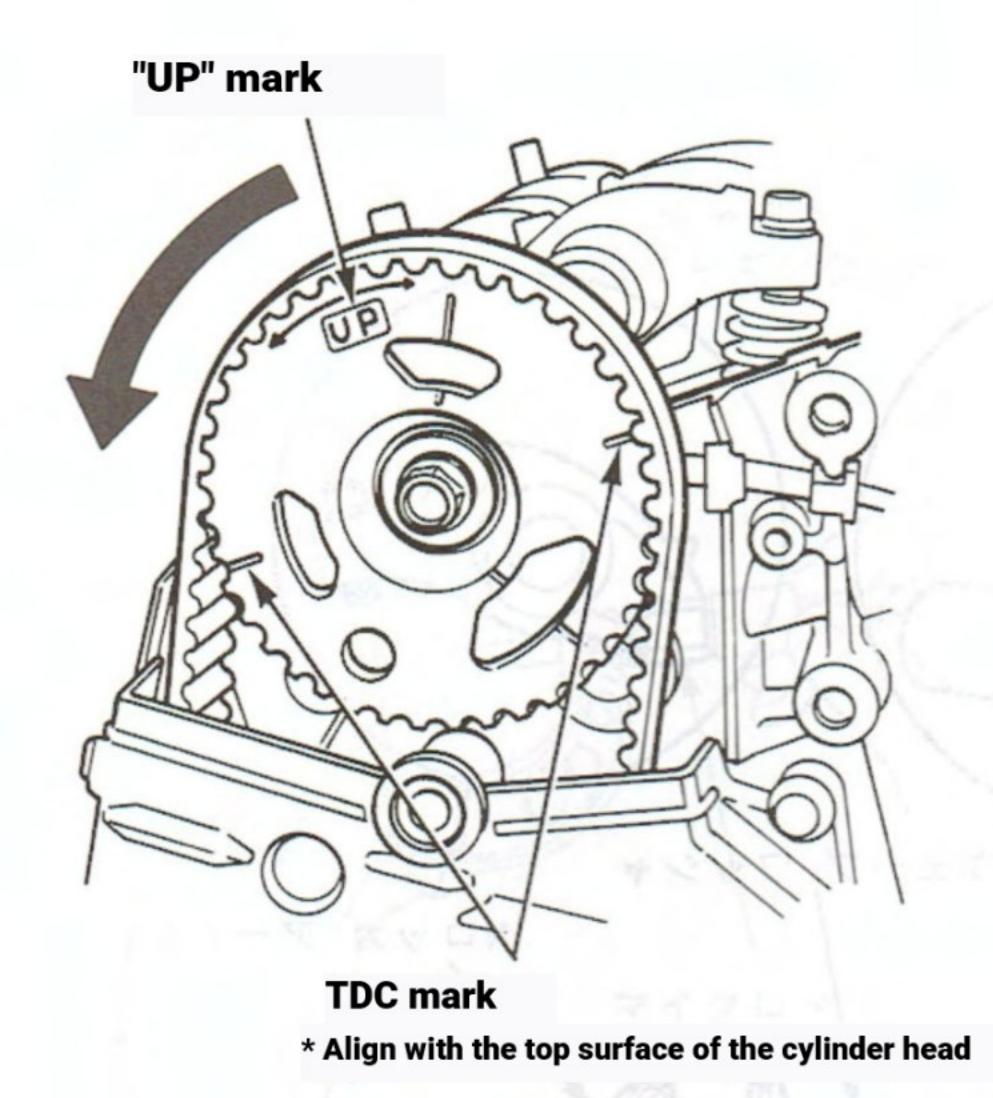
## exhaust manifold



# timing belt driven pulley

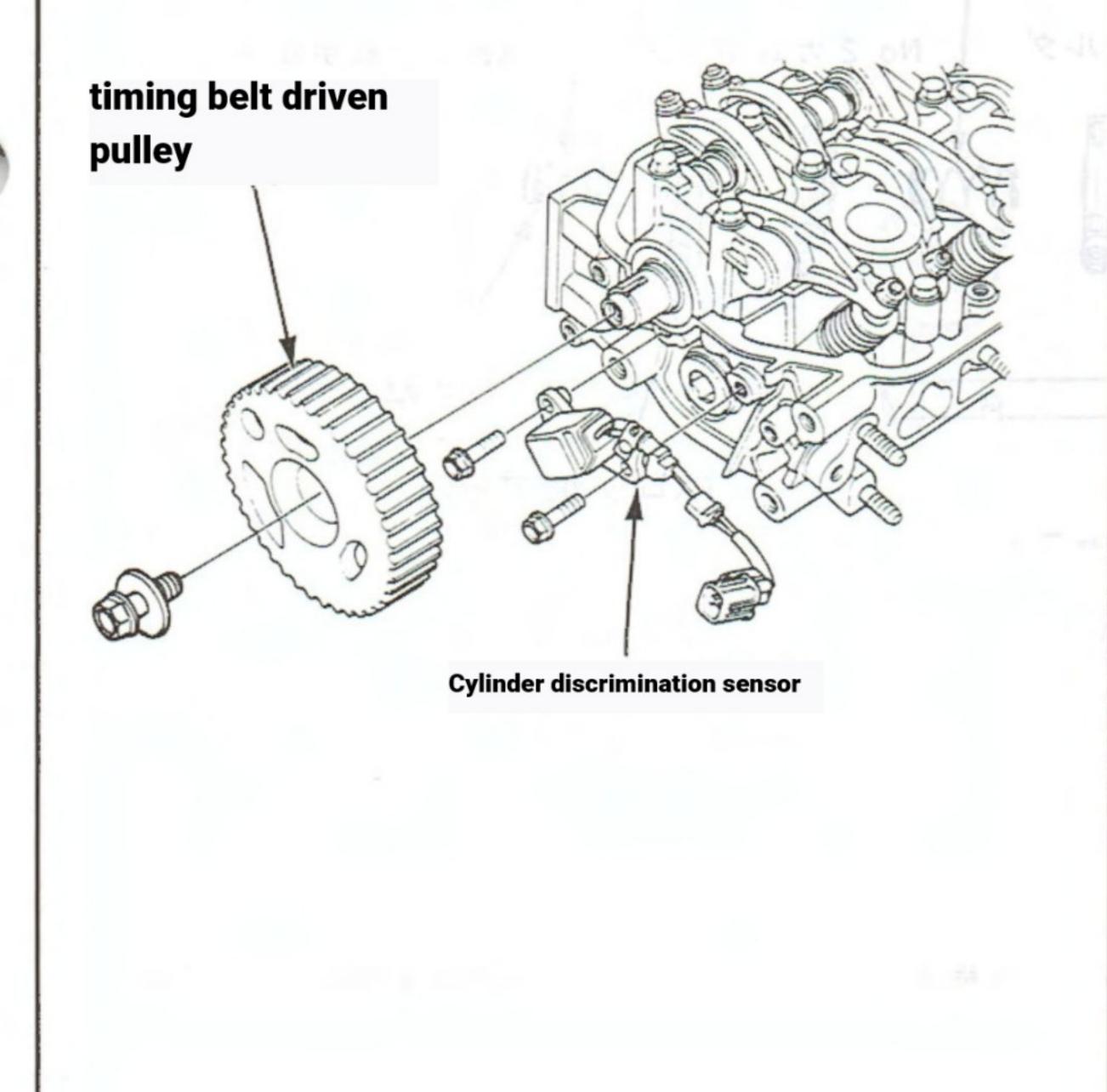
exchange •

\*Before removing the timing belt driven pulley, move No.1 cylinder to compression top dead center.



Remove the timing belt driven pulley and remove the cylinder discrimination sensor.

CAUTION Handle with care so as not to damage the cylinder discrimination sensor.



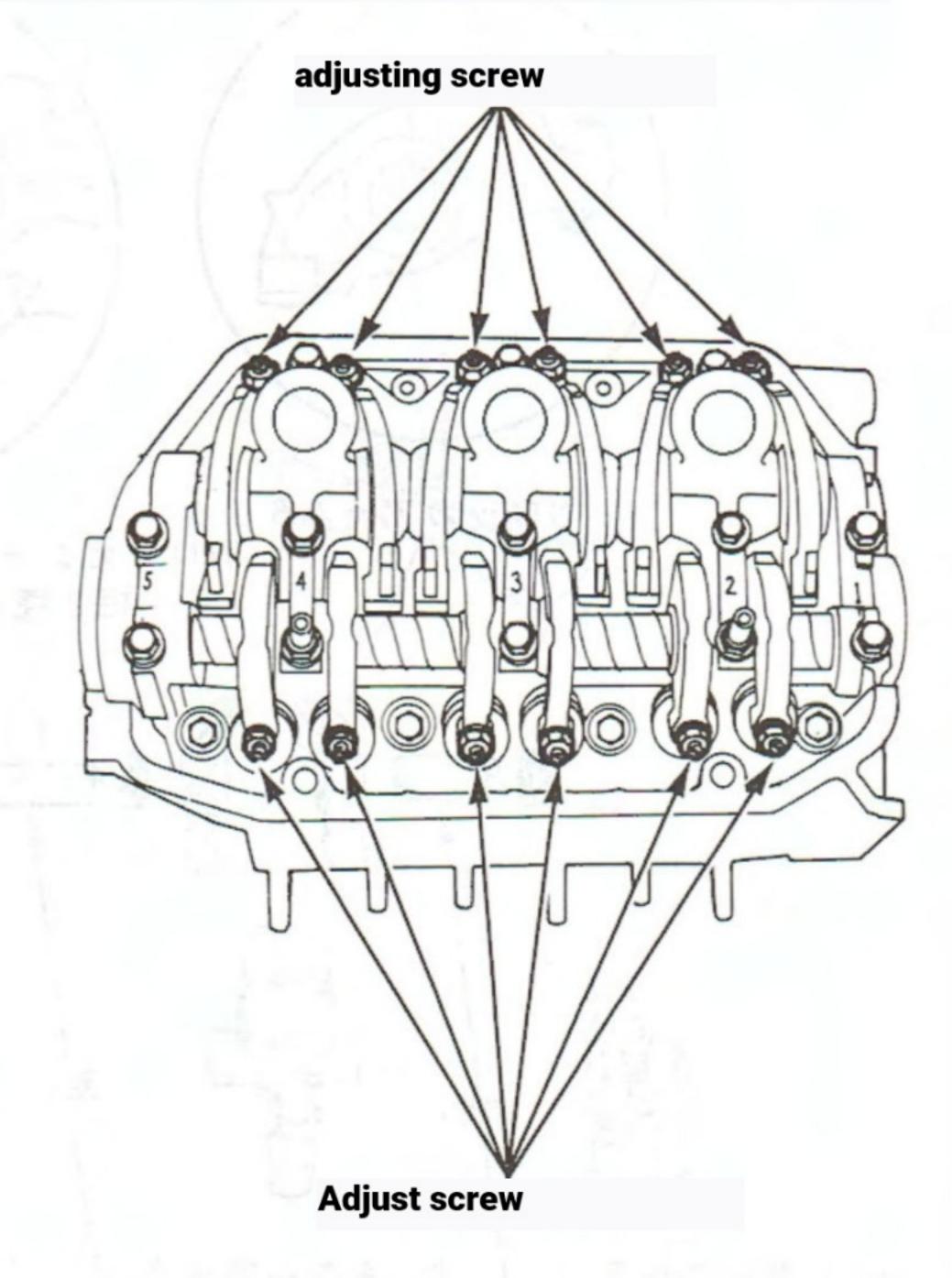
# Rocker arm assembly.

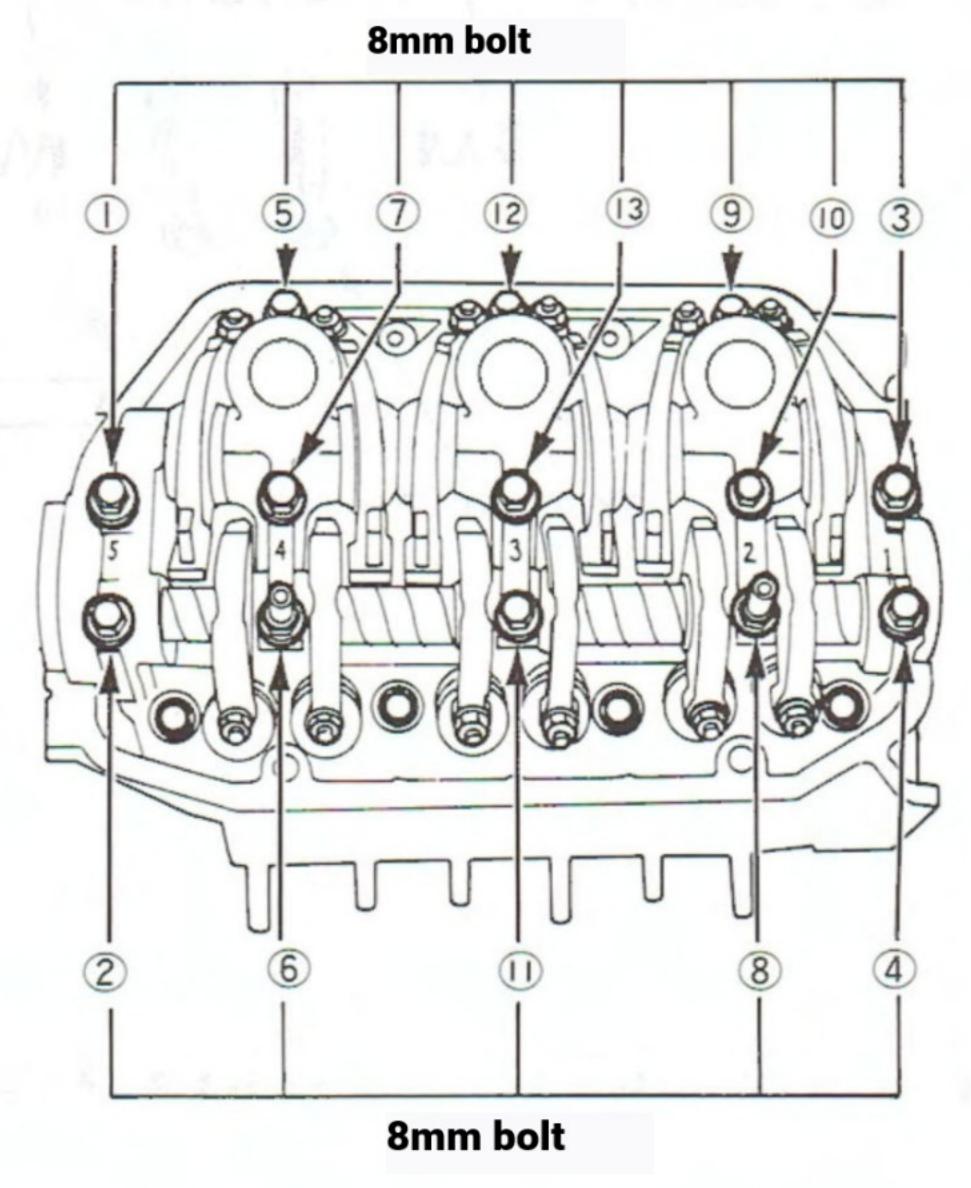
#### - Removal

Loosen the adjustment screw and remove the rocker arm assembly.

#### Note

- Before removing, check the installation position of each part, and install them in the same position when installing.
- Do not loosen the mounting bolts all at once, but loosen them in steps from the outside to the inside.
- Leave the bolt in and remove it from the head.

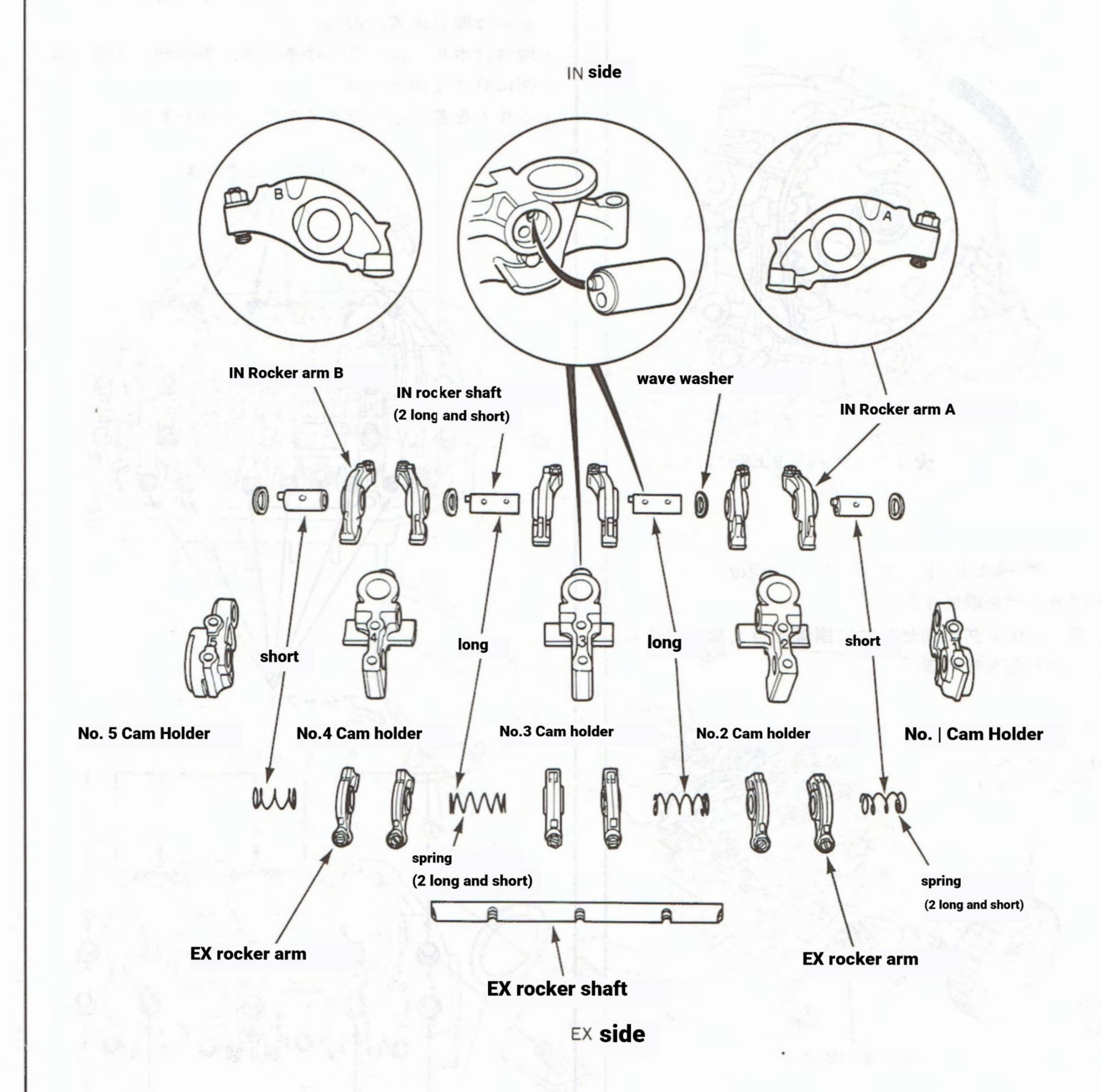




# Rocker arm assembly.

-Disassembly -

CAUTION Before disassembling, check the mounting position of each part, and mount them in the same position when reassembling.

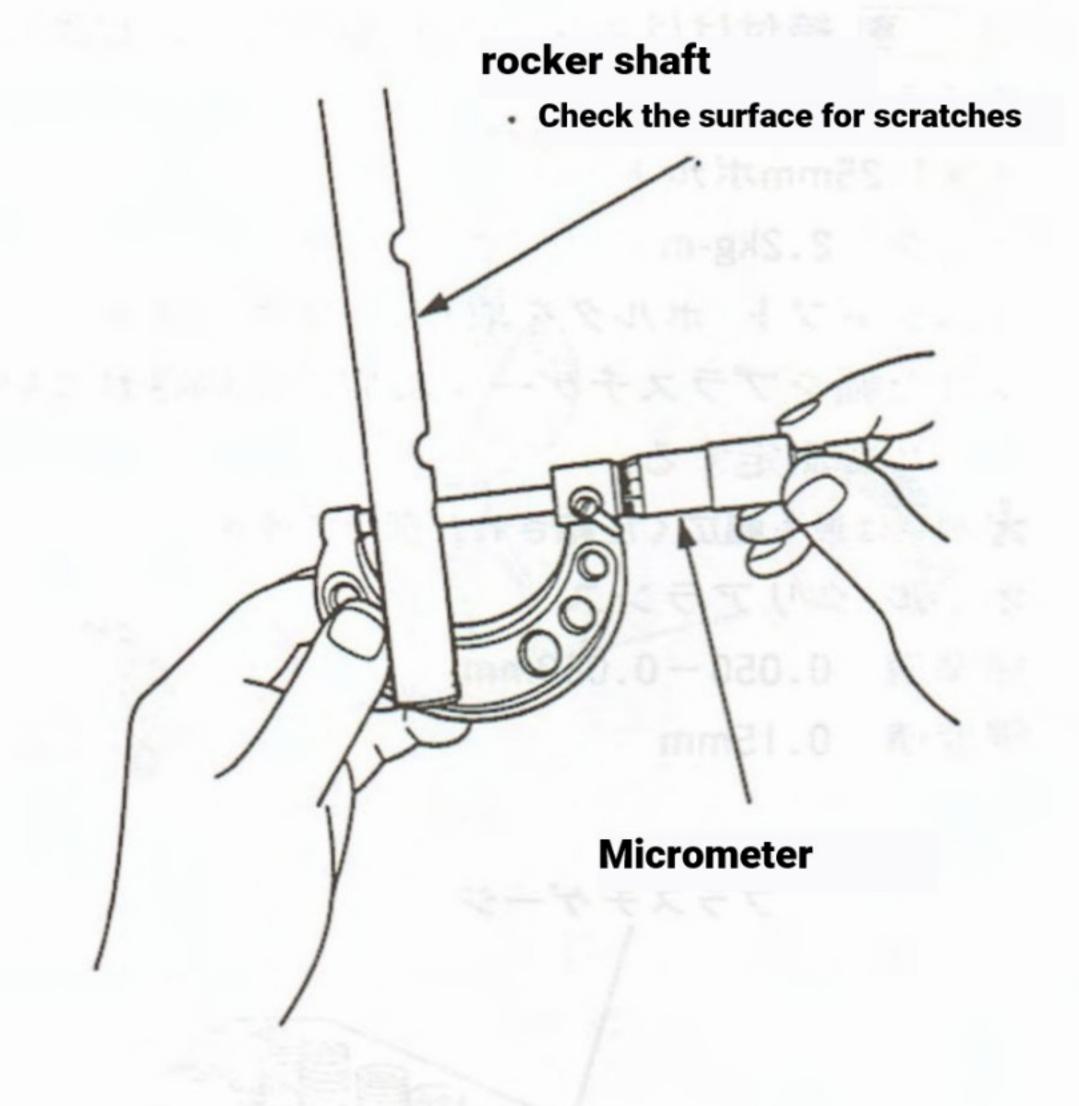


🔆 When removing the rocker arm assembly from the head or installing it on the head, insert the bolt into the camshaft holder.

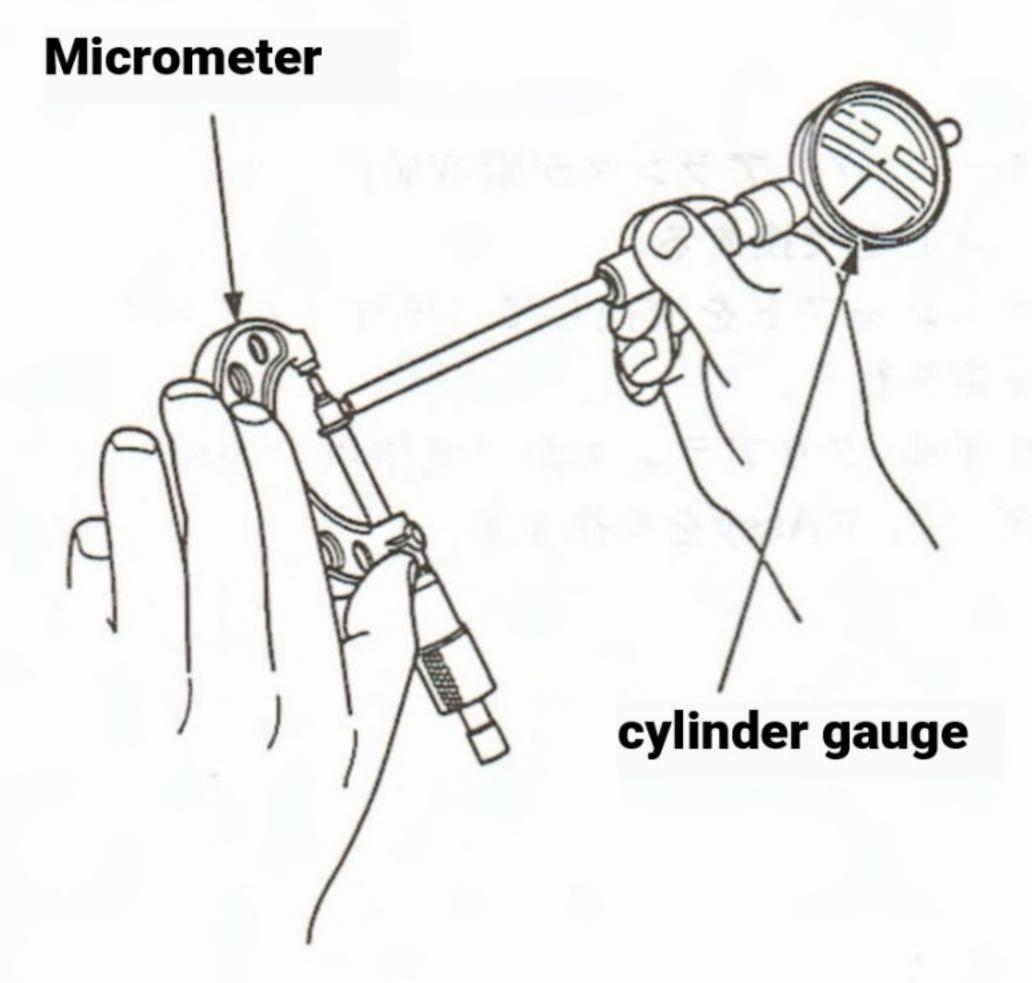
# rocker arm, shaft

-inspection

- . Measurements are taken on each intake and exhaust rocker shaft and rocker arm.
- 1 Measure the outer diameter of the rocker shaft.
  - \* Measure the rotating part of the rocker arm.
    - Inspect rotating parts for damage.



②Set the cylinder gauge to the outer diameter of the rocker shaft.

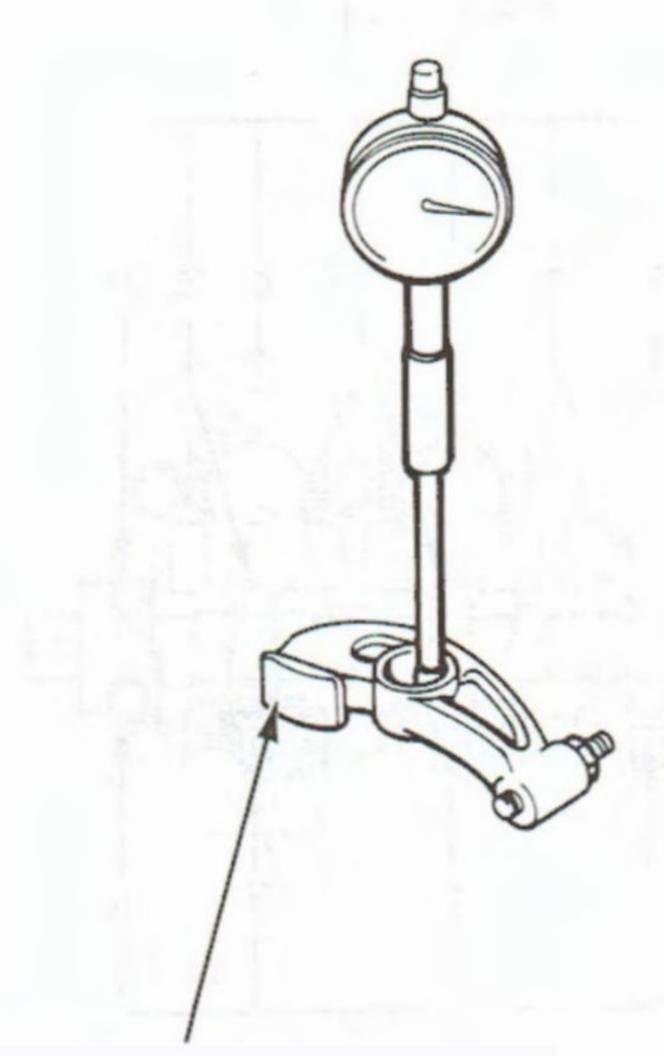


- (3) Measure the rocker arm and inner diameter.
- 4Inspect the contact surface of the camshaft for wear and damage.

Clearance between rocker arm and shaft

limit

3 - 1 = 0.08 mm



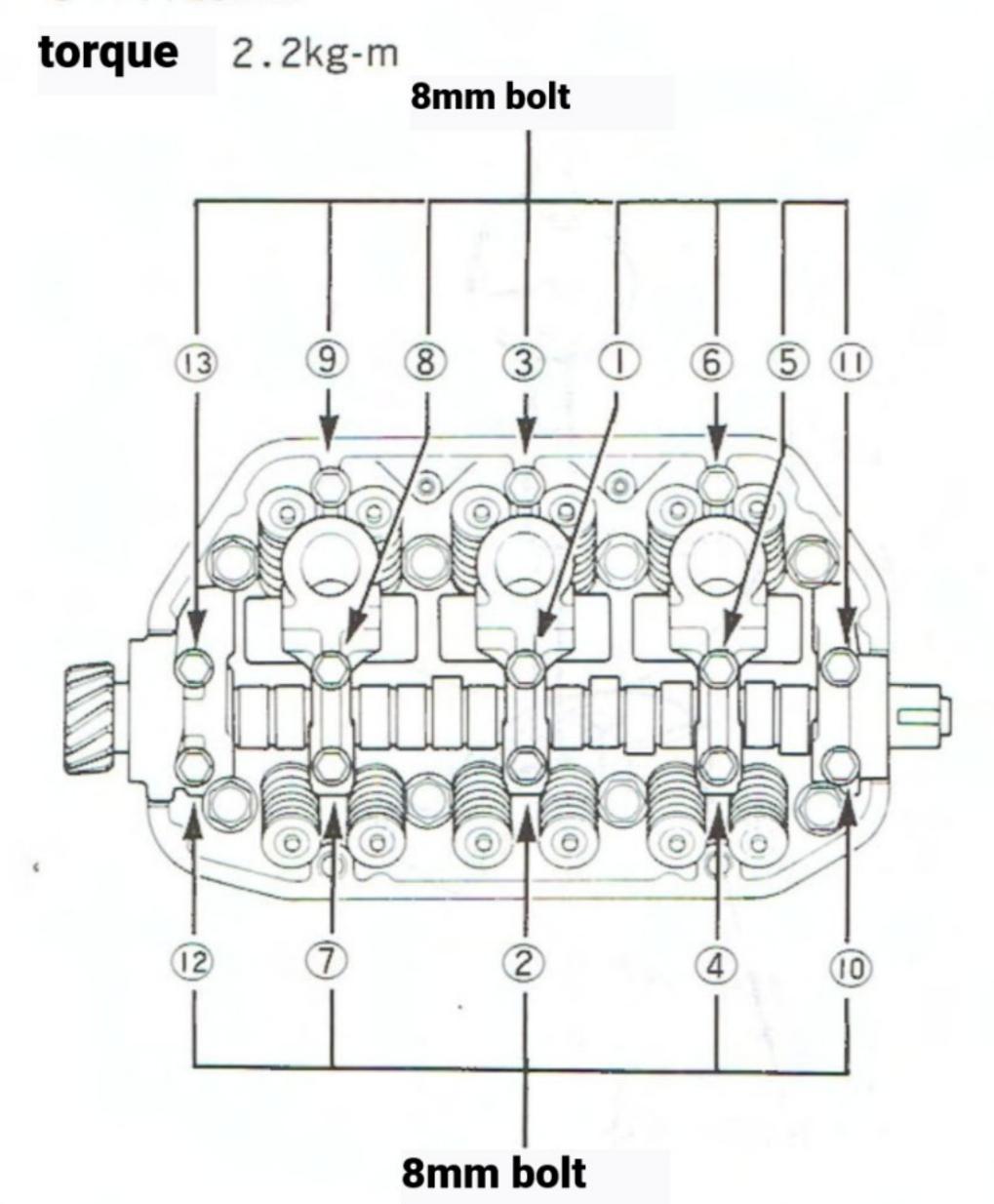
- Check the contact surface of the cam
- All rocker arms should be inspected.
  - —If it exceeds the limit, replace the rocker arm or shaft.

## camshaft

#### - inspection

① Place the camshaft on the cylinder head, install the camshaft holder and tighten to the specified torque. Note Tightening should be done evenly in several steps from the center to the outside.

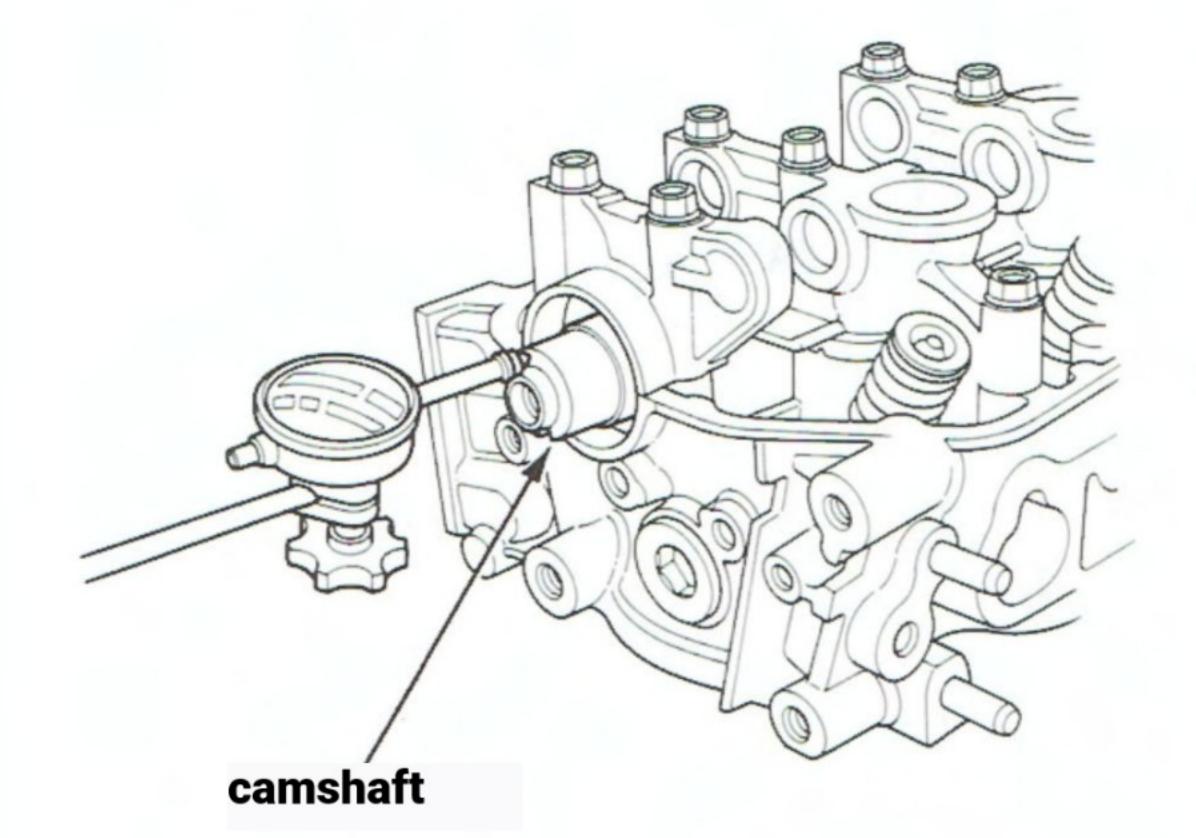
8 × 1.25mm



②Check the axial play of the camshaft.
Axial play of the camshaft

Standard value : 0.05 - 0.15mm

limit : 0.50mm



- ③ Remove the camshaft holder and inspect the camshaft oil clearance.
- ①Cut a plastigauge to the axial length of the journal and place it on each journal portion of the camshaft.
- (5) Install the camshaft holder and tighten it to the specified torque.

Note Tightening should be done evenly in several steps from the center to the outside.

8 × 1.25mmボルト

torque 2.2kg-m

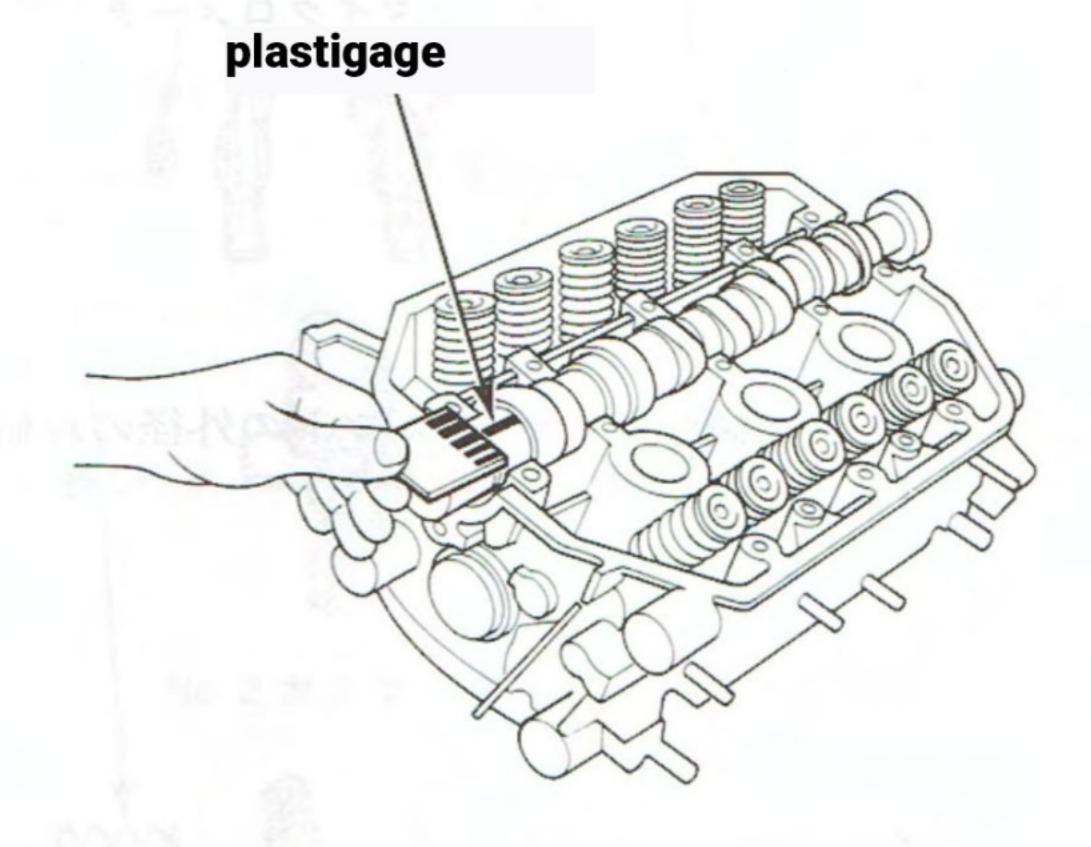
Remove the camshaft holder and measure the collapsed width of the plastigauge using the scale printed on the plastigage bag.

Measurements are taken at the point of widest compression.

#### oil clearance

Standard value 0.050 - 0.089mm

limit 0.15mm



- 6 If the oil clearance exceeds the limit, replace the camshaft.
- ⑦ Replace the camshaft and measure the oil clearance again.
- (8) If the oil clearance exceeds the limit, replace the cylinder head assembly.

## Oheck camshaft for bend.

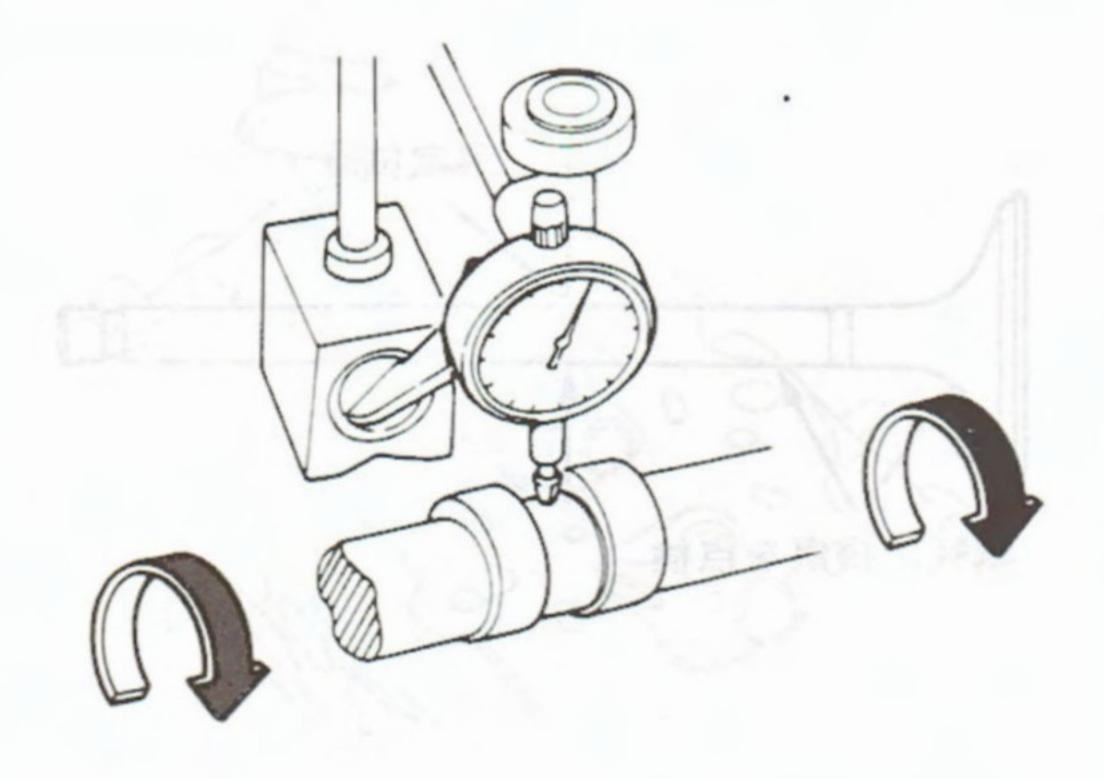
\*The journals on both ends are supported by V-blocks.

Measure while rotating the camshaft.

### camshaft runout

Standard value 0.015mm

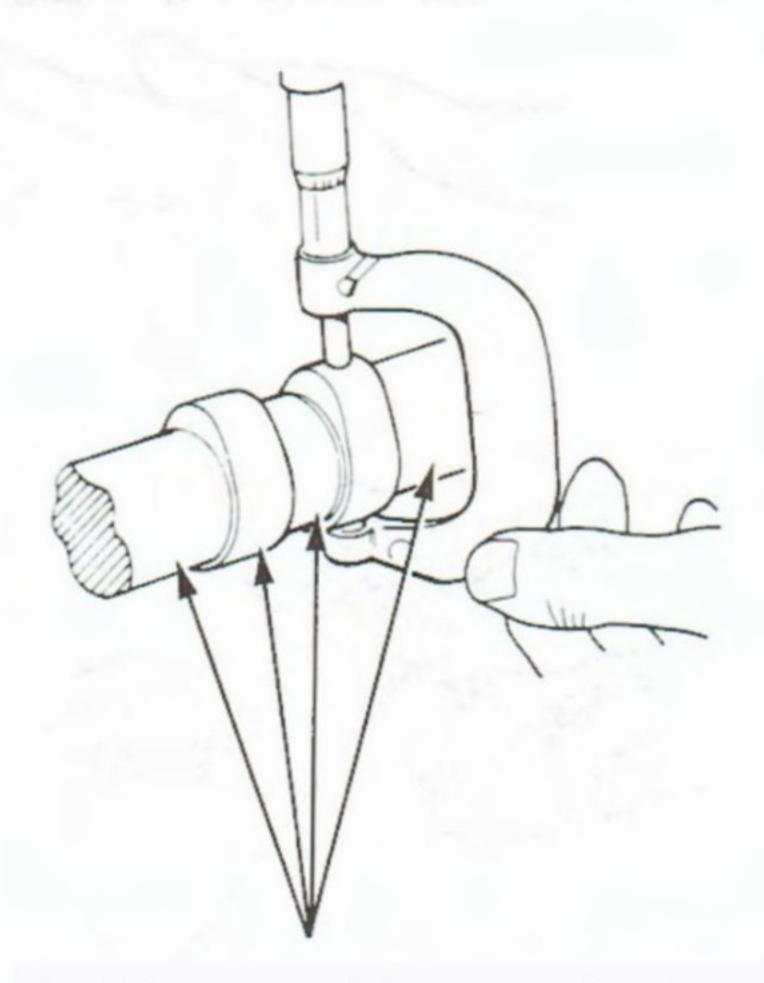
limit 0.030mm



# ① Check the wear of the cam surface of the cam shaft. Cam height

Intake standard value 35.733mm

Exhaust standard value 34.568mm



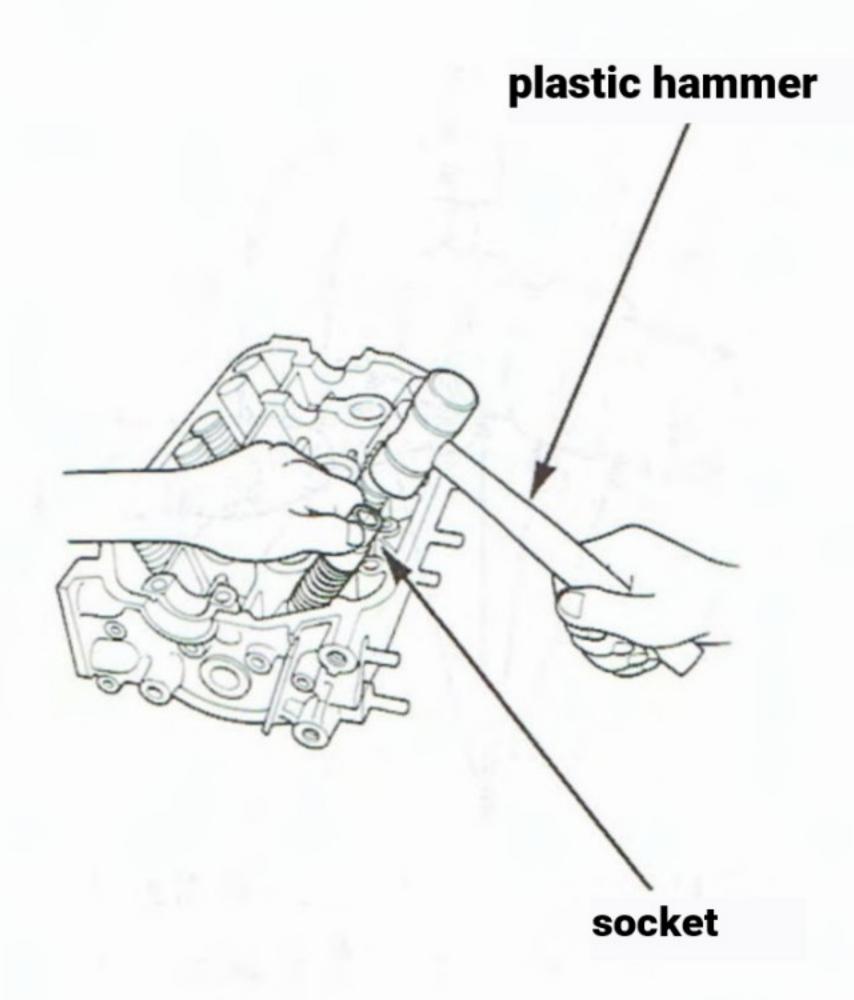
Check for wear and damage, and replace the camshaft if any abnormality is found.

Remove and inspect -

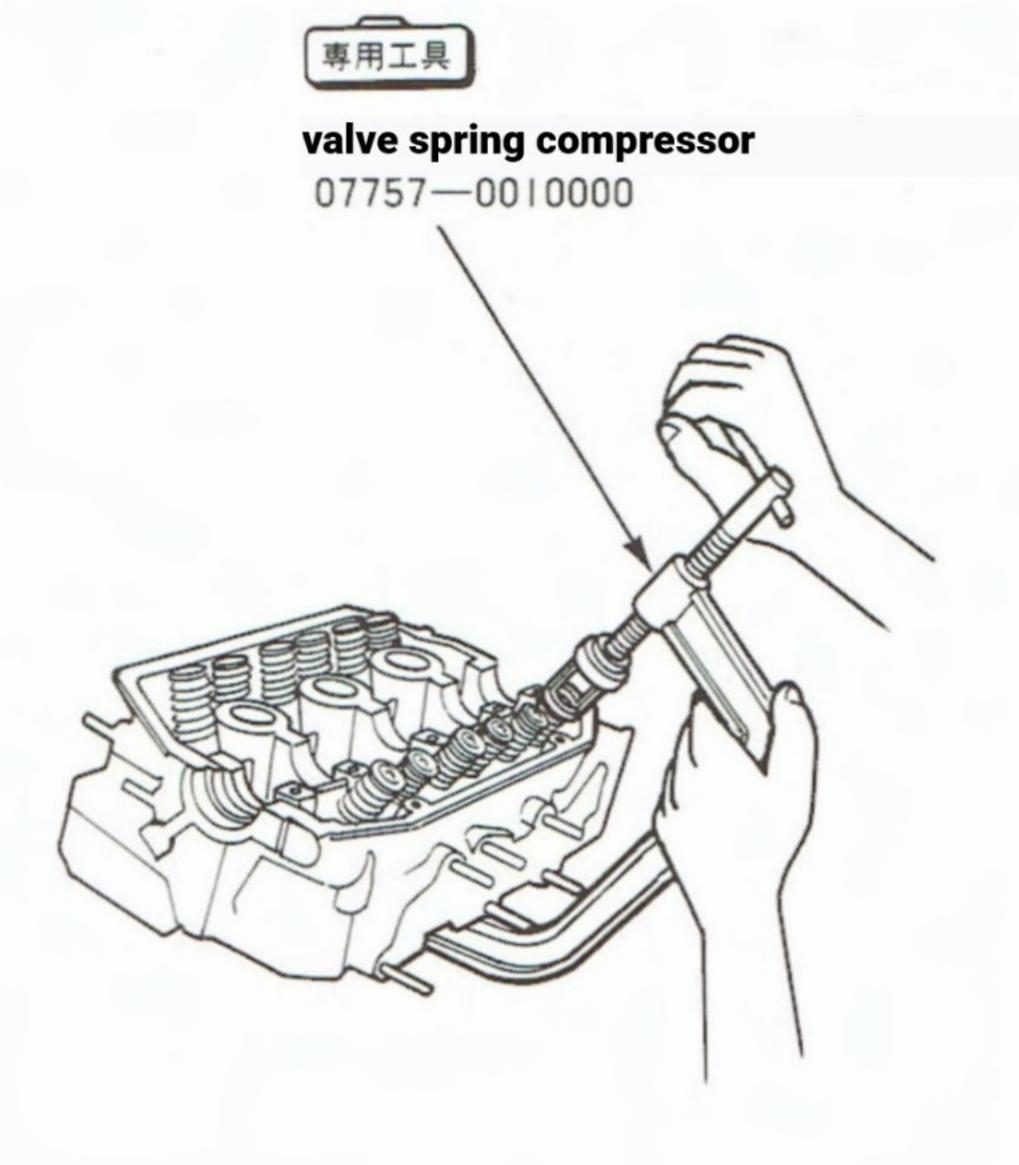
CAUTION Prior to disassembly, mark the valves, springs, and other related parts for each cylinder, store them in an organized manner, and install them in the same position when reassembling.

Using a socket that matches the diameter of the valve retainer, lightly tap the retainer to remove the cotter from the retainer.

CAUTION At this time, hit the valve stem end vertically, and be careful not to bend the valve.



② Attach the special tool and remove the valve cotter.

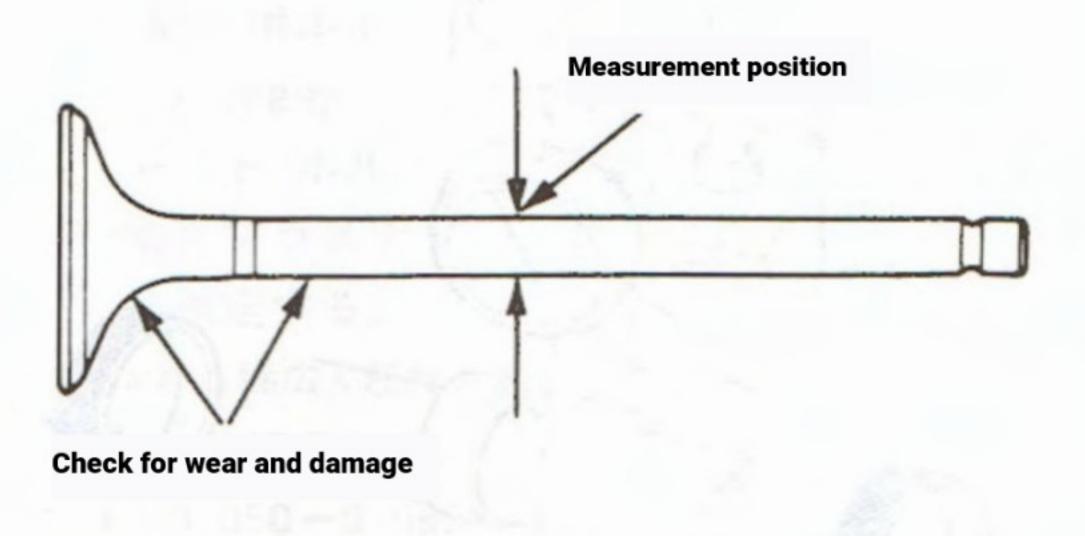


- ③Remove the special tool to remove the valve retainer spring and valve.
- 4 Check the valve stem outer diameter.

IN valve stem outer diameter

Standard value 5.48 - 5.49 mm

limit 5.45mm



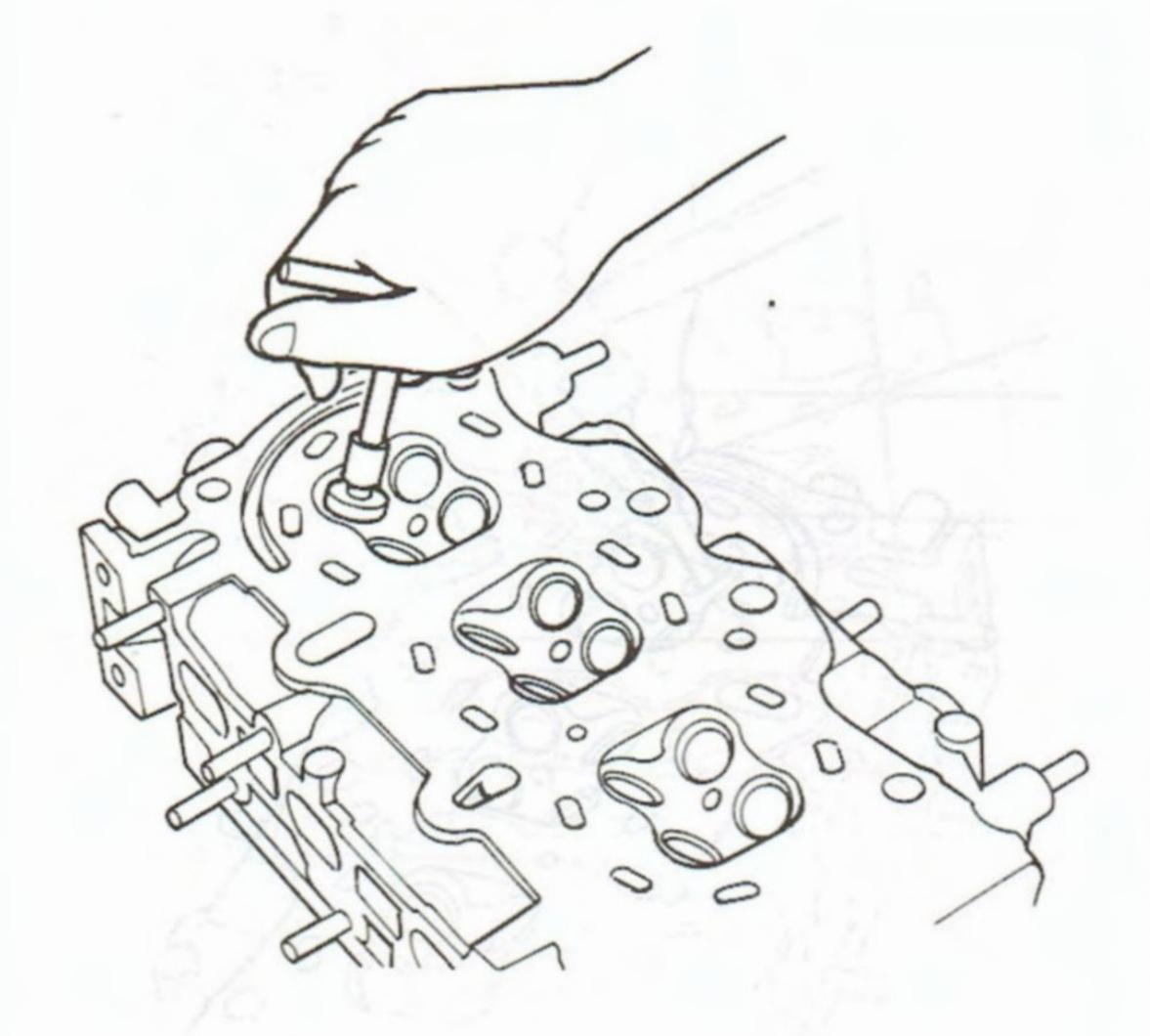
EX valve stem outer diameter

Standard value 5.45 - 5.46mm

limit 5.42mm

\_fix

- If the contact width of the valve seat is uneven or exceeds the limit, correct it with a valve seat cutter.
  - Refer to the instruction manual for the valve seat cutter for how to correct it.



### Contact width of valve seat

intake

Standard value 0.85 — 1.15mm

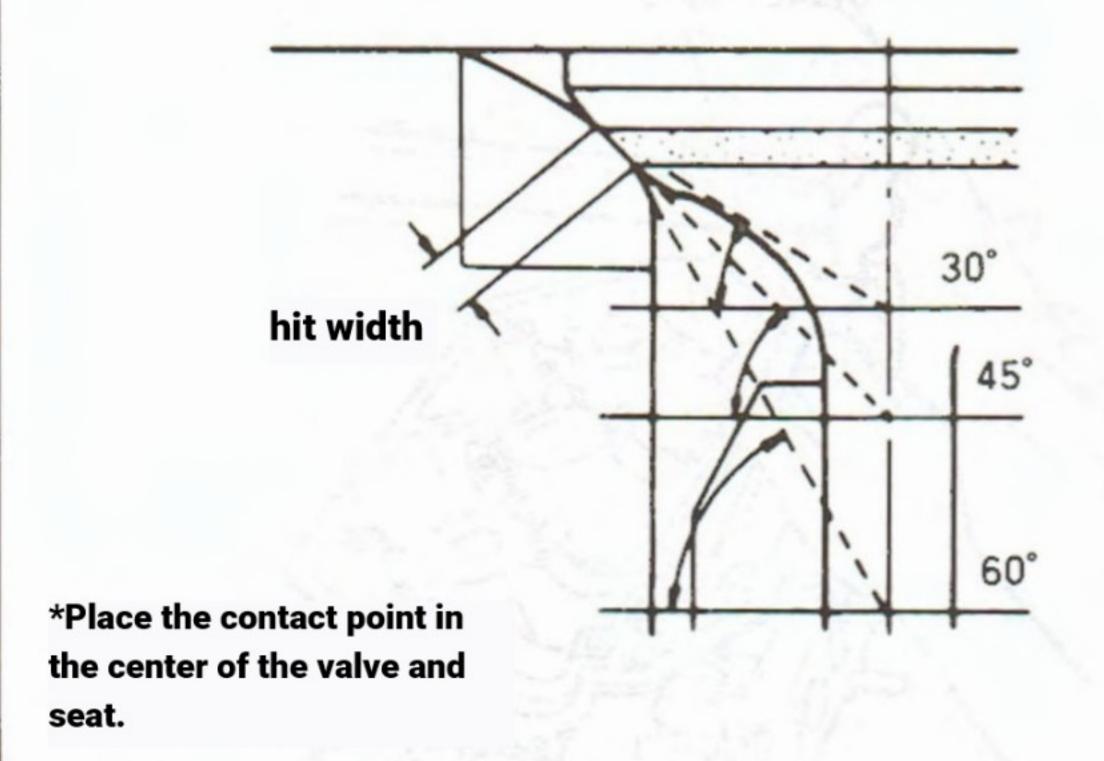
limit

1.60mm

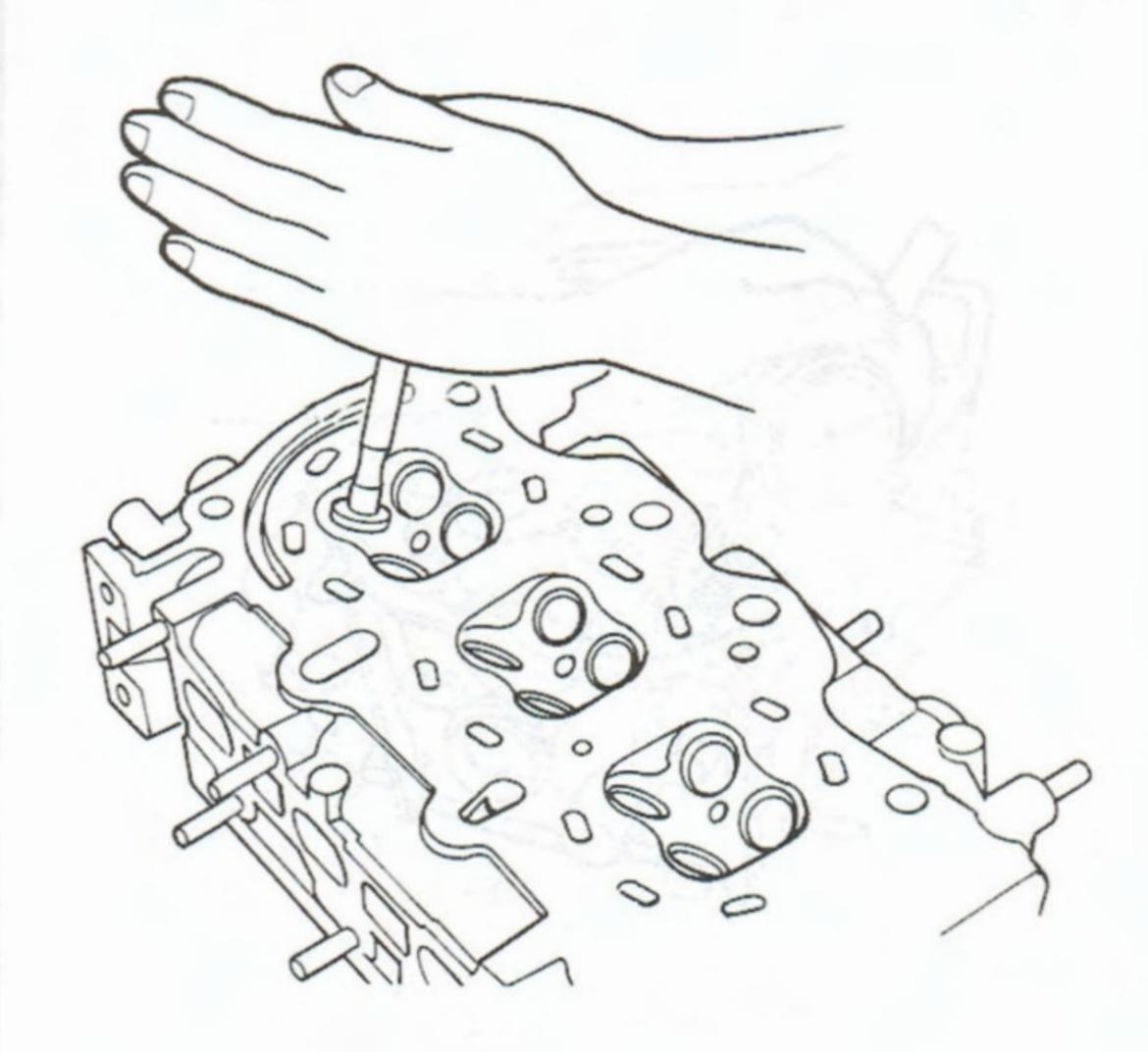
Exhaust

Standard value | .05 - | .35mm

limit 1.80mm



- After adjusting the valve seat to the proper contact width, if necessary, apply a compound evenly to the valve face surface, rub it with a valve trumpet, and check the contact with Komyotan.
  - Be careful not to let the compound get into the stem and valve guide during the rubbing process.



#### Check the valve seat for sinking.

IN valve mounting height

Standard value 45.76 - 46.24mm

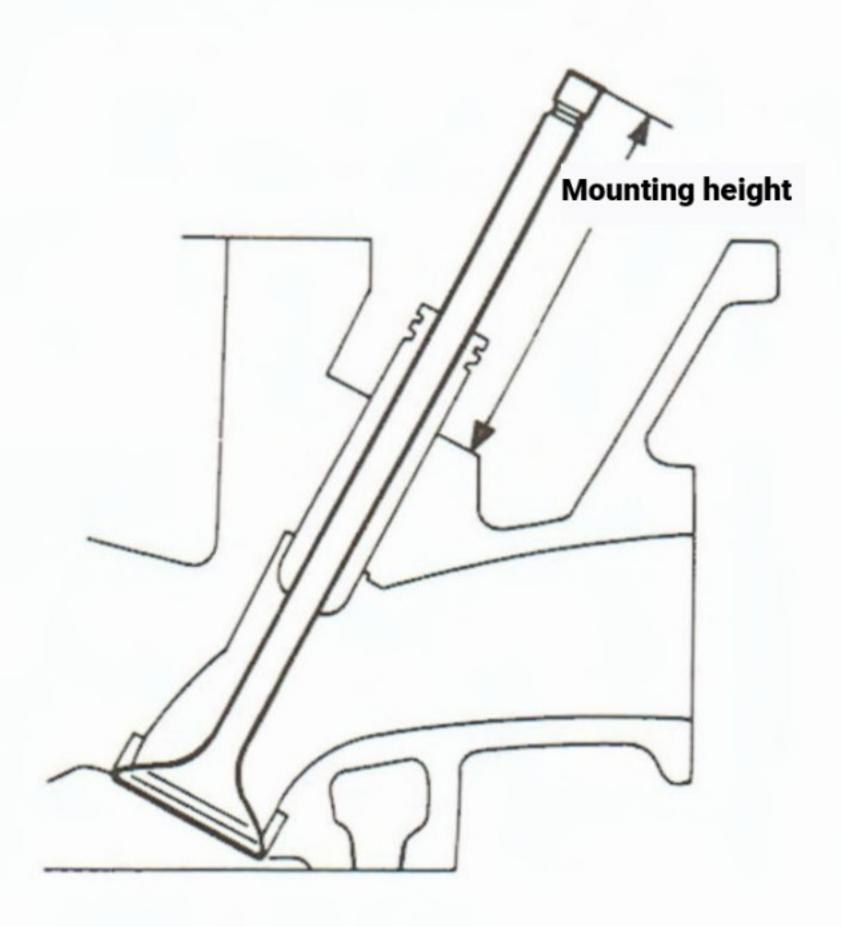
limit

46.49mm

EX valve mounting height

Standard value 43.26 — 43.74mm

limit 43.99mm



## Valve guide and valve stem clearance check

#### IN valve guide and valve stem clearance

Standard value 0.02-0.05mm

limit

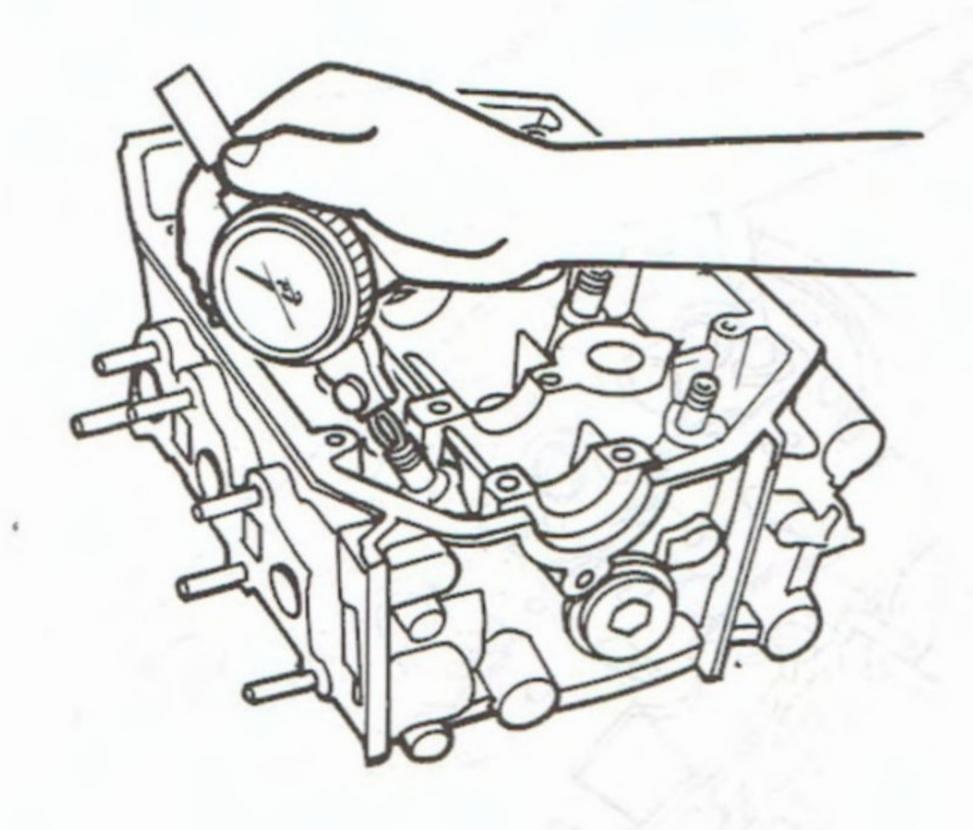
0.08mm

#### EX valve guide and valve stem clearance

Standard value 0.05-0.08mm

limit

0.11mm



#### IN valve guide inner diameter

Standard value 5.51 - 5.53mm

limit

5.55mm

#### EX valve guide inner diameter

Standard value 5.51 - 5.53mm

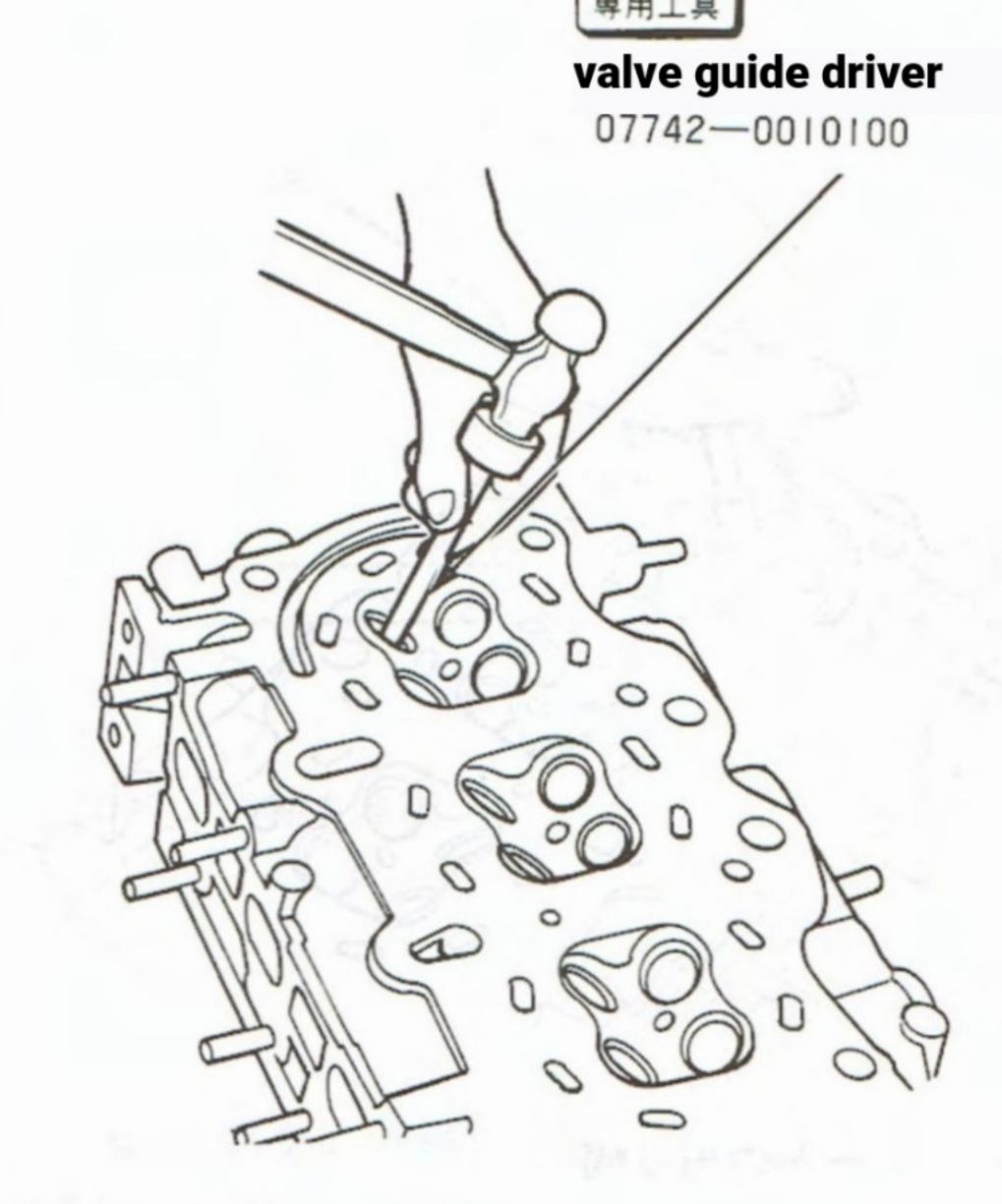
limit

5.55mm

—If the value exceeds the limit, replace the valve and valve guide as a set.

#### exchange -

Caution Always punch the valve guide from the combustion chamber side.



Valve guide protrusion length

intake

16.0mm

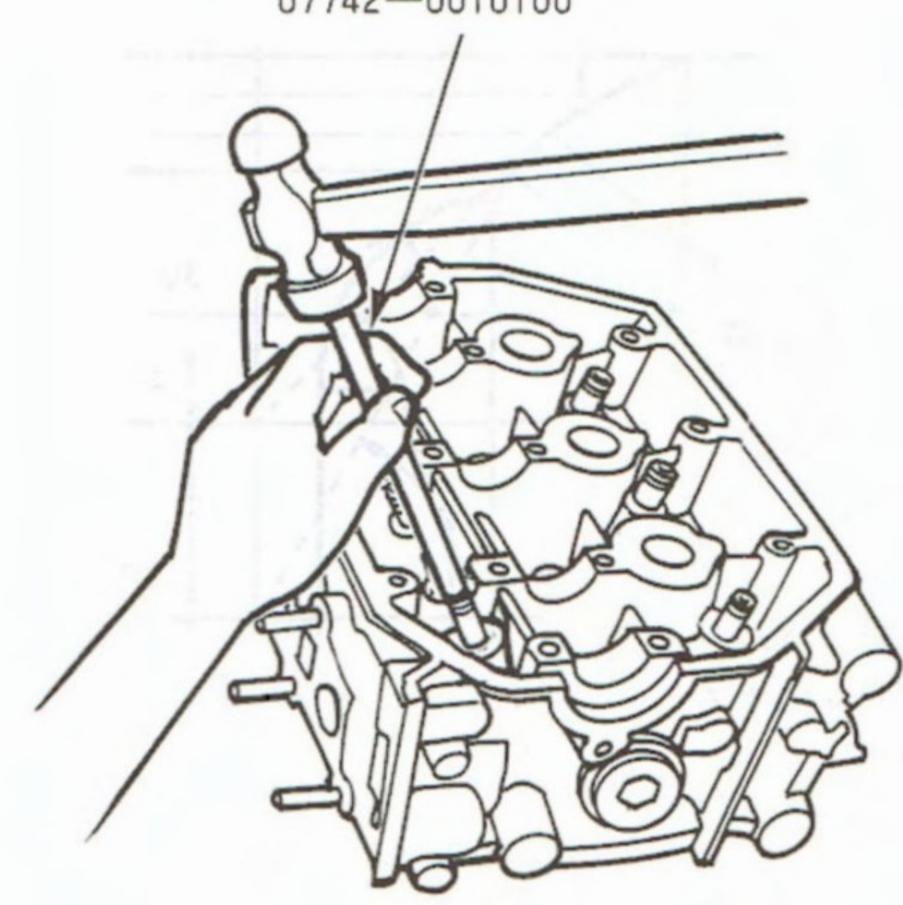
Exhaust

16.0mm

\*When driving the valve guide, measure the length of protrusion and perform it in 2 to 3 steps to set the length of protrusion accurately.



07742-0010100



CAUTION After driving the valve guide, be sure to correct the reamer.

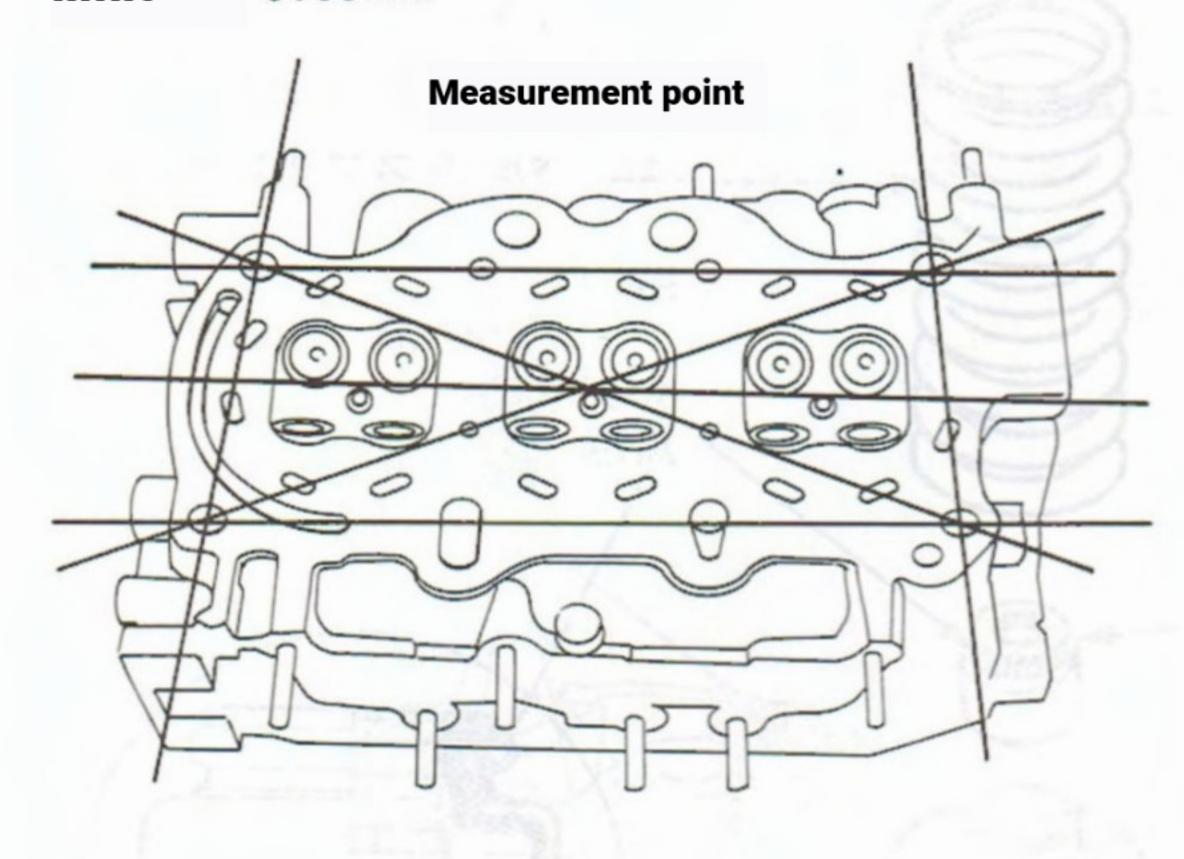
inspection

CAUTION Take care not to scratch or dent the mating surface of the cylinder head gasket.

Distortion of the mating surfaces of the cylinder head and cylinder block

limit

0.05mm

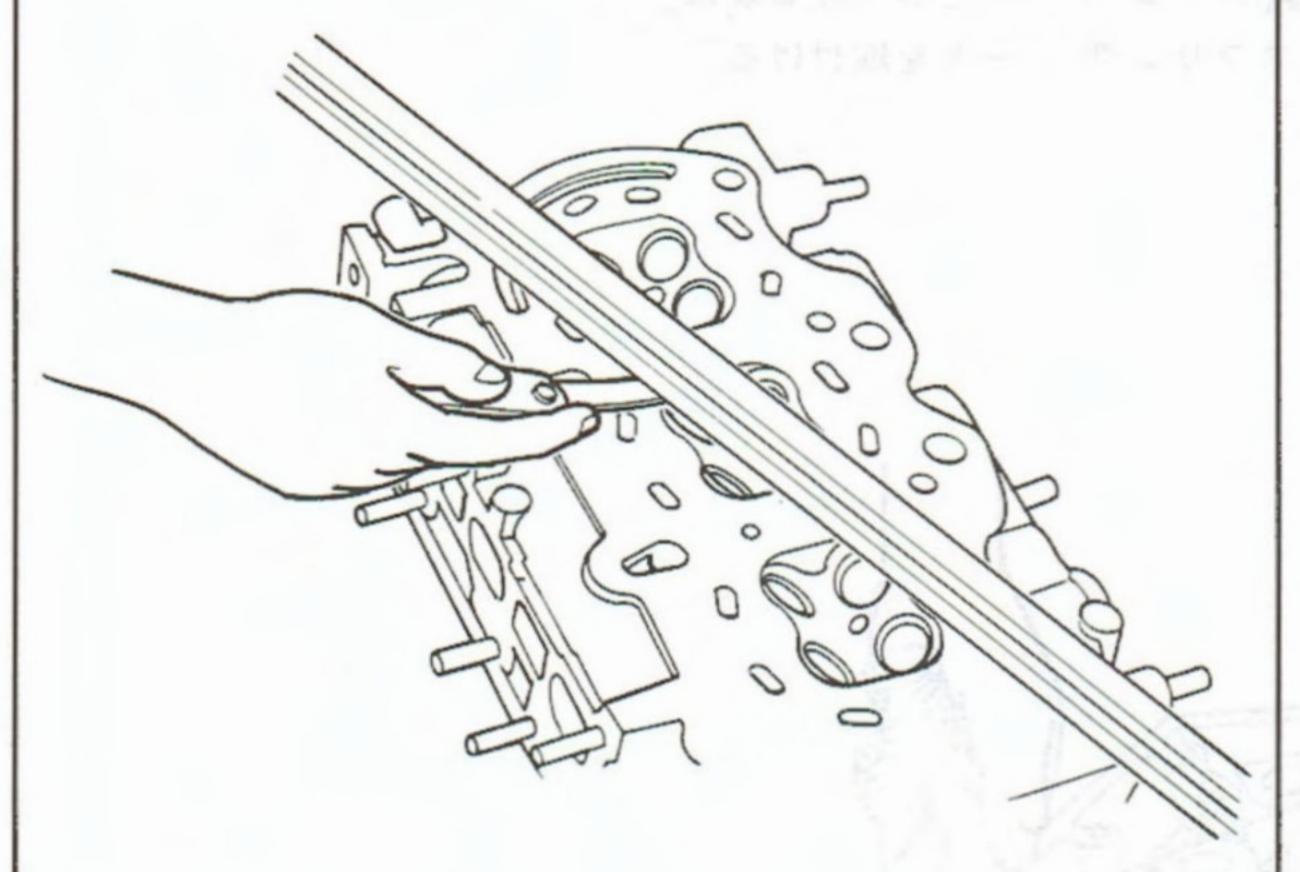


If the limit value is exceeded, correct it.

However, this must be done within the height limits of the cylinder head.

### height of cylinder head

Standard value 94.25 - 94.35mm

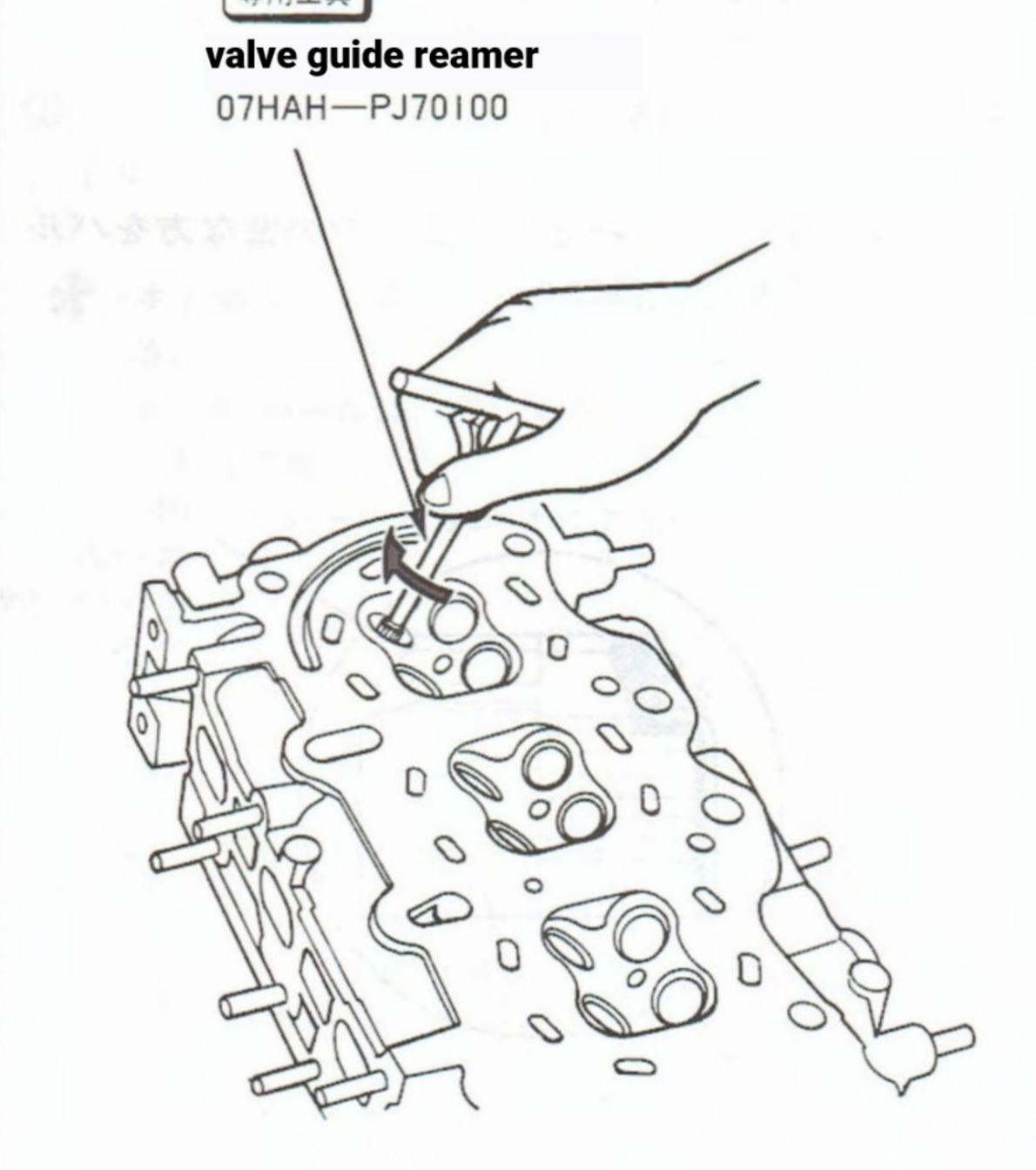


### How to fix

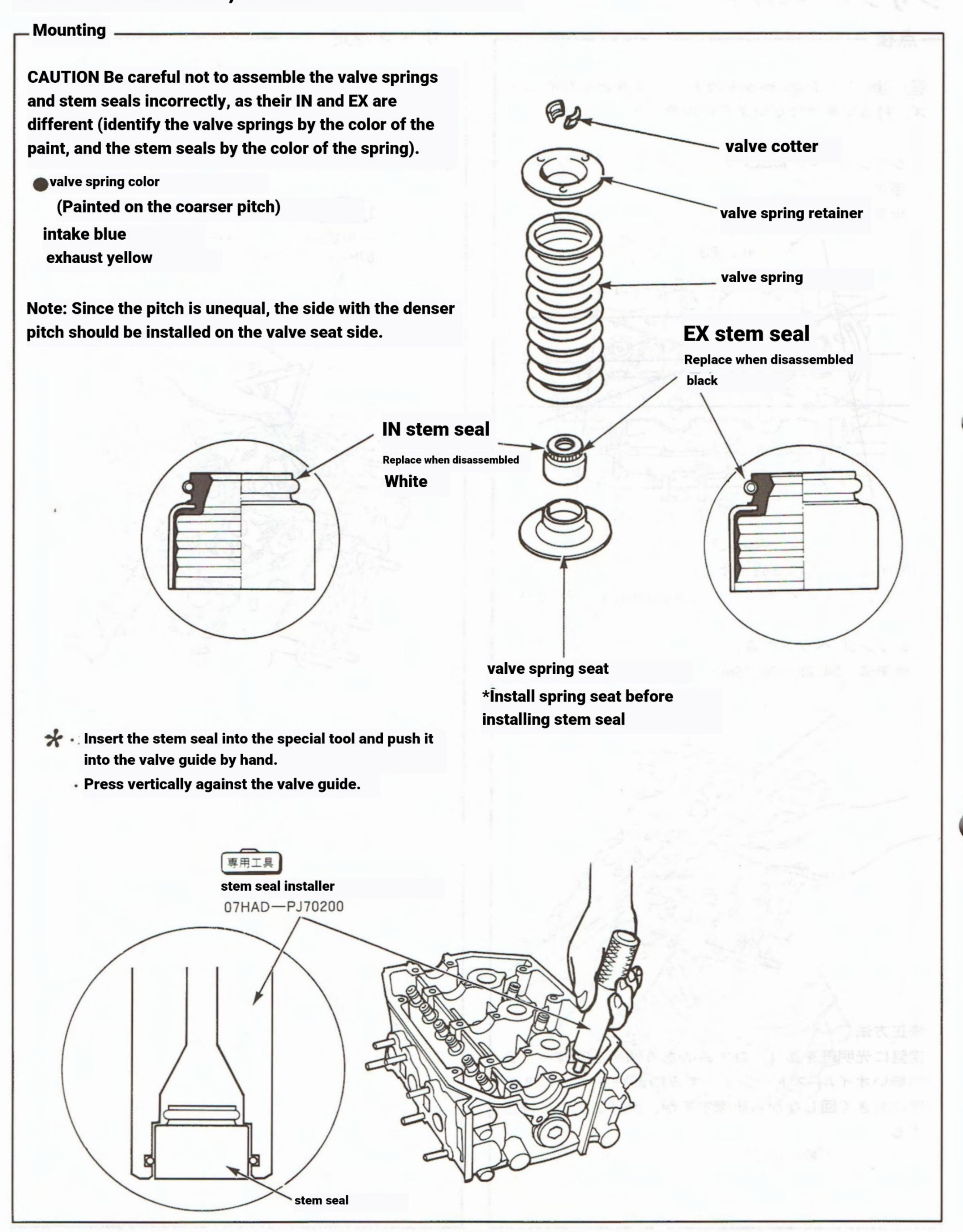
The surface plate is coated with Komyotan, the distorted parts are clarified, and the distorted parts are polished with a fine-grained oil stone while rotating them in a figure-eight shape, or corrected by machining.

## reaming

CAUTION Rotate the reamer in the right direction only. Do not insert or pull out the reamer while it is stopped. See page 3-16 for measuring the clearance between the valve guide and the stem.



# **VALVE STEM SEAL, SPRING**

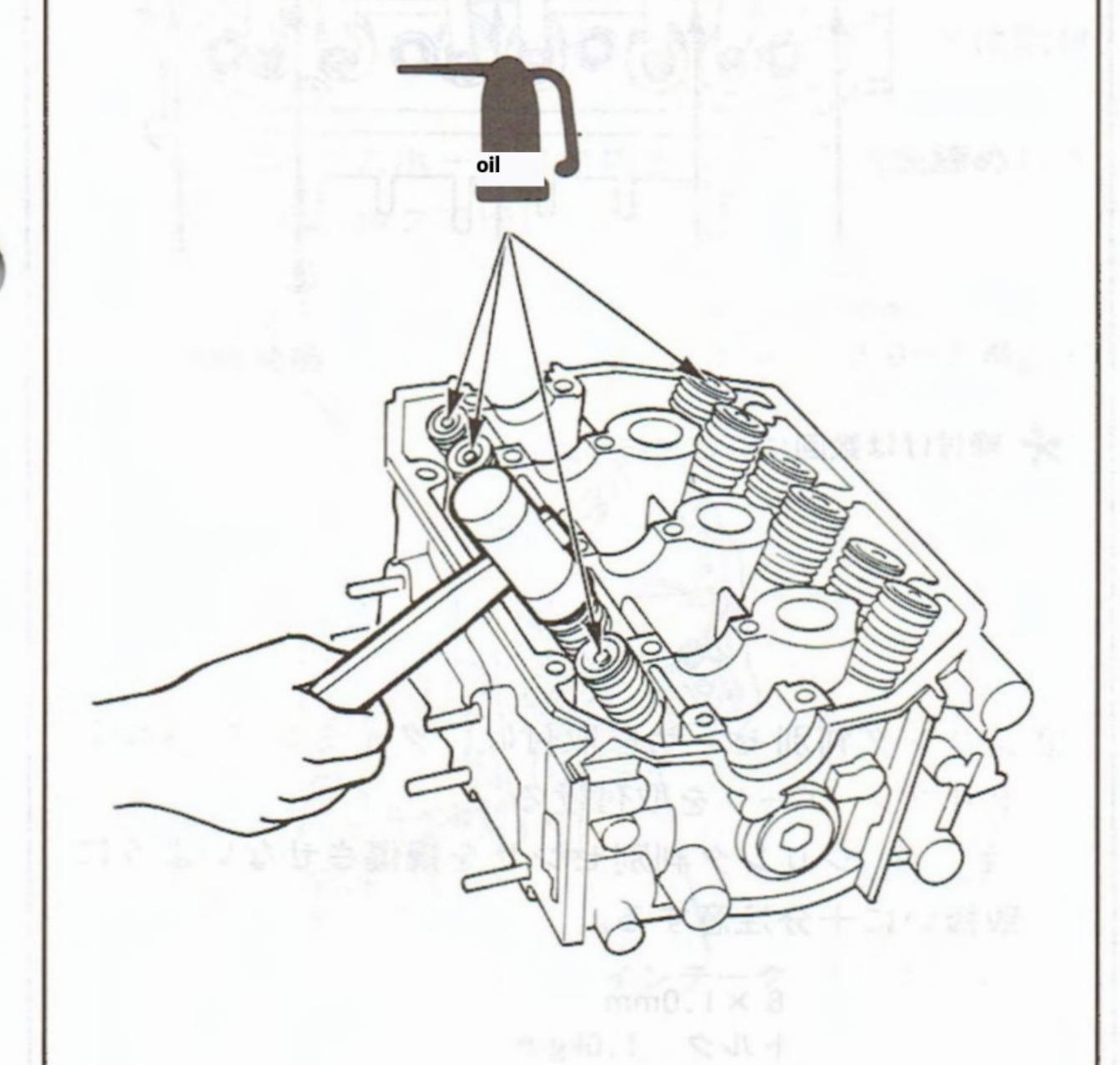


#### Valve installation

CAUTION When assembling the valve, apply oil to the stem, insert it into the guide, and check that it moves up and down lightly before assembling the spring.

\*After installing the valve, lightly tap the end of the valve stem with a plastic hammer 2-3 times to make the valve and cotter fit together better.

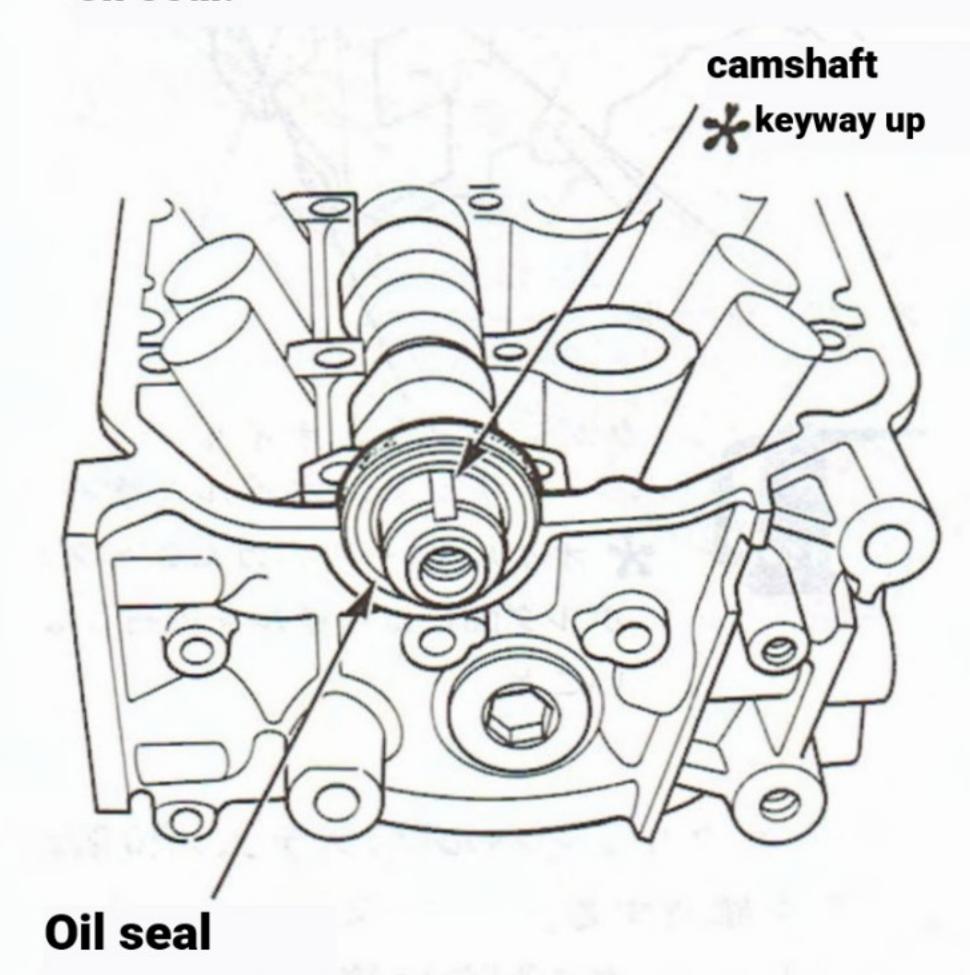
Note: At this time, strike the valve stem end perpendicularly, and be careful not to bend the valve.



# Rocker arm assembly, camshaft oil seal

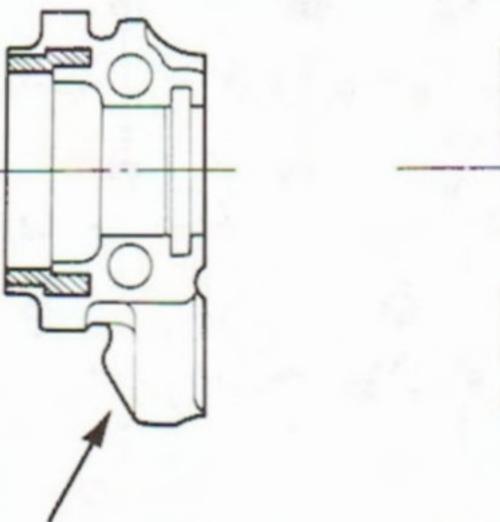
#### Mounting -

- Before installing the rocker arm assembly, loosen the rocker arm adjusting screw and lock nut, and pull up the adjusting screw.
  - Install the rocker arm assembly while leaving the bolt in the camshaft holder.
  - Keep the keyway of the camshaft facing up (No.1 cylinder should be at compression top dead center).
- ① Install the camshaft and camshaft oil seal to the cylinder head.
- Install the oil seal with the spring side inside.
  - Install the oil seal in the correct position so that it does not fall over.
  - Do not apply oil to the cam holder surface of the oil seal.

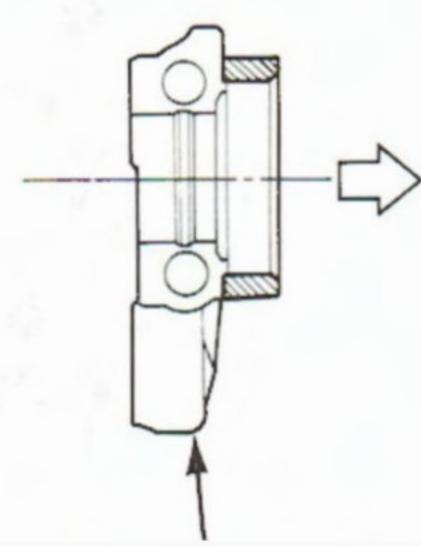


② Apply Honda genuine liquid packing 1216 to the head mating surfaces of the No.1 and No.5 camshaft holders, and install the rocker arm assembly.

Timing belt

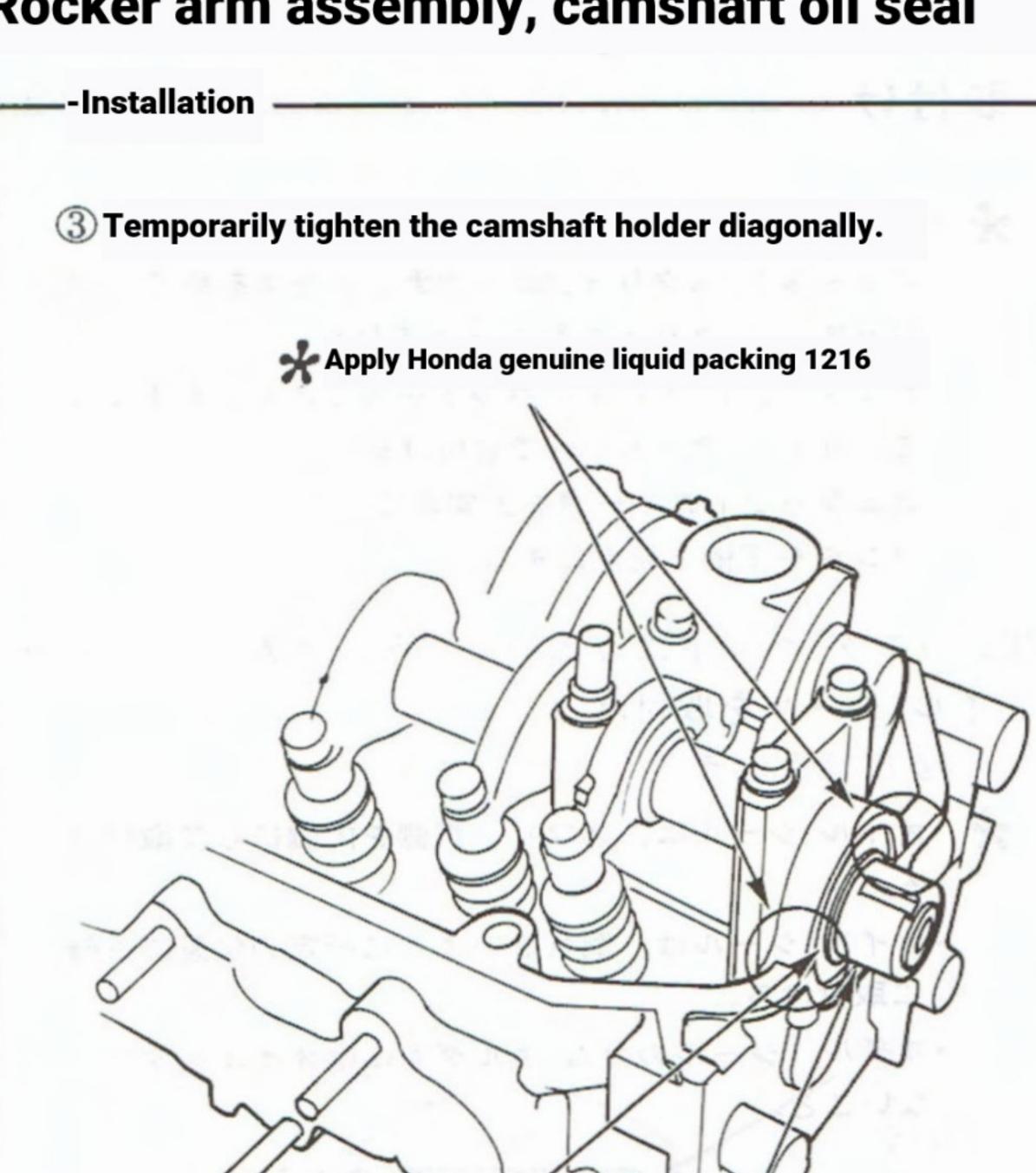


No.5 Camshaft holder



No.1 Camshaft holder

# Rocker arm assembly, camshaft oil seal





Oil seal

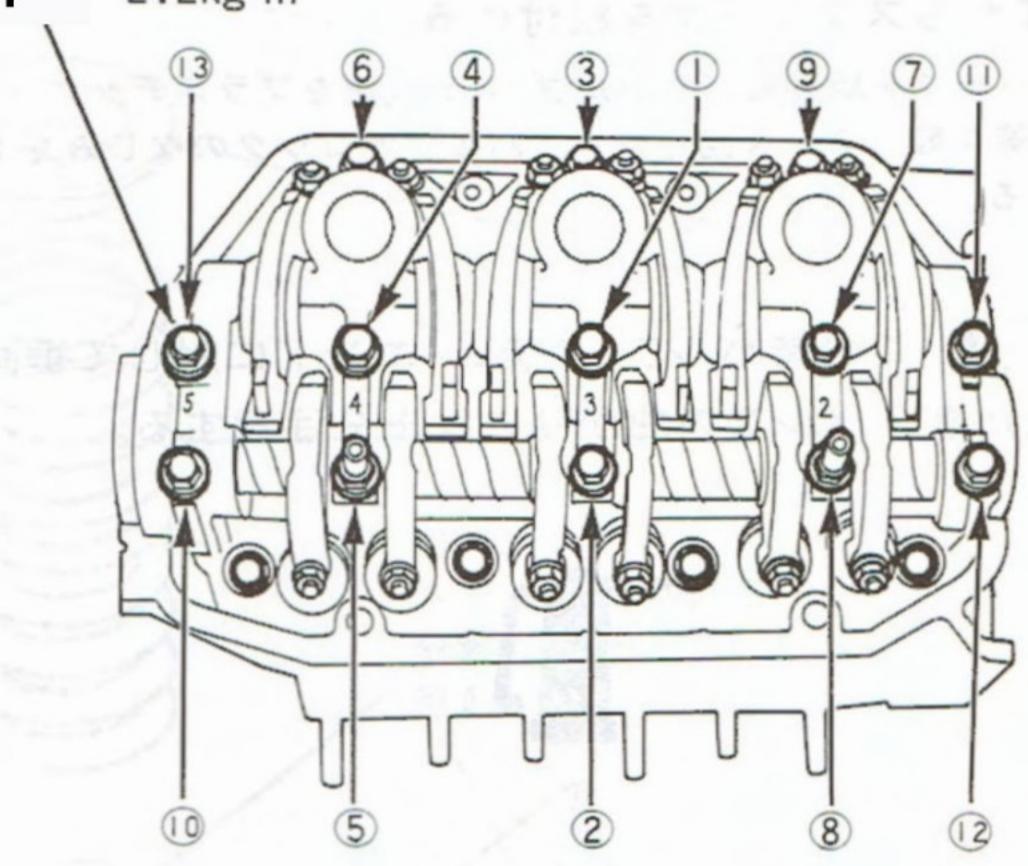
Apply oil to camshaft and oil seal lip

- \* Do not apply oil to the camshaft holder surface of the oil seal.
- (4) Make sure the adjustment screw and valve stem are aligned.
- (5) Tighten the camshaft holder diagonally.
- \*Take care when tightening the camshaft, as it may bend if the adjustment screw and valve stem are misaligned.

## Camshaft holder tightening bolt

8 × 1.25mm

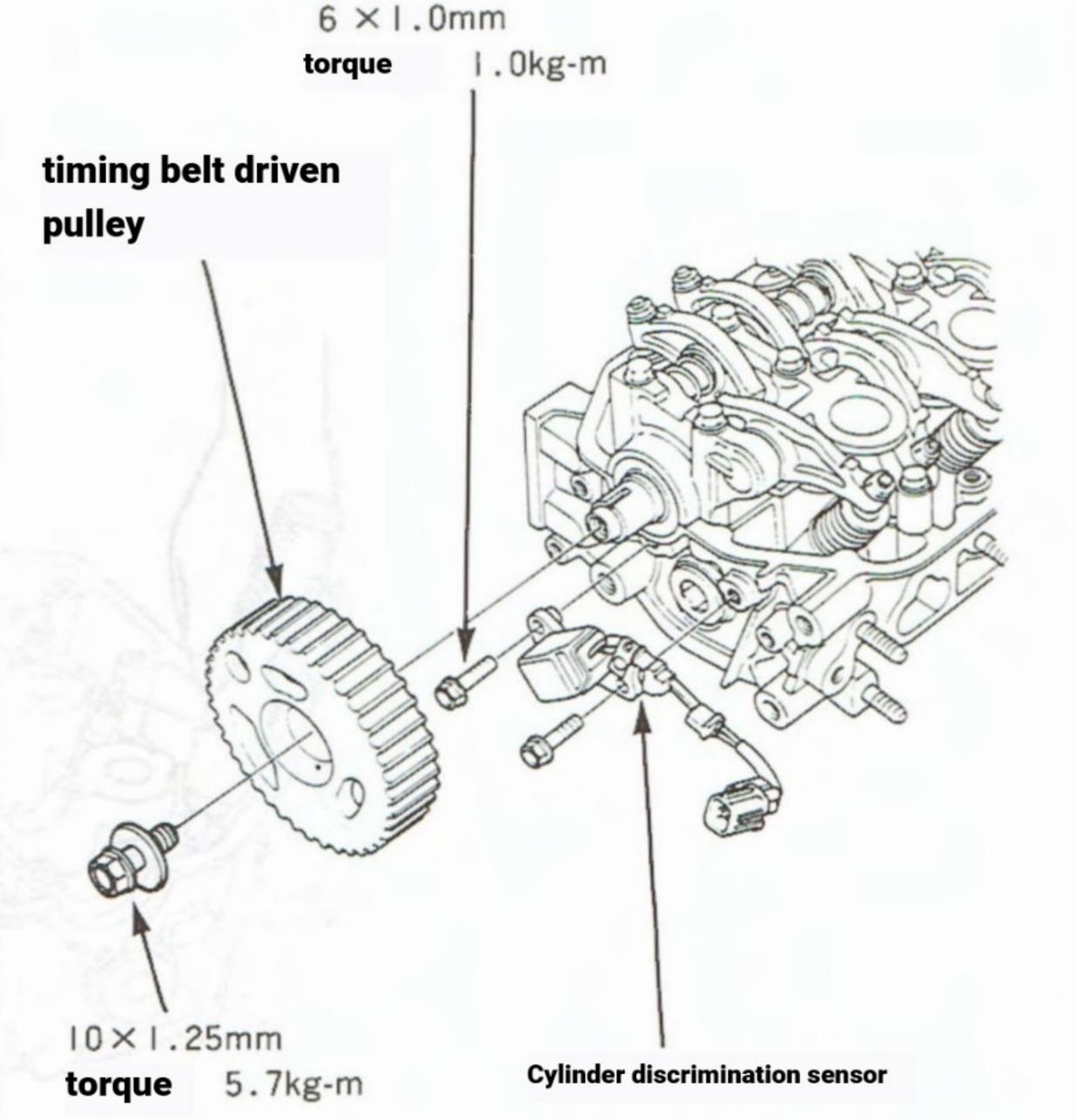
torque 2.2kg-m



Tighten in several steps.

**6** Install the cylinder discrimination sensor and the timing belt driven pulley.

CAUTION Handle with care so as not to damage the cylinder discrimination sensor.

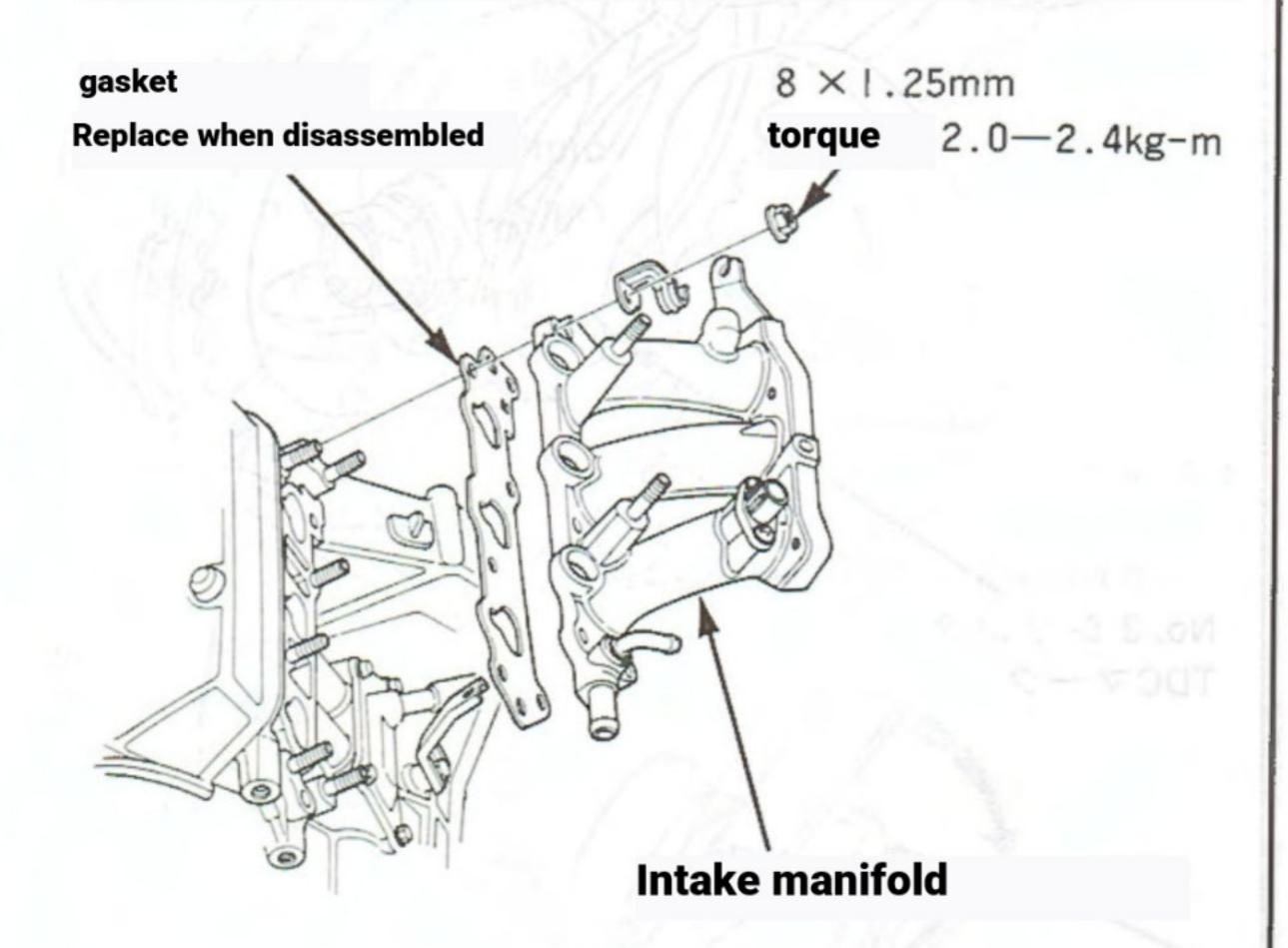


# cylinder head

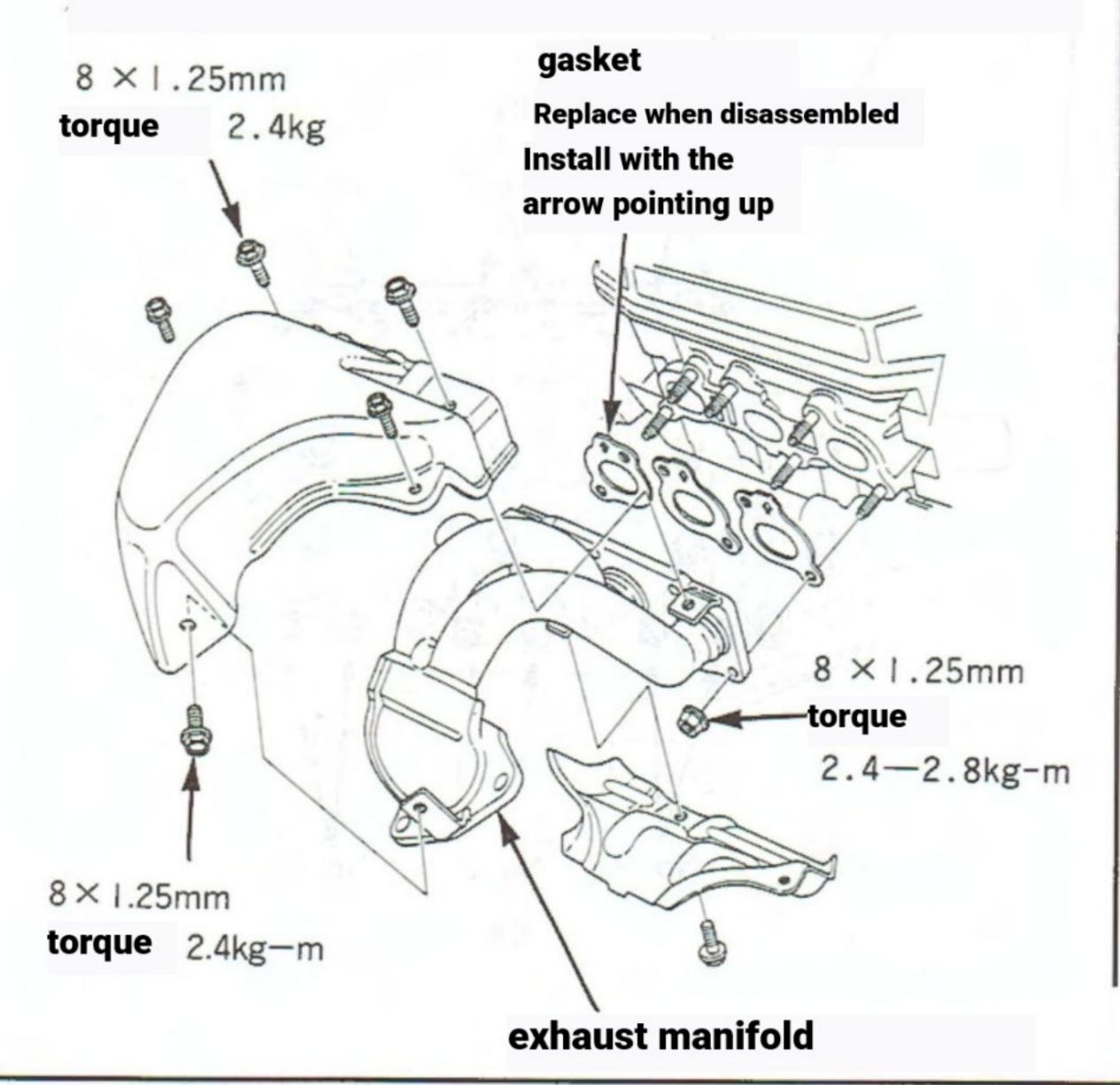
#### - Mounting

- Installation is performed in the reverse order of removal, but the main points are described below.
  - Always use new head gaskets, manifolds, and gaskets when disassembling.
  - Keep the mounting surfaces of the cylinder head and cylinder clean.
  - Set the camshaft (driven pulley) to top dead center and the crankshaft to No.1 top dead center.
  - Be careful not to allow foreign matter to enter the gasket gap.
  - Be careful not to scratch or dent the gaskets of the cylinder head and cylinder.
- ②Install the intake manifold to the cylinder head.

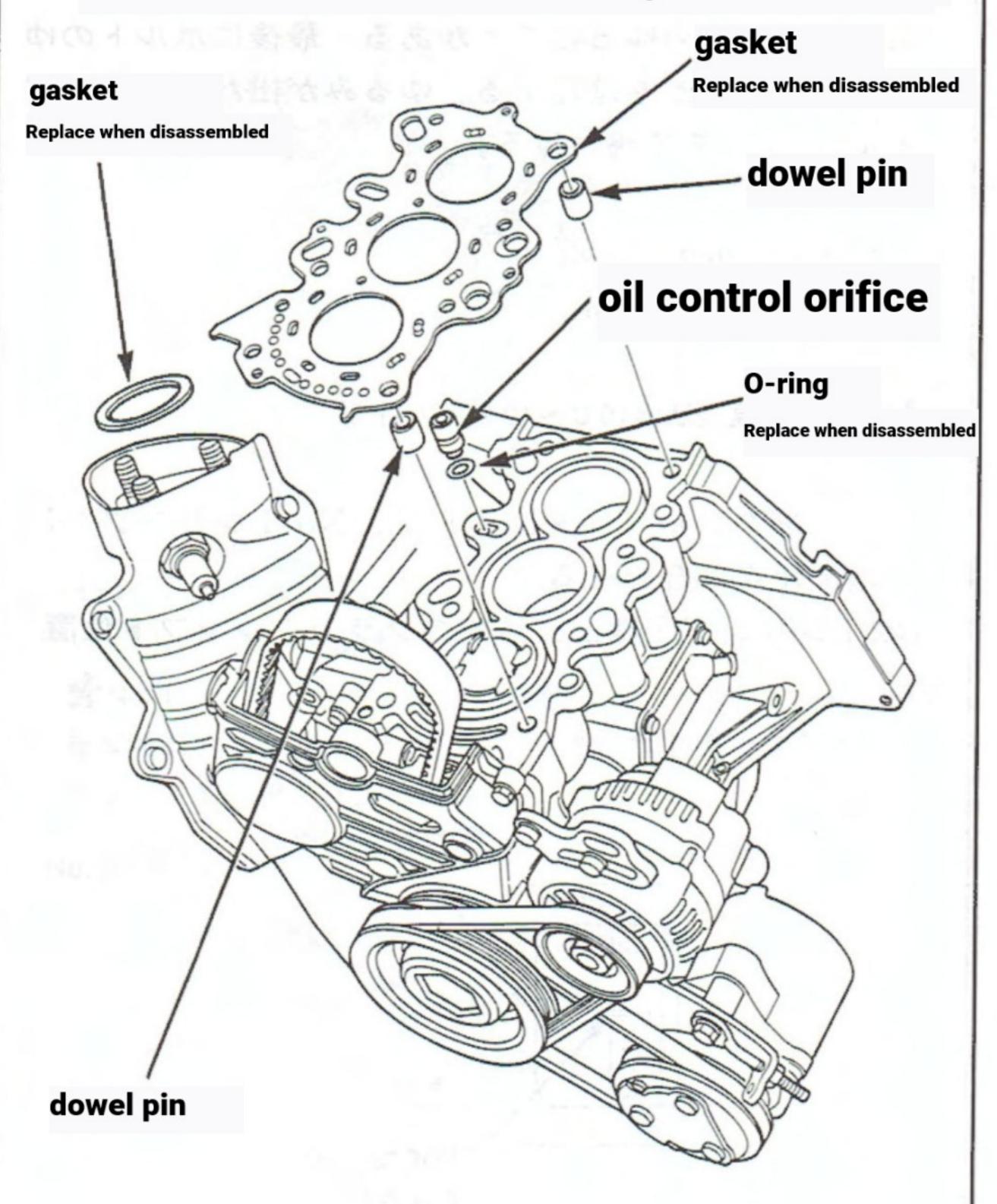
CAUTION Temporarily tighten the manifold from the inside to the outside, and then tighten to the specified torque.



 $^{3)}$ Install the exhaust manifold to the cylinder head.



Install the cylinder head gasket, dowel pin, and oil control orifice on the cylinder.

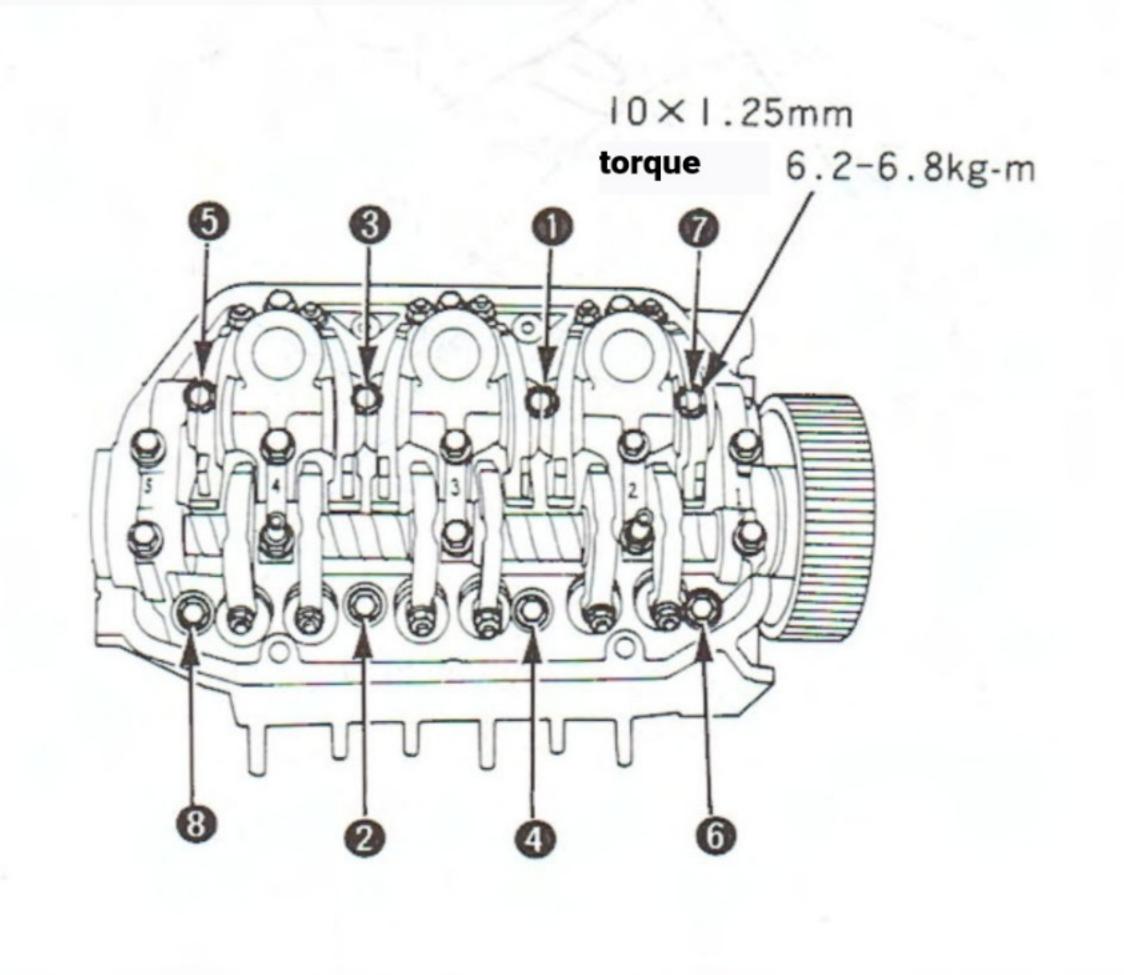


#### (5) Install the cylinder head.

CAUTION Temporarily tighten the cylinder head diagonally from the inside to the outside, and then tighten to the specified torque.

Apply genuine holder oil to the screw surface and washer seat surface.

Head bolt tightening order



adjustment.

CAUTION The crankshaft pulley bolt has a right-hand thread. During inspection, use the pulley bolt and turn it counterclockwise, so it may loosen. Tighten with a torque wrench.

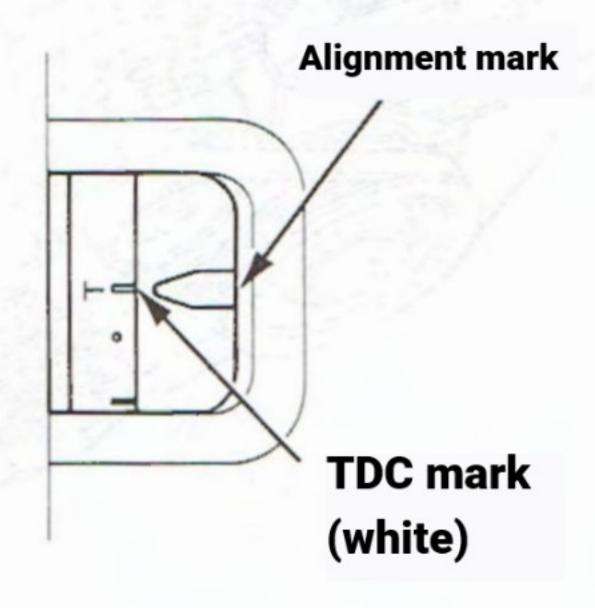
12×1.25mm

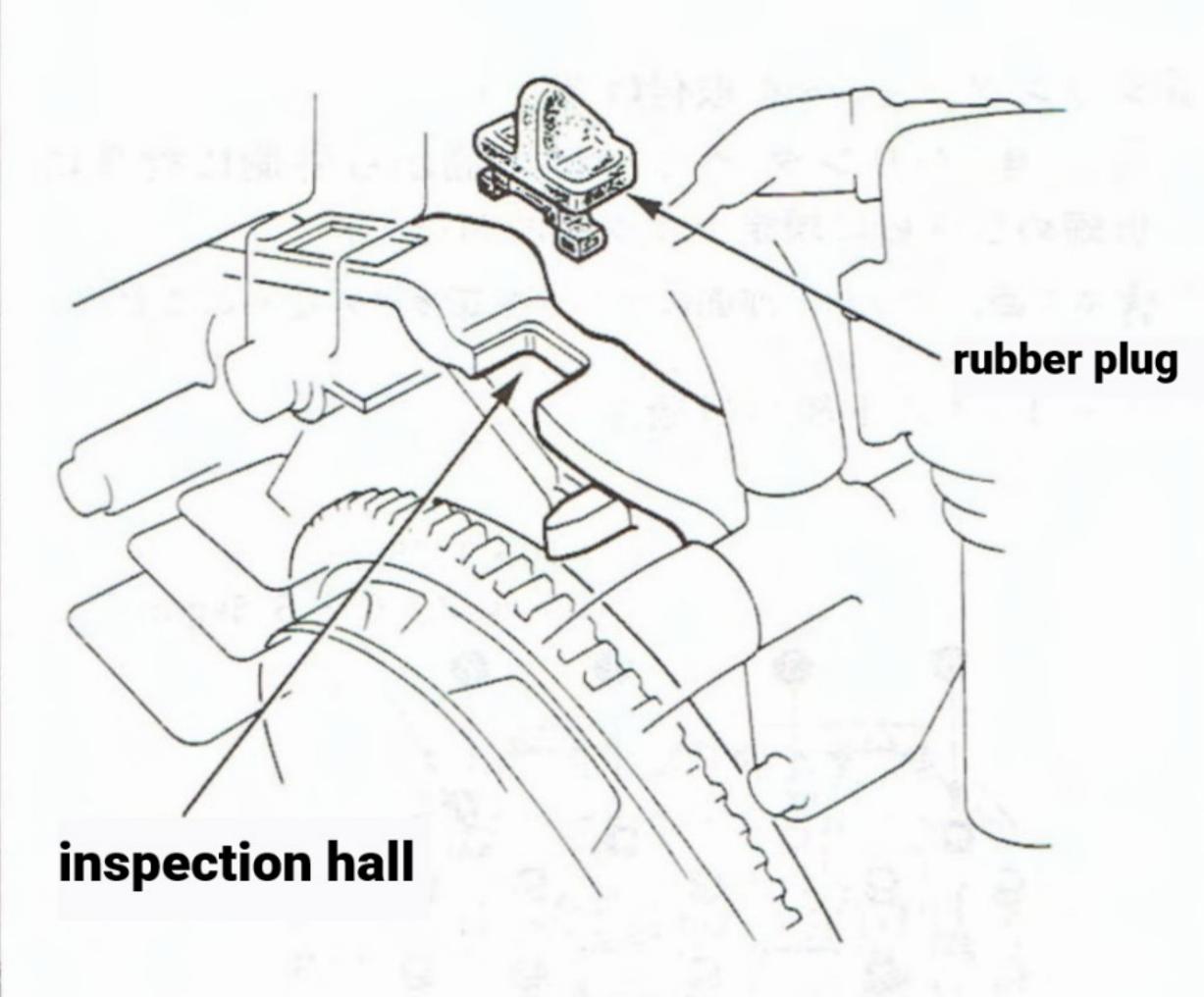
torque 11.5kg-m

- Adjustments are made at room temperature (oil temperature 10°C to 40°C).
- ① Rotate the crankshaft to align it with the compression top dead center of the No.1 cylinder.

No.1 Crankshaft position at cylinder compression top dead center

<Flywheel>

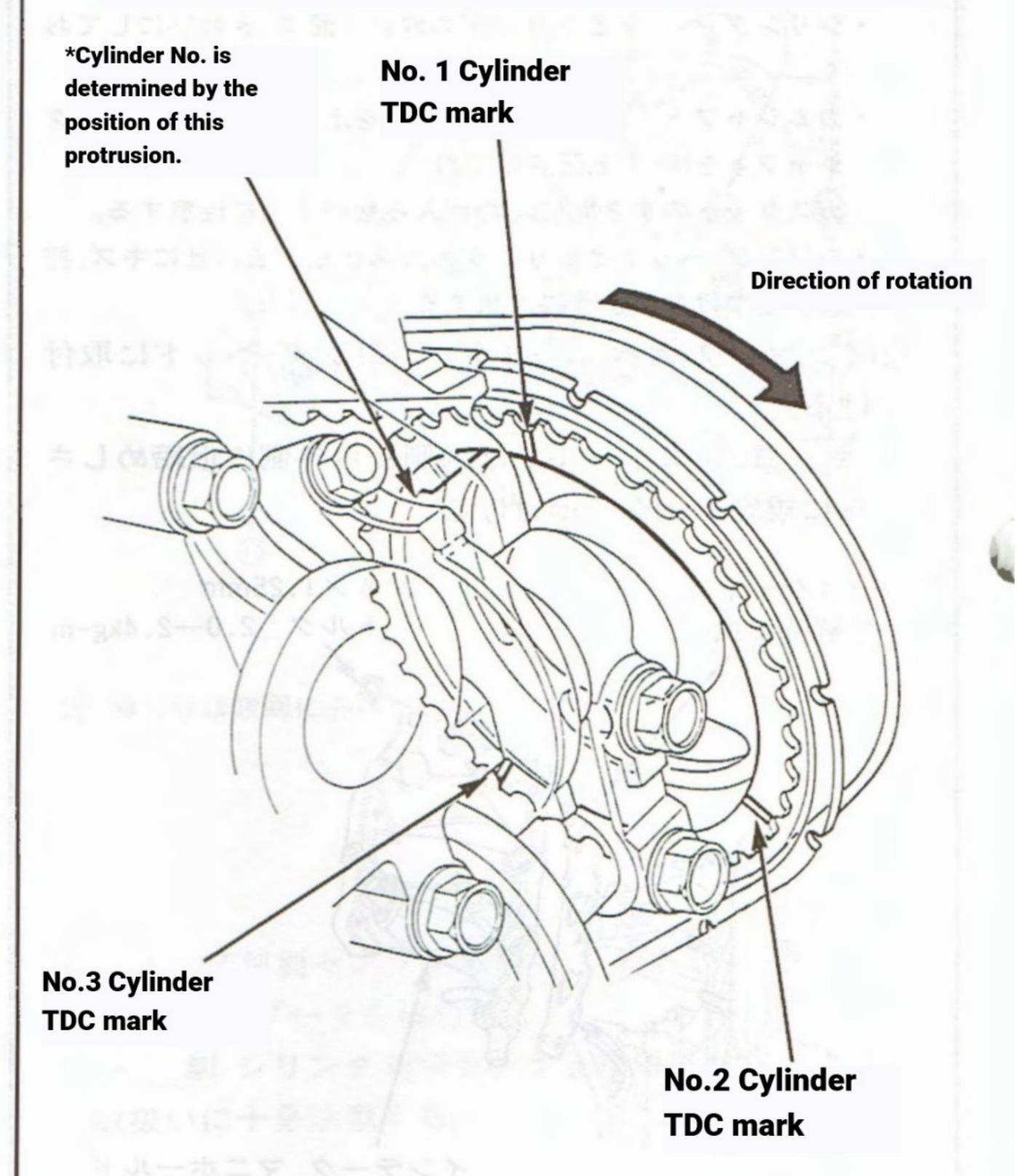


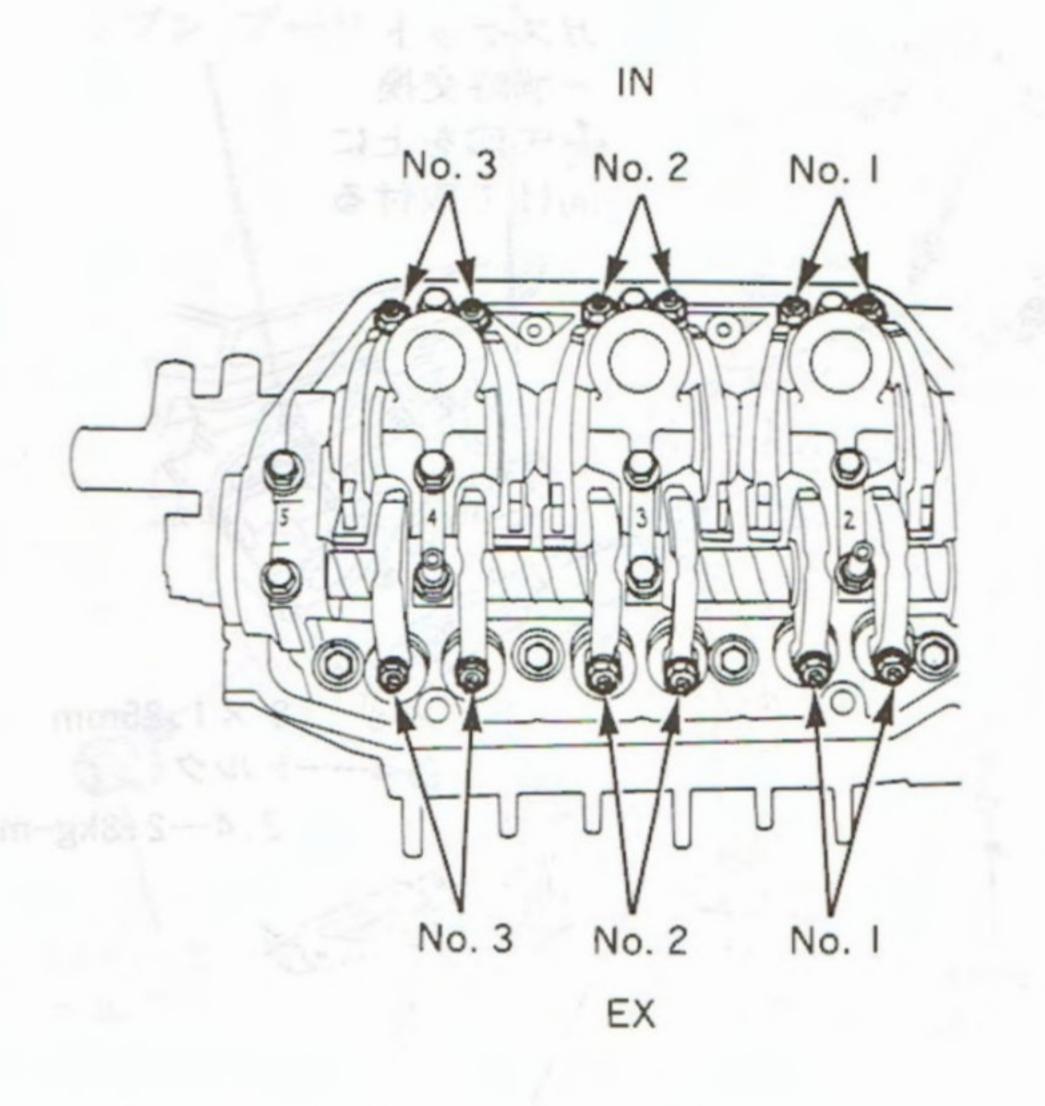


② Remove the cylinder head cover.

3 Check that the No.1 cylinder is at the compression top dead center.

\*Looking at the cam pulley from the back side, the TDC mark on the No.1 cylinder must be aligned with the top surface of the cylinder head.





- 4 Install the special tool as shown in the illustration, loosen the lock nut on the rocker arm adjusting screw, and turn the adjusting screw to adjust.
  - Apply engine oil to the bearing surface of the adjustment nut and the contact surface of the rocker arm.
    - Adjust in order of No.1, No.3 and No.2 cylinders.

Note: This is an aluminum rocker arm, so over tightening (overtorque) is strictly prohibited.

#### **Lock nut**

 $7 \times 0.75$ mm

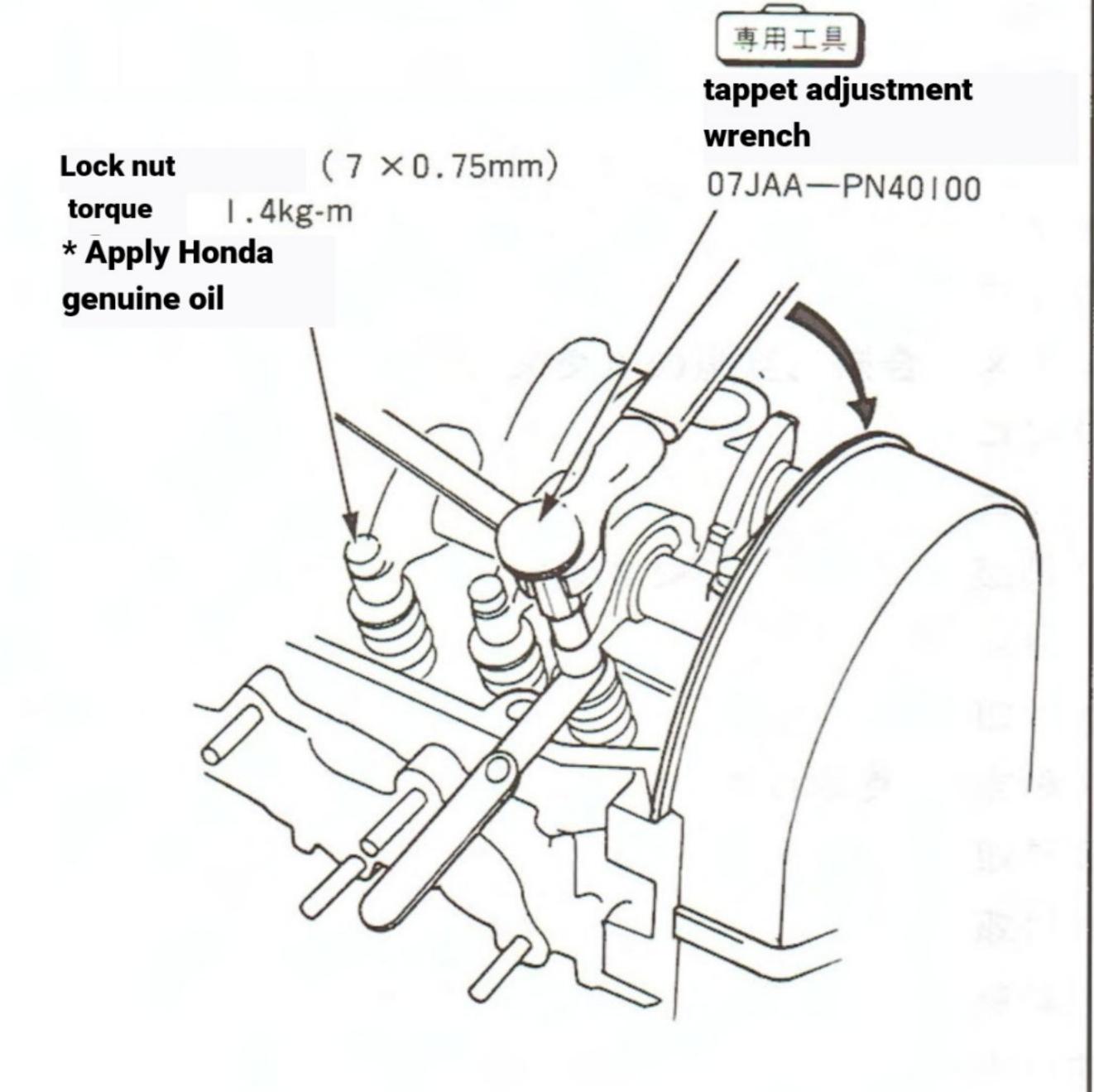
torque 1.4kg-m

#### IN clearance (cold)

Standard value 0.13-0.17mm

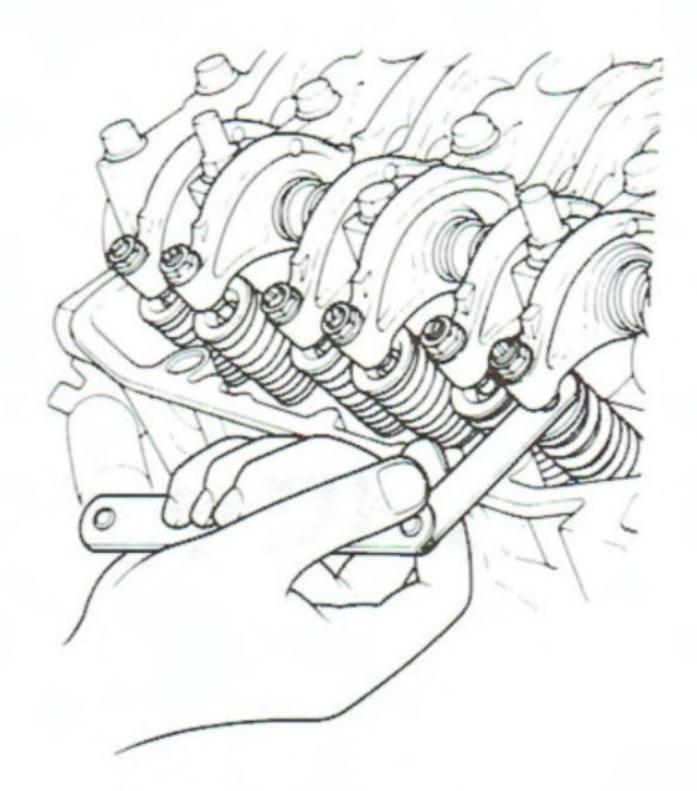
#### EX clearance (cold)

Standard value 0.23-0.27mm

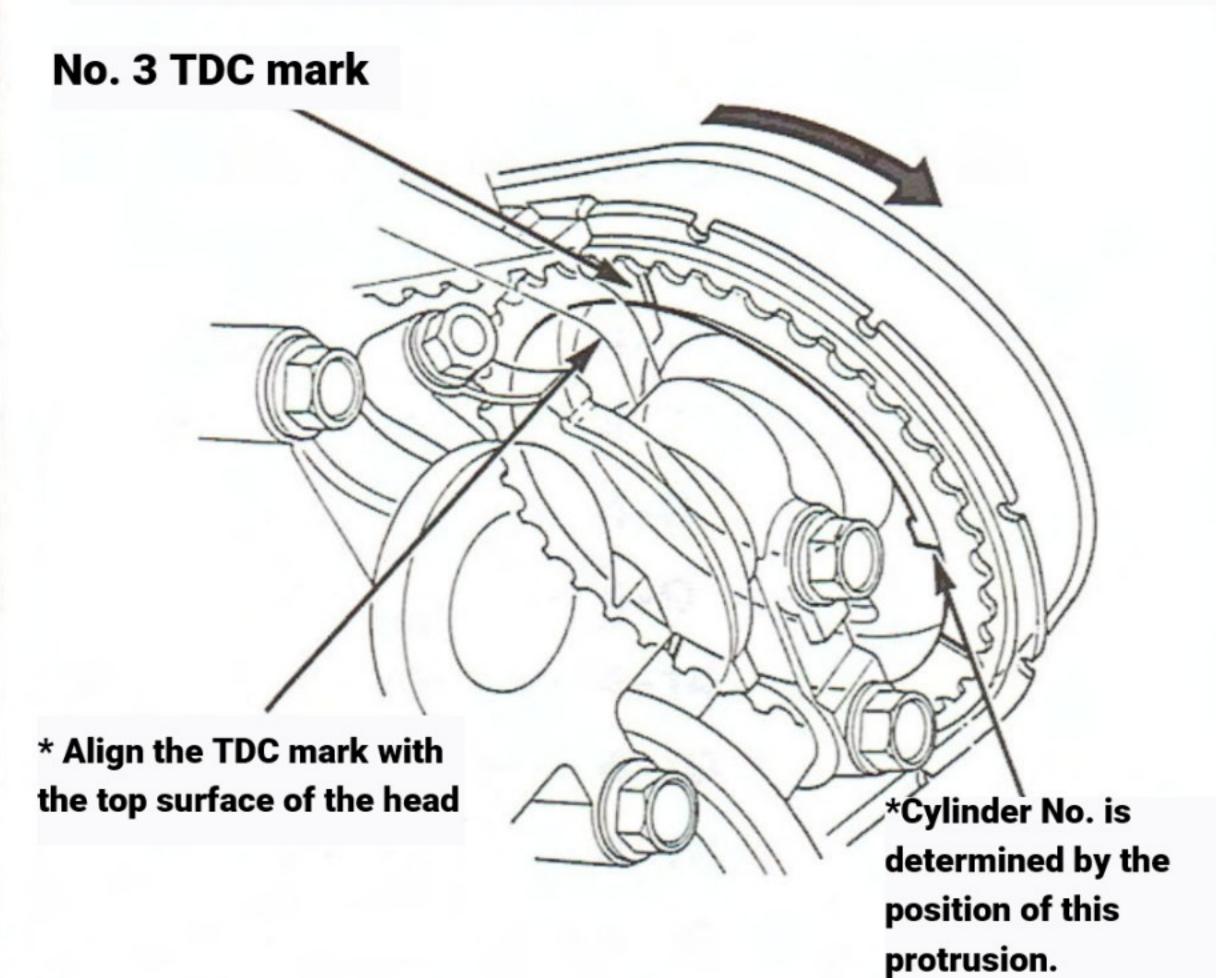


Tighten the lock nut and measure the clearance again with the thickness gauge.

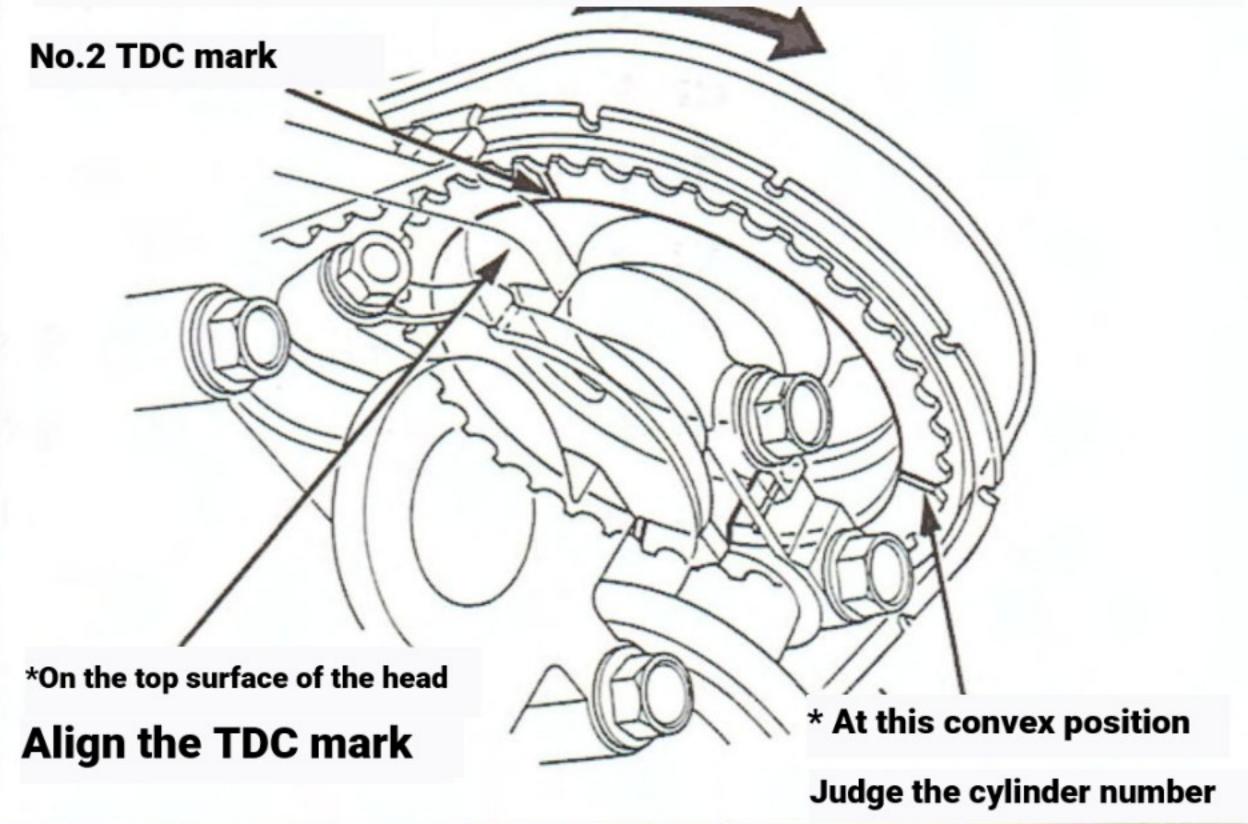
CAUTION Always use a torque wrench to tighten the lock nut.



- ⑥At the compression top dead center of each cylinder, adjust the clearance of the ISN valve EX valve.
- \* Compression top dead center of No.3 cylinder is the position where the crankshaft is rotated counterclockwise 240° (120° by cam pulley) from No.1 cylinder compression top dead center.



\*The No.2 cylinder compression top dead center is the position where the crankshaft is rotated 240° counterclockwise from the No.3 cylinder compression top dead center (120° with the cam pulley).



# Piston, Crankshaft, Cylinder

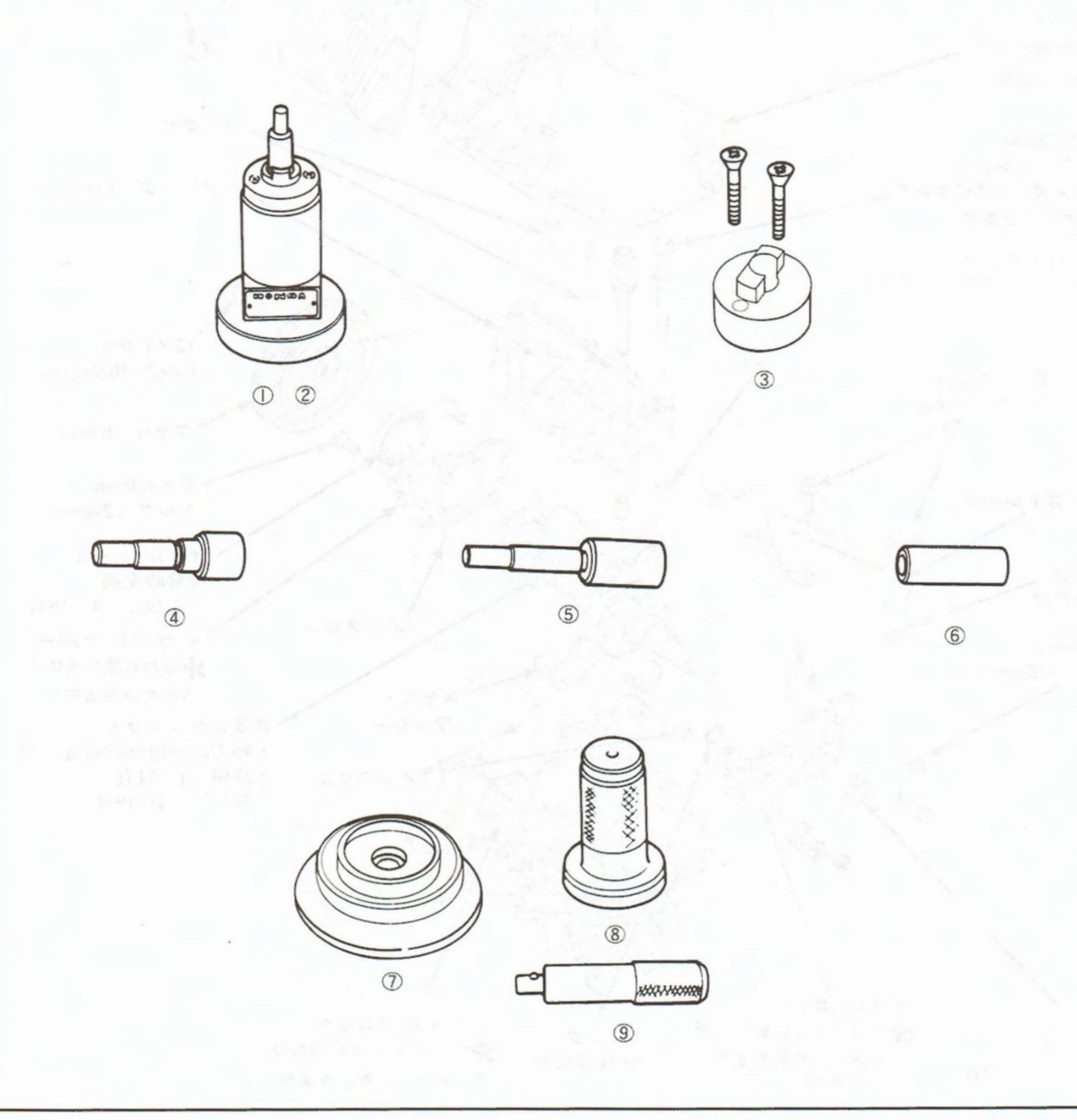
Service data		4-2
Specialized tool · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4-3
Development view · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4-4
connecting rod	Checking the axial play of the big e	end 4-6
Crankshaft	Axial play check	4-6
	Removal	4-10
	inspection · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-11
	Mounting	4-19
Measuring oil cleara	nce	
	main bearing .	4-7
	connecting rod bearing	4-7
Metal selection, mating	main bearing	4-8
	connecting rod bearing	4-9
	connecting rod ······	4-14
piston	Removal	4-10
	inspection · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-12
	Mounting	4-19
Cylinder block	inspection · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-13
piston pin	Removal	4-14
	Mounting	4-15
	inspection · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-15
piston ring	Measurement of joint clearance	4-16
	exchange · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-17
	Inspection of ring groove clearance	4-17
	abutment alignment	4-18
Oil seal	Mounting	4-18

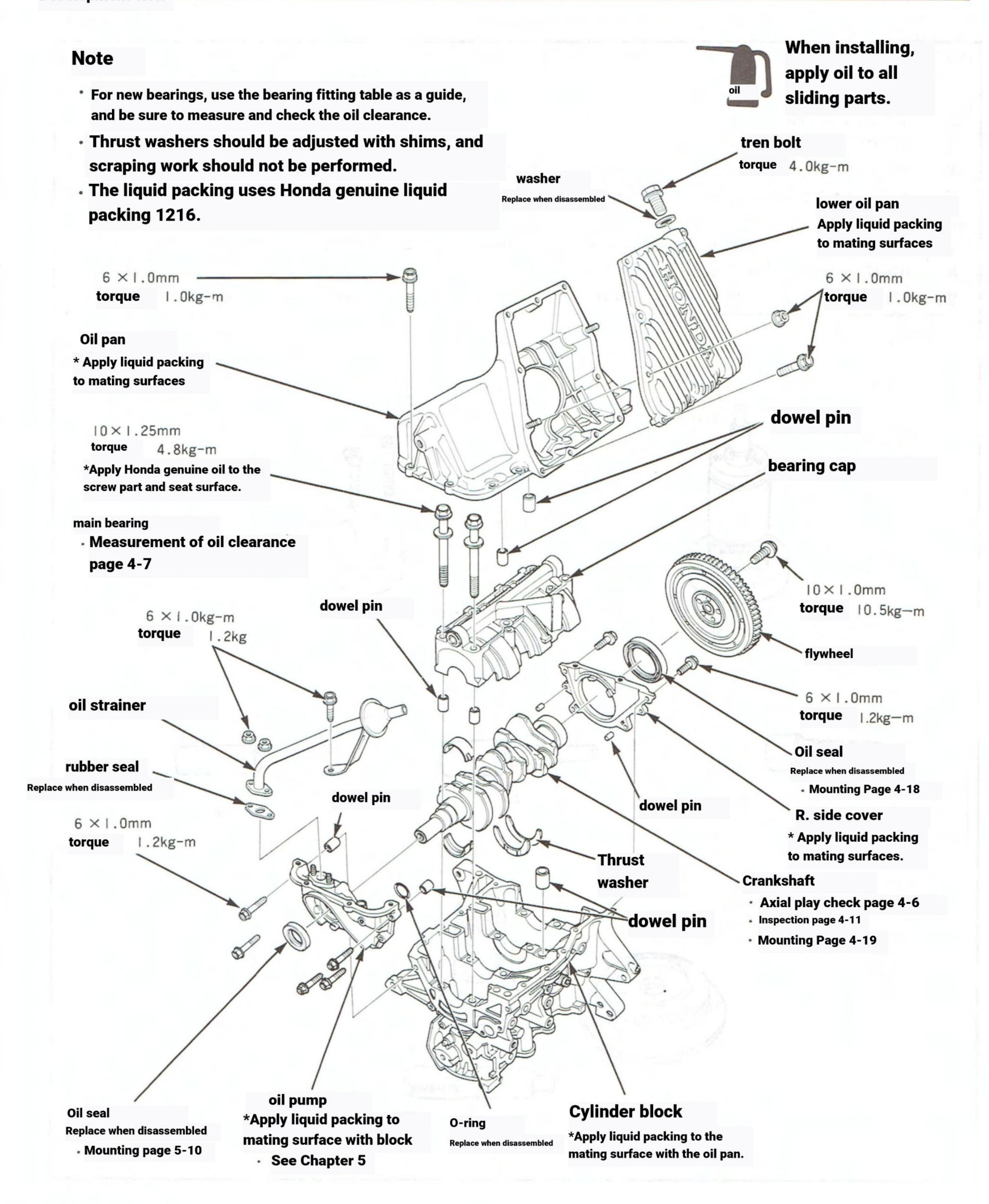
### Unit: mm unless otherwise specified.

part name	item		Standard value	limit	
	Distortion of the mating surfaces of the cylinder block and cylinder head		0.07 or less	0.10	
cylinder	inner diameter		66.00-66.02	66.07	
	Upper and lower inner diameter difference				0.05
	Cylinder expansion li	imit			0.5
	Outer diameter of the skirt part 13 mm at the lower part of the skirt			65.98-65.99	65.98
	Clearance with cylinder			0.010-0.040	0.04
piston	Тор		1.035-1.045	1.06	
	Ring groove width		second	1.225-1.235	1.25
	5353		oil	2.805-2.825	2.85
			Ton	0.040-0.065	0.13
4	Clearance between pist	on groove	second	0.035-0.060	0.13
piston ring	77-3		Тор	0.15-0.30	0.60
	Measurement of joint clearance second oil		second	0.30-0.45	0.60
			0.2-0.5	0.60	
piston pin	outer diameter			15.994-16.000	
	Clearance between piston pin and piston pin hole			0.010-0.022	
	Press fit allowance with piston pin			0.013-0.036	_
	Piston pin hole diameter			15.964-15.981	
connecting rod	Large end axial play			0.15-0.30	0.40
	Parallelism between big end and small end			0.12/100 or more	0.15/100
	journal diameter			39.976-40.000	
	Cylindricity (Taper)			0.0025 or less	0.01
Cronkohoft	pin diameter			35.976-36.000	_
Crankshaft	Roundness			0.0025 or less	0.01
	axial play			0.10-0.35	0.45
	shake		1237	0.15 or less	0.03
	journal oil	No. 1, No. 4 jou	rnal	0.016-0.032	0.05
oil clearance	clearance	No. 2 , No. 3 jou	rnal	0.020-0.038	0.05
	pin oil clearance			0.020-0.038	0.05

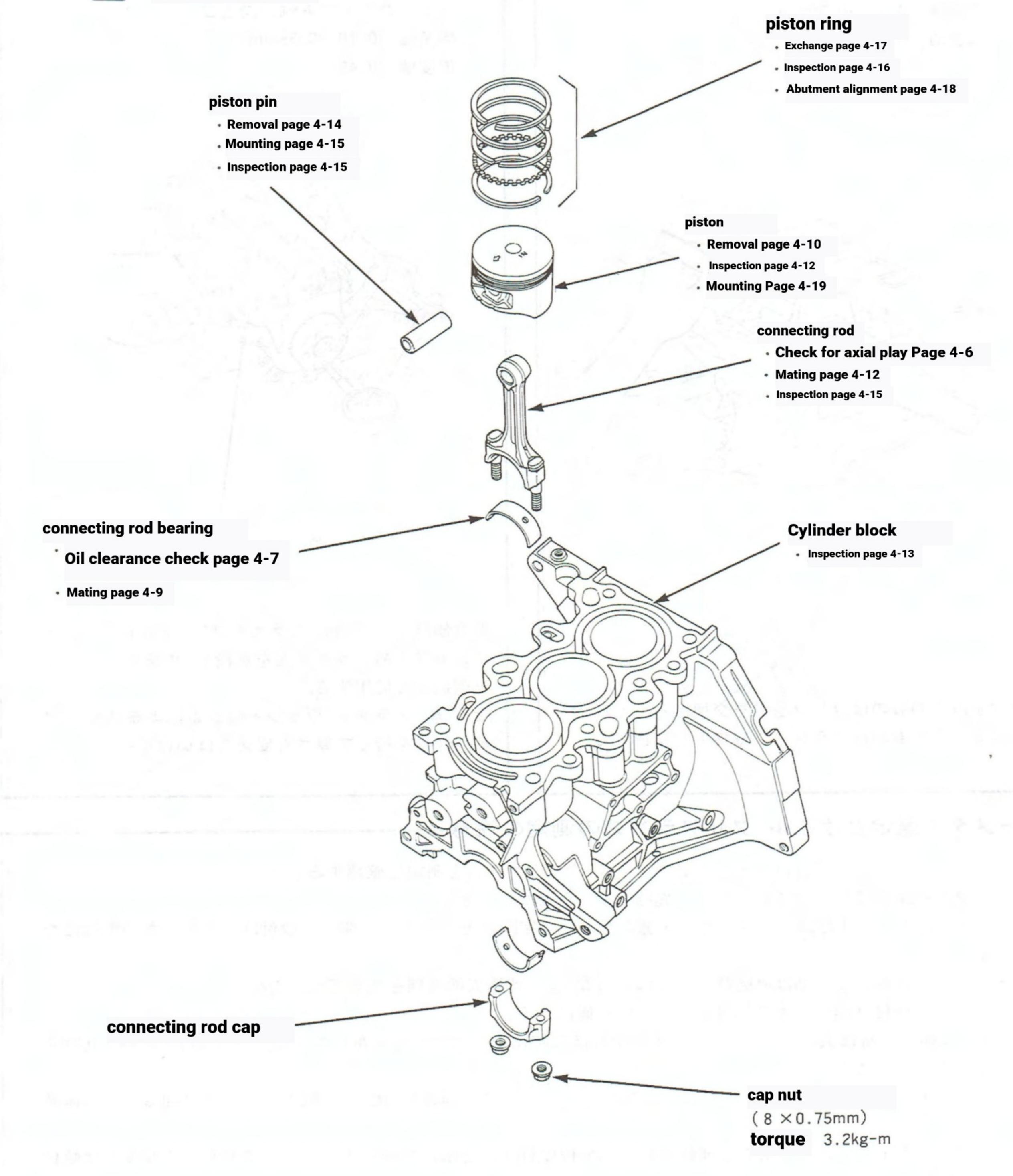
# Specialized tool

No.	tool number	Tool name	remarks
1	07973-6570500	piston base	
2	07973-6570600	piston base spring	
3	07JAF-PN40101	piston base head	
4	07973-SA70100	Tribapin insert attachment	
(5)	07973-SA70200	Adjustable insert attachment	
6	07LAF-PZ10200	pilot color	
7	07947-6790200	oil seal driver attachment	Crankshaft (clutch side)
8	07947-6340000	oil seal driver	Crankshaft (Pulley side)
9	07749-0010000	Driver handle A	07949-6110000も使用可









# connecting rod

# **Axial play check**

\*

Tighten the connecting rod cap nut to the specified torque.

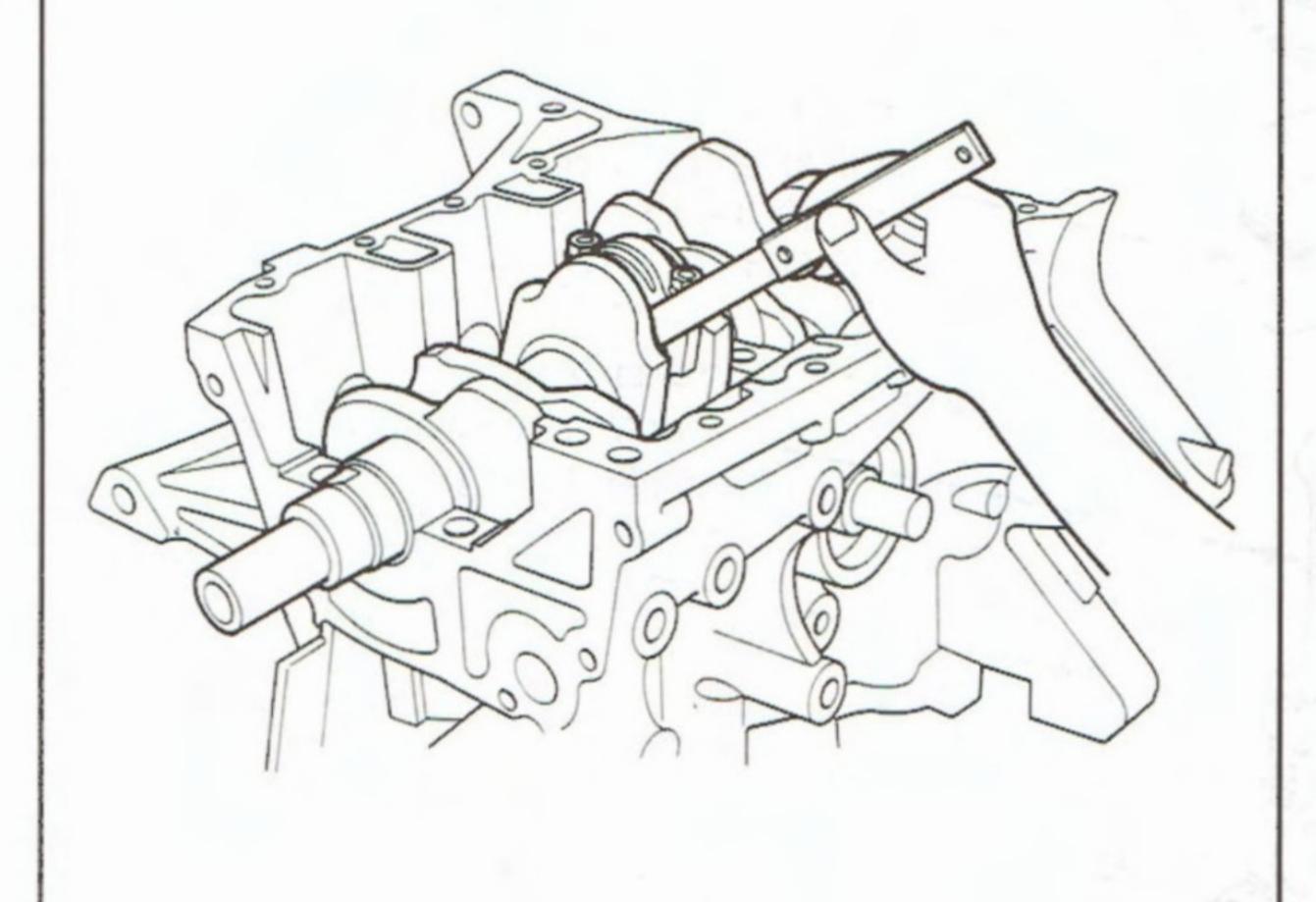
torque 3.2kg-m

Conrod big end play in the axial direction

Standard value 0.15-0.30mm

limit

0.40mm



If the value exceeds the limit, replace the connecting rod. If the value is still above the limit, replace the crankshaft.

# Crankshaft

# Axial play check

\*Tighten the main bearing cap bolt to the specified torque.

torque

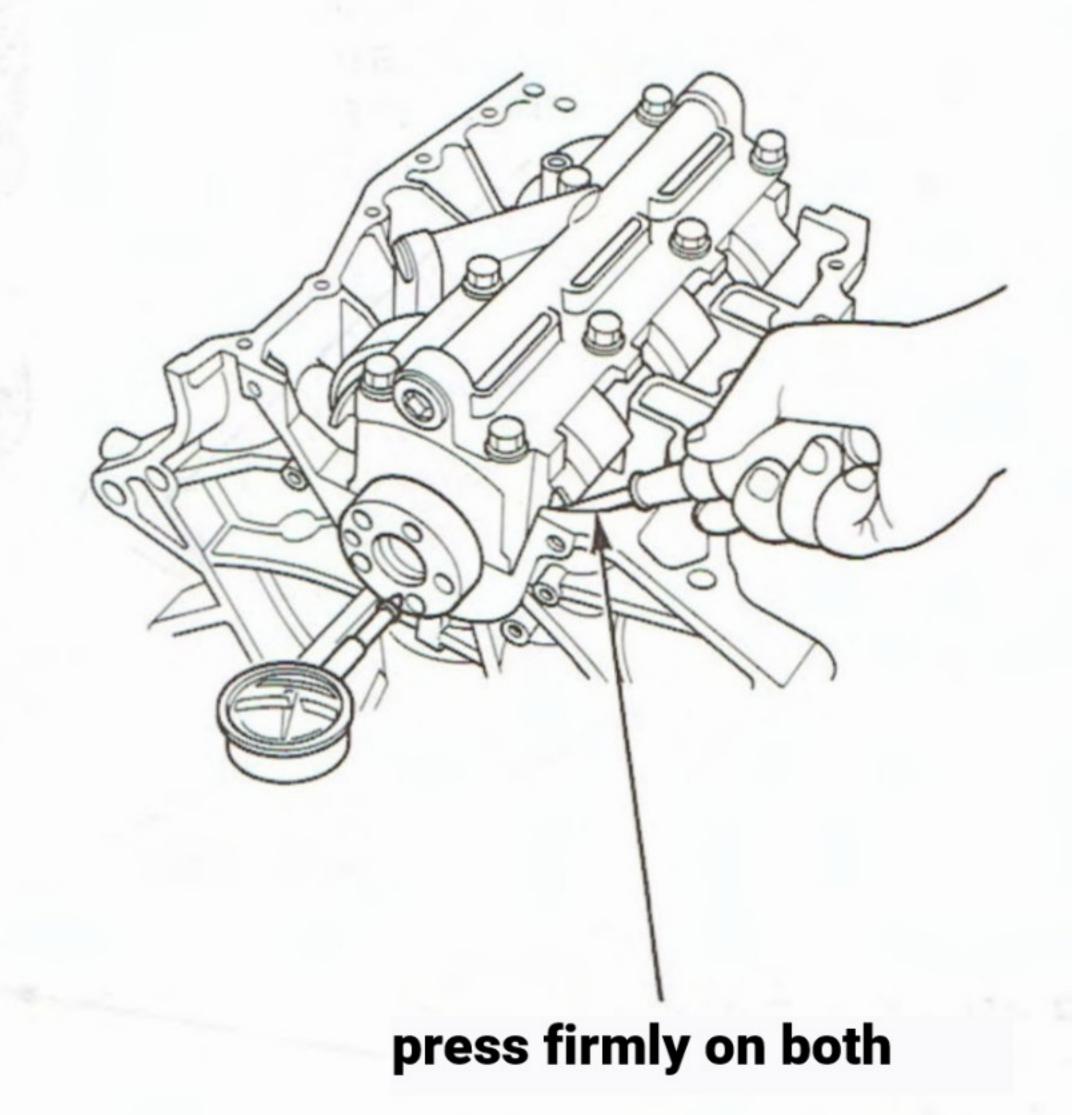
4.8kg-m

crankshaft axial play

Standard value 0.10-0.35mm

limit

0.45mm



If the value exceeds the limit, check the thrust washer and crankshaft thrust surface, and select a thrust washer for use.

CAUTION Do not change the thickness of the thrust washer by adjusting it with shims or scraping it.

### Precautions for metal selection and oil clearance measurement

- · Use the bearing fitting table as a guide, and be sure to measure and check the oil clearance.
- Since the metal sliding surface is made of lead alloy, do not allow foreign matter to enter.
- · Align the claws of the case or cap and set the metal completely.
- The journals and pins must not be polished (because they have undergone a special surface treatment).
- Accurate cap tightening sequence and tightening torque.
- \* When assembling metal parts, apply engine oil or molybdenum disulfide to the surface before assembling.
- After tightening the crank bearing cap and connecting rod cap, be sure to confirm that they rotate & lightly and smoothly by hand.
- · After assembly, idling the engine for 10 to 20 minutes to warm it up.

# Measuring oil clearance

### main bearing

### Note

- Be sure to measure in the axial direction.
- Tighten evenly diagonally from the center without rotating the crankshaft.
- Install the bearing and cap, tighten to the specified torque, and remove the cap bearing.
- ②Cut the plastigauge to length and place it on top of the crankshaft journal.
- Tighten the cap to the specified torque.

Specified torque 4.8kg-m

Remove the cap and measure the width of the plastigauge crushed with the scale printed on the plastigage bag.

journal oil clearance

Standard value No. 1, No. 4 journal

0.016-0.032mm

No.2, No.3 journal

0.020-0.038mm

limit 0.05mm

# plastigage

If the value is above the limit, check the cylinder block for enlargement and journal wear. If there are no abnormalities, replace the main bearing with an undersized bearing according to the main bearing identification table and measure the oil clearance again.

### connecting rod bearing

### Note

- · Be sure to measure in the axial direction.
- Tighten the connecting rod cap evenly without turning the crankshaft.
- (1) Install the bearing and cap, and remove the tightening cap and bearing with the specified torque.
- ②Cut a plastigage lengthwise and place it over the crankshaft pin.
- 3 Tighten the cap to the specified torque.

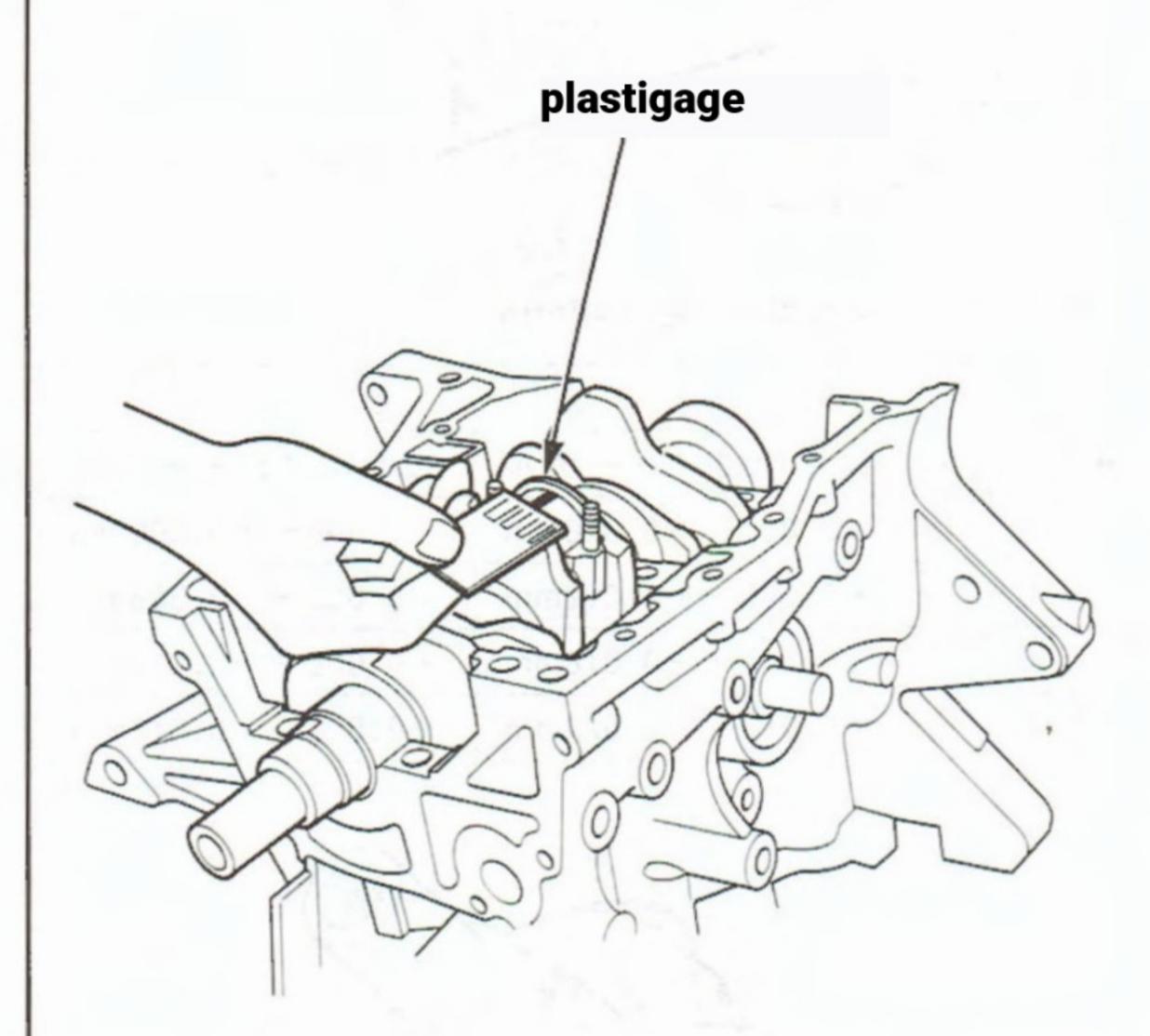
Specified torque 3.2kg-m

Remove the cap and measure the width of the plastigauge crushed with the scale printed on the plastigage bag.

pin oil clearance

Standard value 0.020-0.038mm

limit 0.05mm



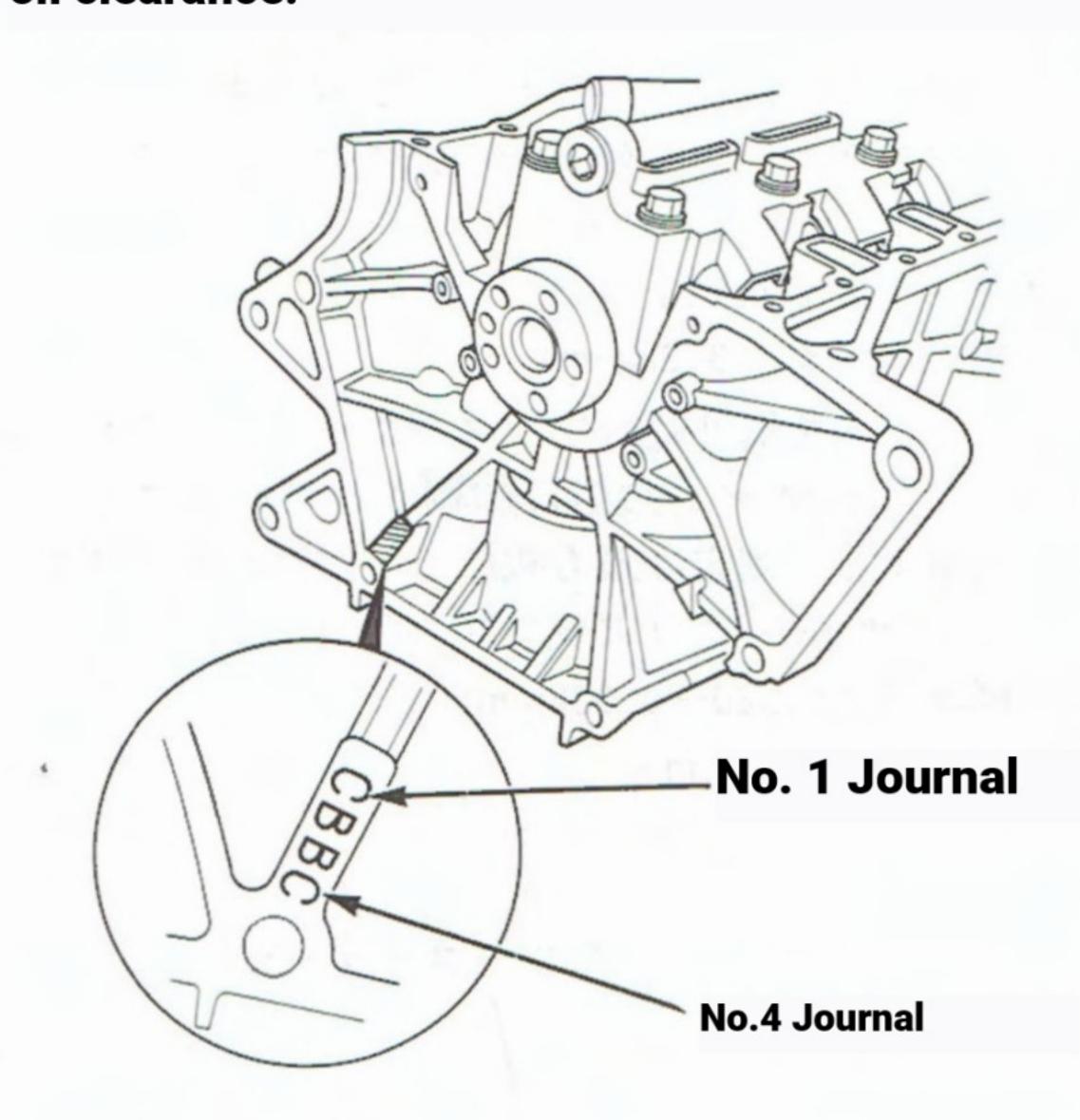
If the value exceeds the limit, check the connecting rod for enlargement and pin wear. If there are no abnormalities, replace the bearing with an undersized bearing according to the connecting rod bearing identification table and measure the oil clearance again.

# Metal selection, mating

### main bearing

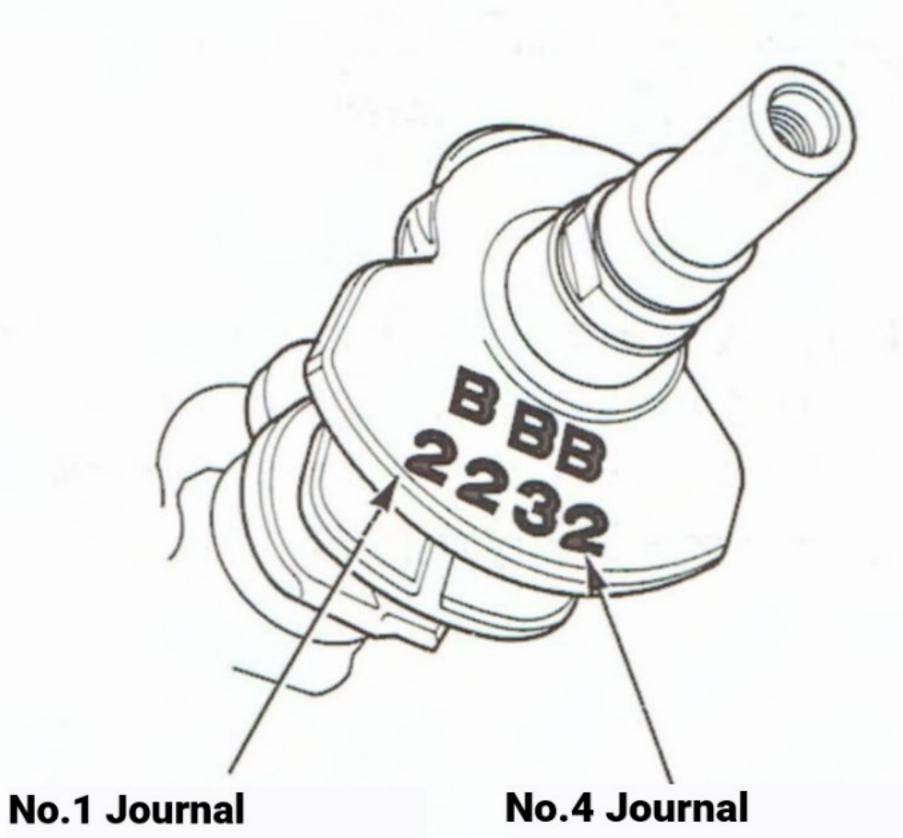
### Note

- \* When replacing the main bearing, check the fitting mark on the crankshaft journal and the fitting mark on the cylinder block hole diameter, and select from the fitting table.
- Install the selected bearing and measure the axial oil clearance.

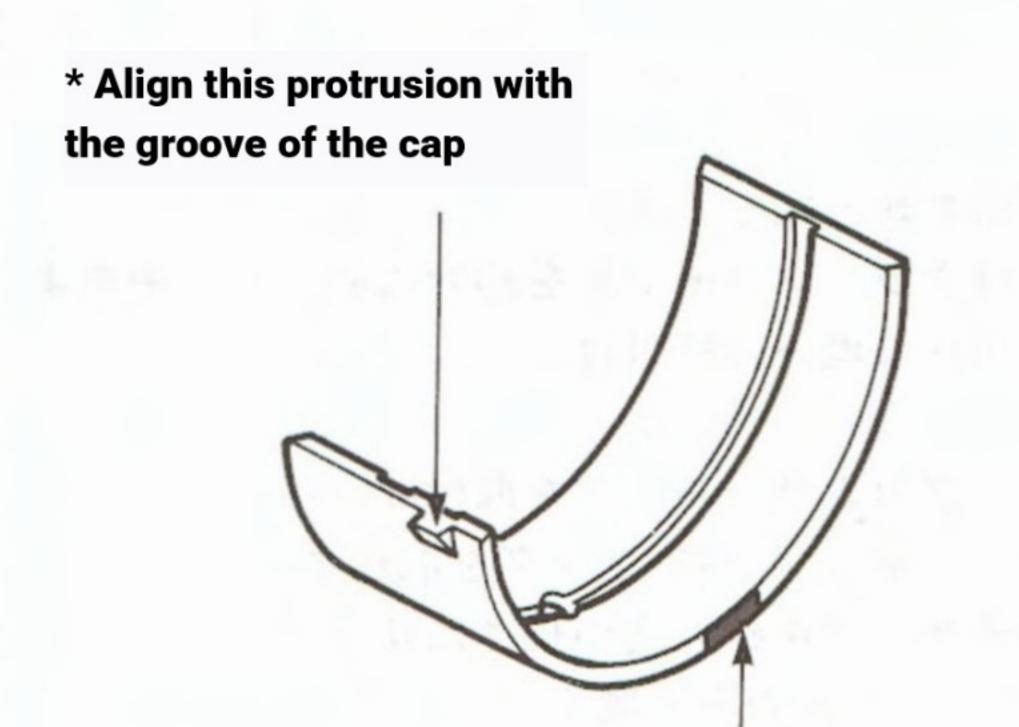


cylinder block hole diameter (44mm)

	tolerance			
mating mark	No.2, No.3 Journal	No.1, No.4 Journal		
А	+0.000-+0.006mm	-0.006-+0.000mm		
В	+0.006-+0.012mm	+0.000-+0.006mm		
С	+0.012-+0.018mm	+0.006-+0.012mm		
D	+0.018-+0.024mm	+0.012-+0.018mm		



Location of crankshaft journal mating mark



identification color

### Identification table

### Bearing center thickness 2.0mm

mark	identification color	tolerance
G	red	0.0000.003mm
F	pink	+0.003- 0.000mm
Ε	yellow	+0.006-+0.003mm
D	green	+0.009-+0.006mm
С	brown	+0.012-+0.009mm
В	black	+0.015-+0.012mm
А	blue	+0.018-+0.015mm

Metals are identified by color in the order of blue, black, brown, green, yellow, pink, red, and metals with a tolerance of 0.003mm are available.

### Main bearing mating chart

Crankshaft journal mating mark	Mating mark for cylinder block bore diameter				
	Α	В	С	D	
	Bearing identification color				
1	red	pink	yellow	green	
2	pink	yellow	green	brown	
3	yellow	green	brown	black	
4	green	brown	Black	blue	

The oil clearance takes into account the expansion of the housing due to a crash.

The oil clearance is preselected so that the No.1 journal is 0.016-0.032mm, and the No.2 and No.3 journals are 0.020-0.038mm.

CAUTION Do not use this fitting table alone, but be sure to measure the oil clearance.

# -connecting rod bearing

### Note

- When replacing the connecting rod bearing, check the fitting mark on the crankshaft pin and the fitting mark on the connecting rod and select from the fitting table.
- Install the selected bearing and measure the axial oil clearance.

### Connecting rod bearing mating table

	Connecting rod mating mark				
Mating Marks on Crankshaft Pins	1	2	3	4	
	Bearing identification table				
A	red	pink	yellow	green	
В	pink	yellow	green	brown	
С	yellow	green	brown	black	
D	green	brown	black	blue	

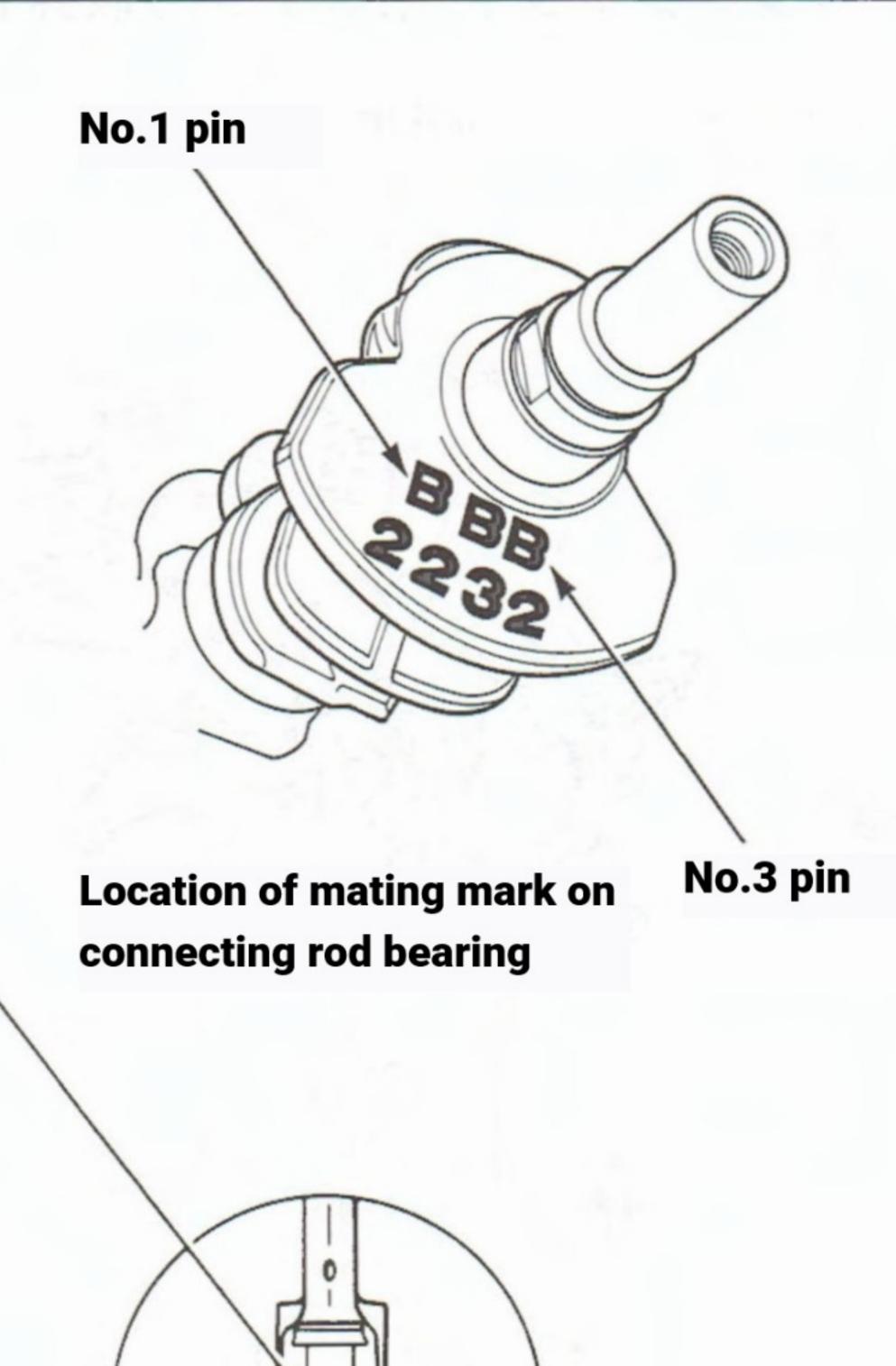
The oil clearance takes into account the expansion of the connecting rod due to a crash. The oil clearance is pre-selected to be 0.020-0.038mm.

### identification color

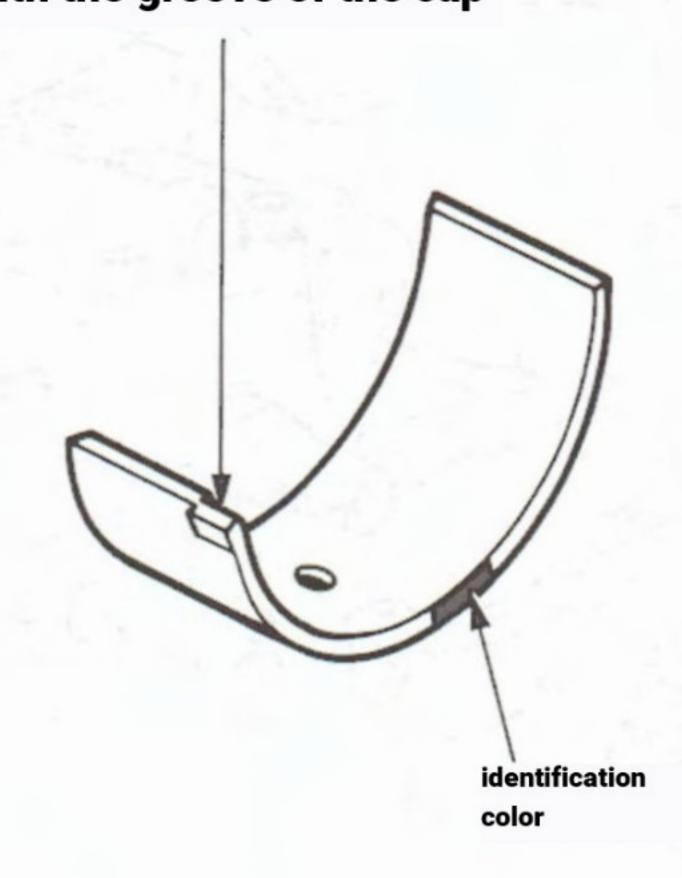
### Bearing center thickness 1.5mm

mark	identification color	tolerance
G	red	-0.0050.008mm
F	pink	-0.0020.005mm
E	yellow	+0.0010.002mm
D	green	+0.004-+0.001mm
С	brown	+0.007 - +0.004mm
В	black	+0.010-+0.007mm
Α	blue	+0.013-+0.010mm

The metals are identified by color, in the order of blue, black, brown, green, yellow, pink, and red, with a tolerance of 0.003mm.



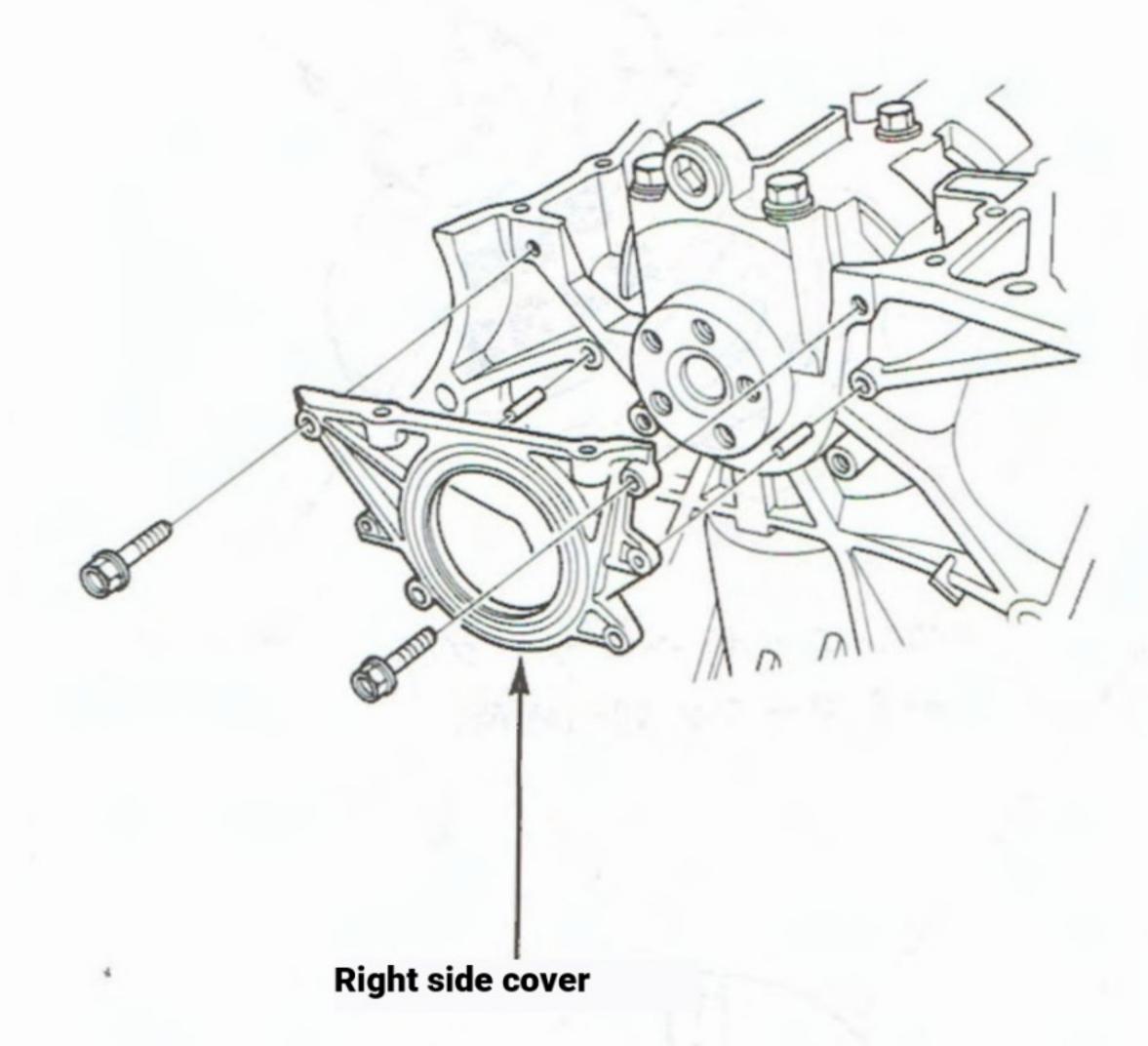
\* Align this protrusion with the groove of the cap



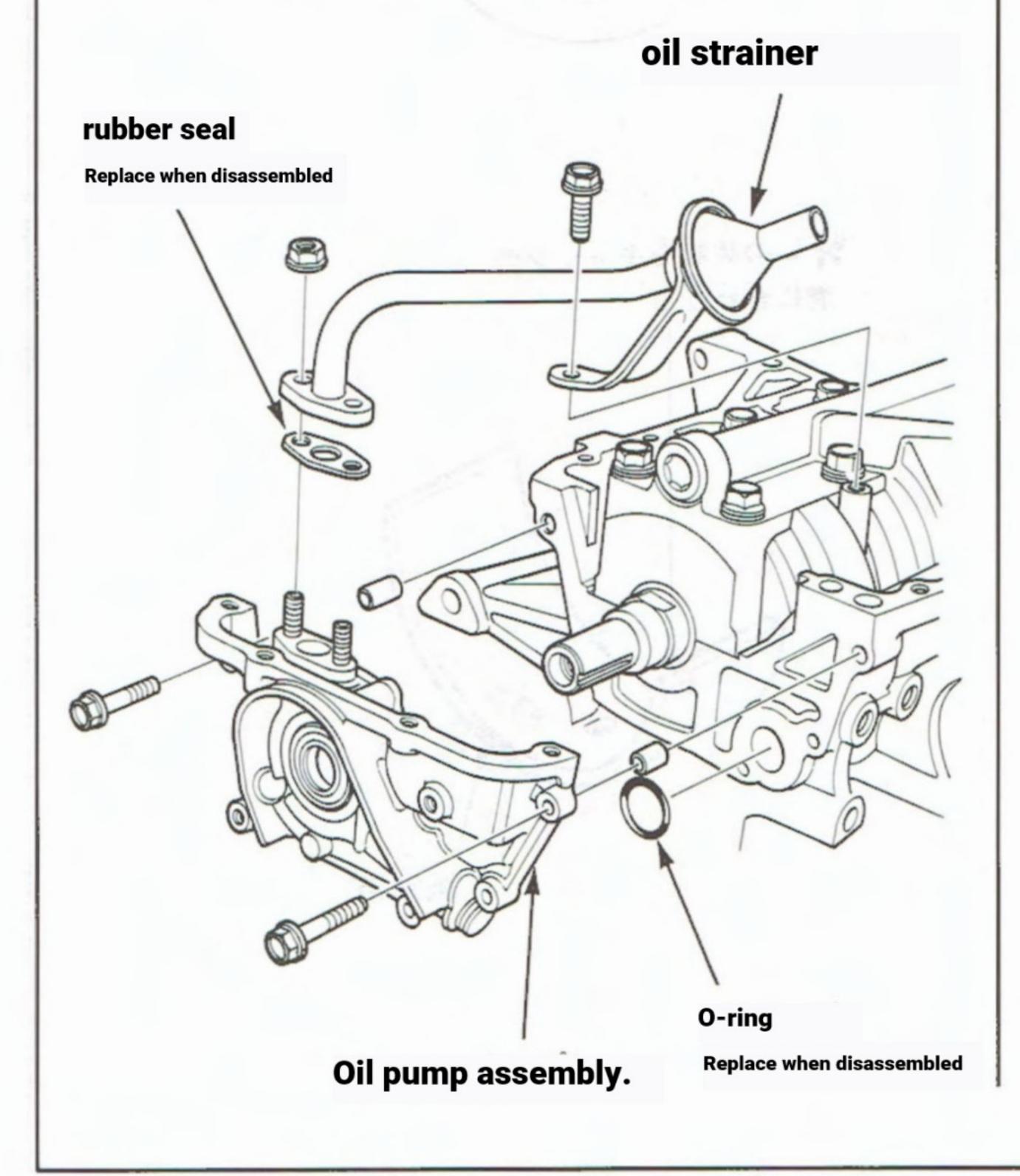
# Piston, Crankshaft, Cylinder

# Removal of crankshaft and piston

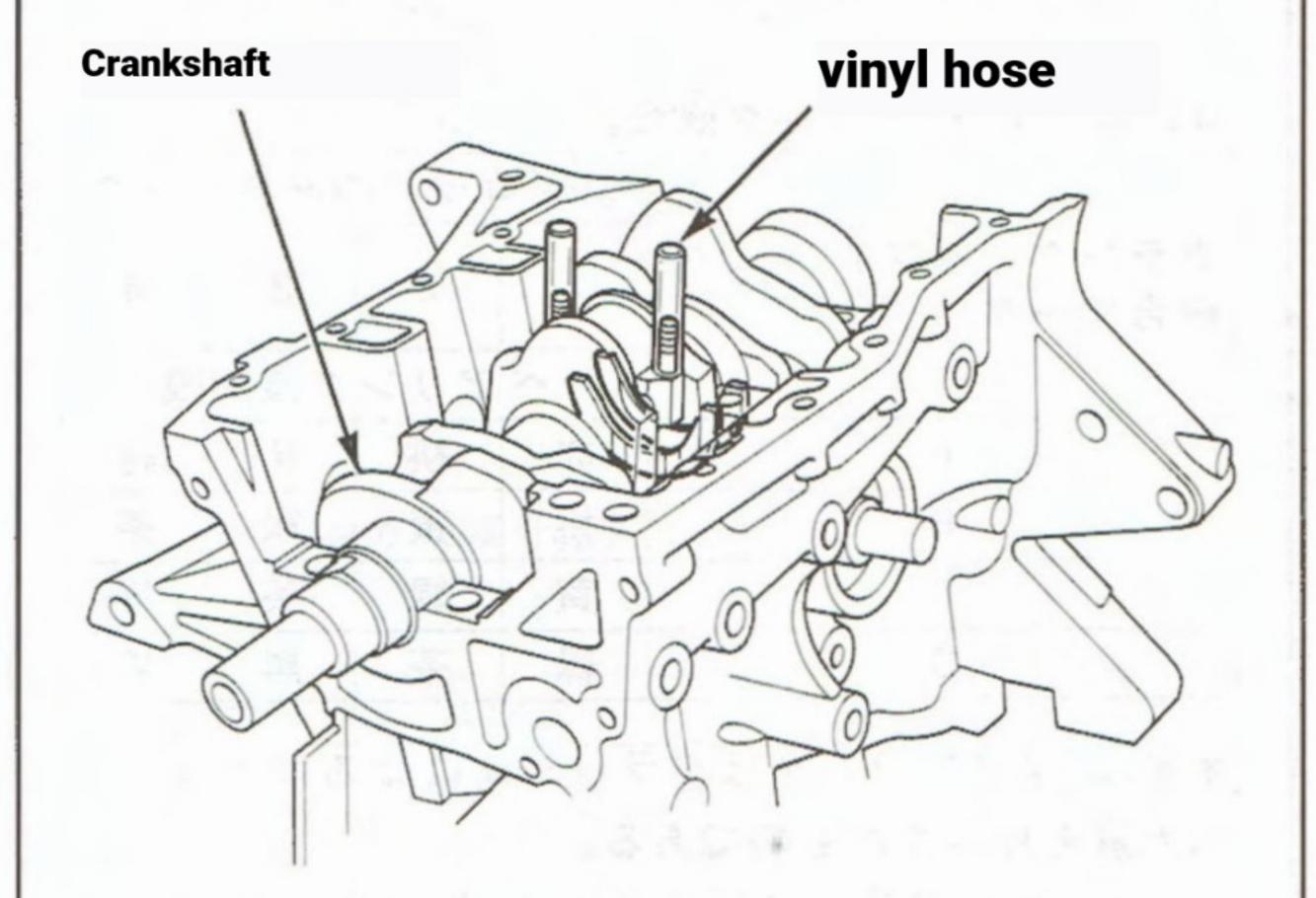
① Remove the right side cover.



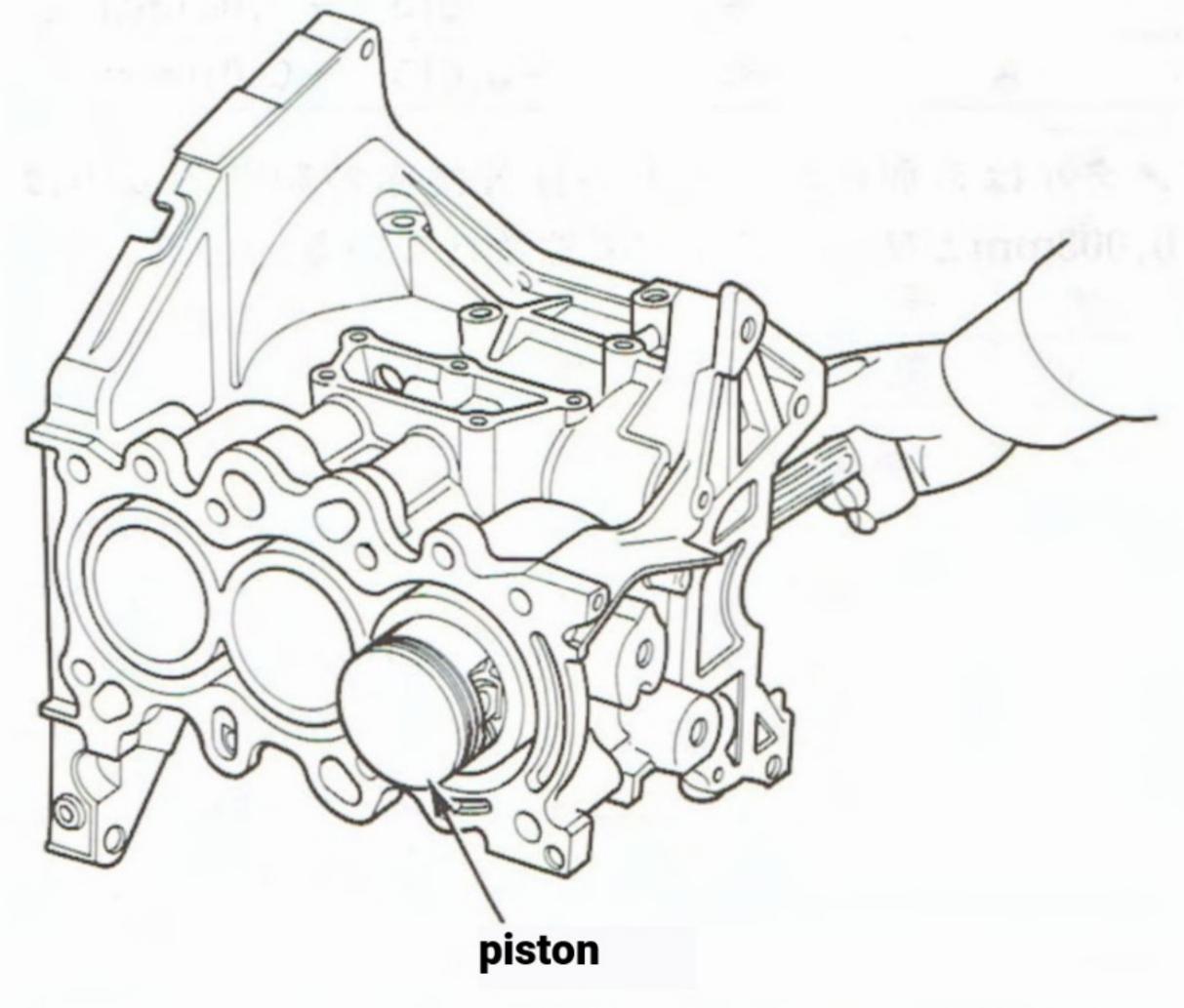
- ②Remove the oil strainer mounting bolt and remove the oil strainer.
- ③ Remove the oil pump assembly.



- (4) Remove the bearing cap.
- (5) Remove the connecting rod cap.
- ⑥ Remove the crankshaft without damaging the journal or pin.
- \*Attach a vinyl hose, etc., to the connecting rod bolt to prevent the crankshaft, cylinder, etc. from being scratched.



- ①Use a hammer handle to push the piston out of the cylinder.
  Note
  - Be careful not to damage the cylinder with the connecting rod.
  - Before removing the piston, remove the carbon from the top surface of the cylinder.
  - Attach the cylinder number to the piston head before removing the piston, and attach the cylinder number to the same position when installing.
  - Handle the gasket mating surface so as not to scratch or dent it.



# Crankshaft

-inspection

- ①Measure roundness.
- 2 Measure taper (cylindricity).

### Roundness

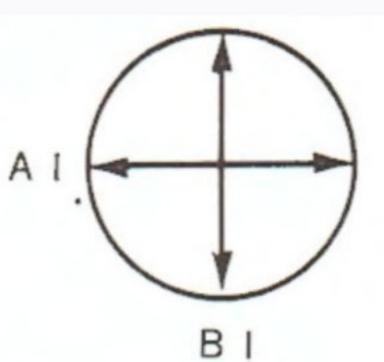
Roundness is measured at points A1 and B1 on each crankshaft journal and outside diameter.

Roundness is the difference between A1 and B1

Standard value 0.0025mm Less than

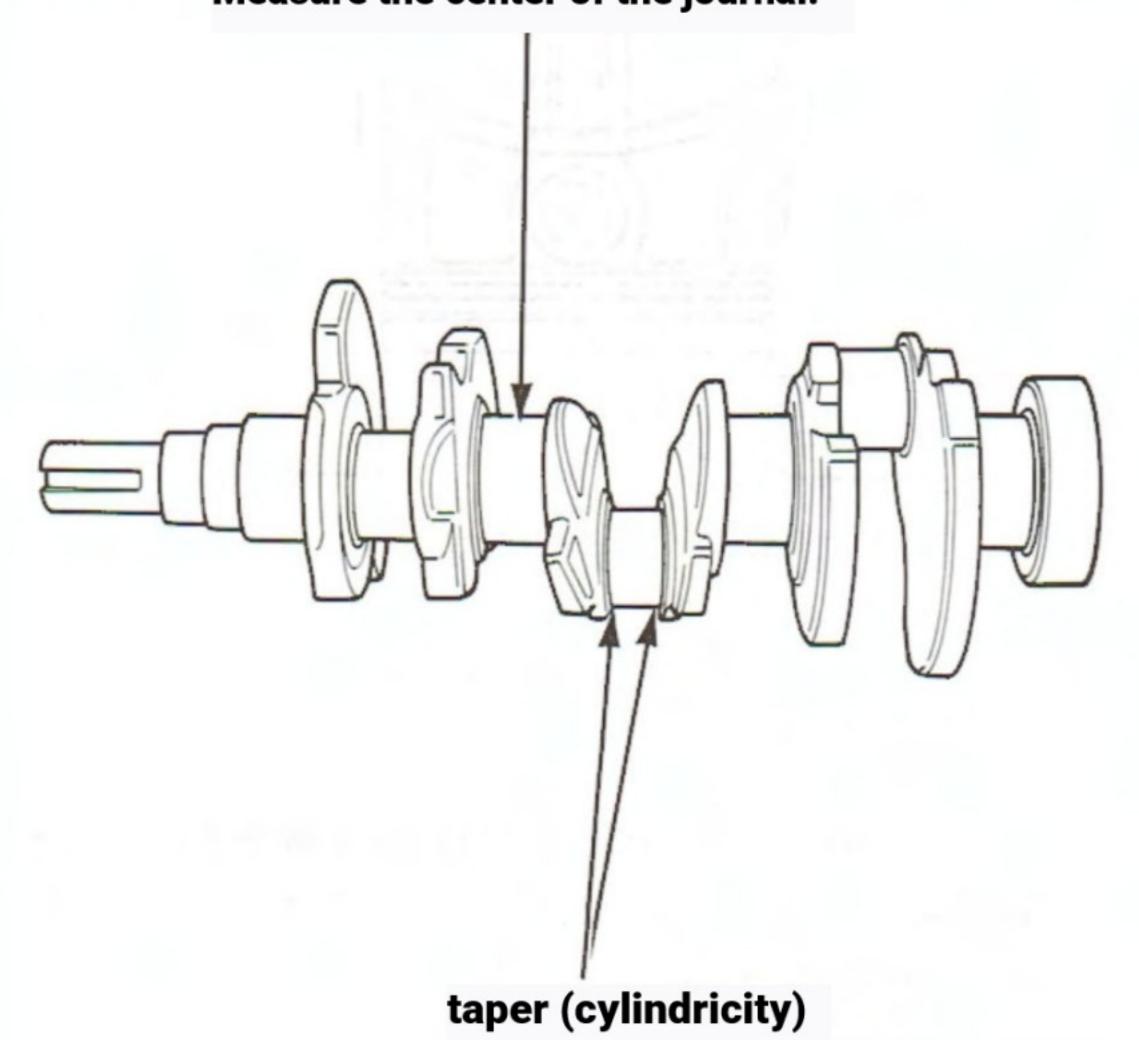
limit

0.0100mm



Roundness

Measure the center of the journal.



Measure both ends of the journal

### taper (cylindricity)

Taper is measured at points A and B on the outer diameter of each crankshaft journal and pin.

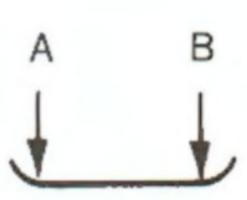
Difference between tapers A and B

Standard value 0.0025mm Less than

limit

0.0100mm

Taper





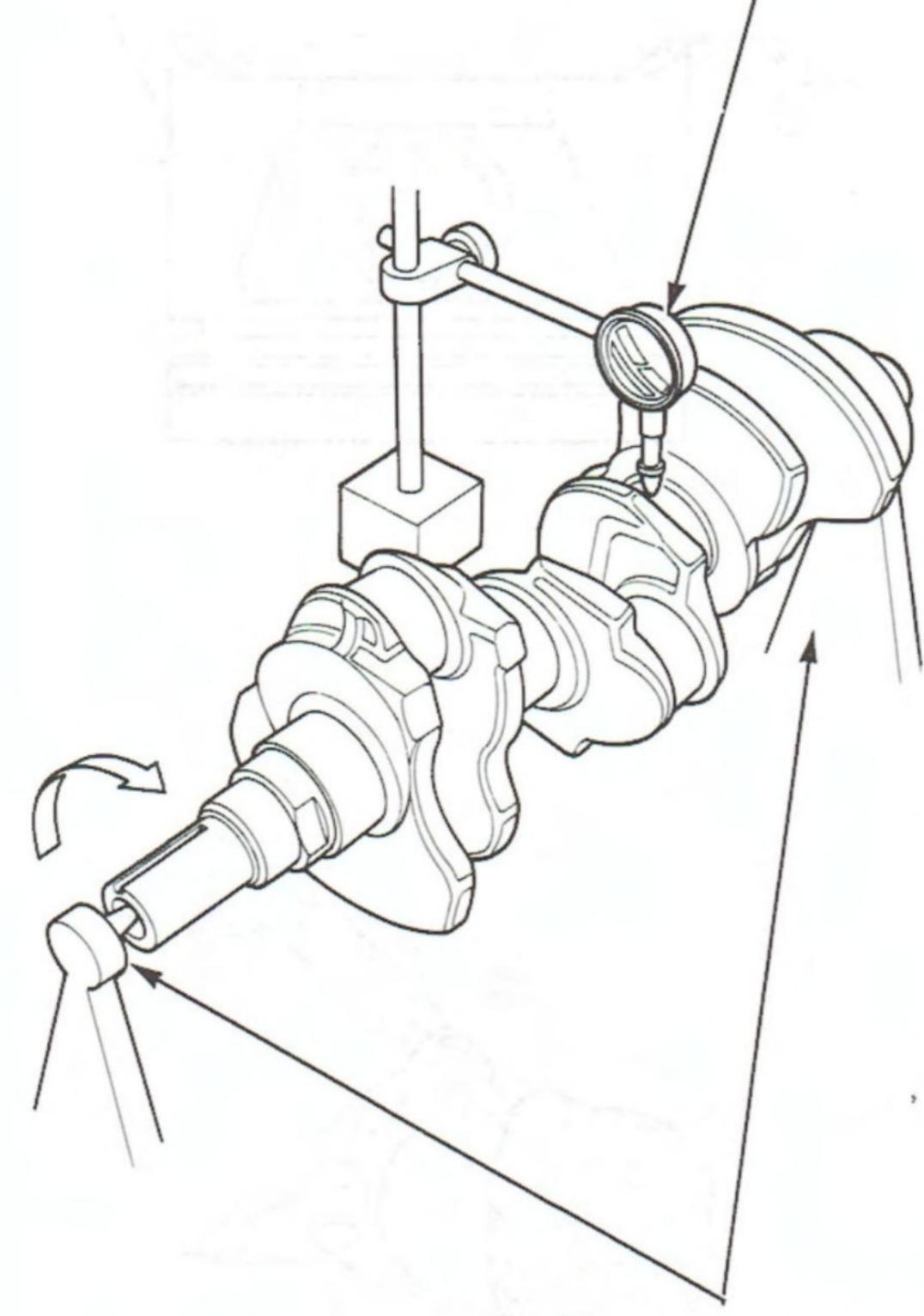
- ③ Inspect and clean the oil hole.
- 4 Inspect the keyway and threads.
- (5) Inspect each journal for run-out of the crankshaft.

Note: Deflection is 1/2 of the gauge's maximum indicated value.

Standard value 0.015mm Less than

**limit** 0.030mm

Dial gauge
Rotate and measure



\*Hold the center of both ends or place the journals on both ends on the V-bronic.

# piston

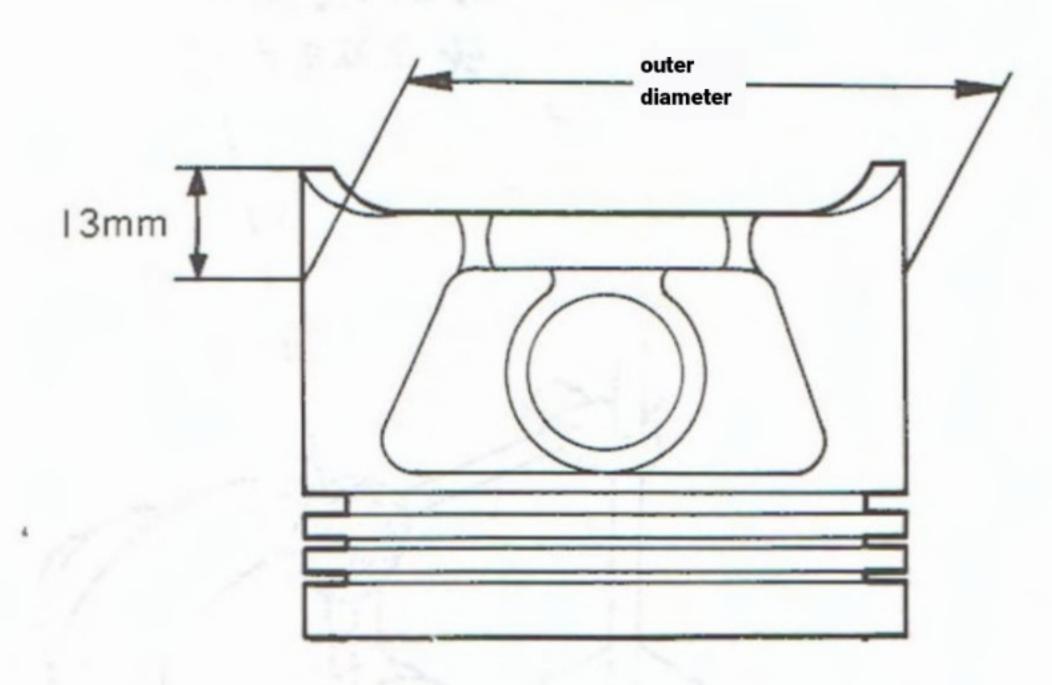
-inspection ·

- ①Inspect the piston for cracks and damage.
- ② Measure the outer diameter at a position 13 mm from the bottom of the piston skirt.

Outer diameter of piston skirt

Standard value 65.98—65.99mm

limit 65.97mm



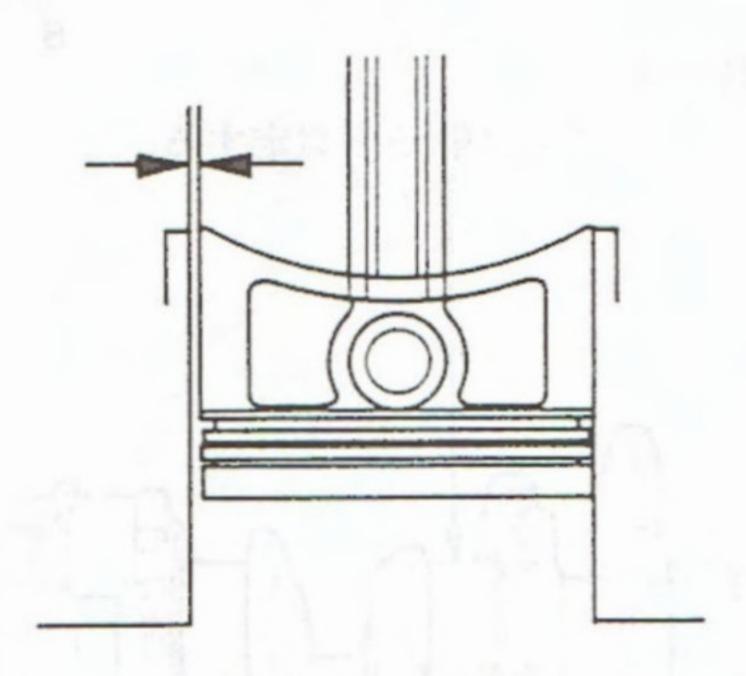


(3) Calculate the difference between the cylinder inner diameter measurement (page 4-13) and the piston skirt outer diameter.

Clearance between piston and cylinder

Standard value : 0.02-0.04mm

imit : 0.08mm



- —If the value is close to or exceeds the limit, check the piston or cylinder for large scratches.
- If the piston or cylinder is damaged, bore the cylinder to its expansion limit and use an oversized piston and piston rings.

oversize piston

0.25 66.23-66.24mm

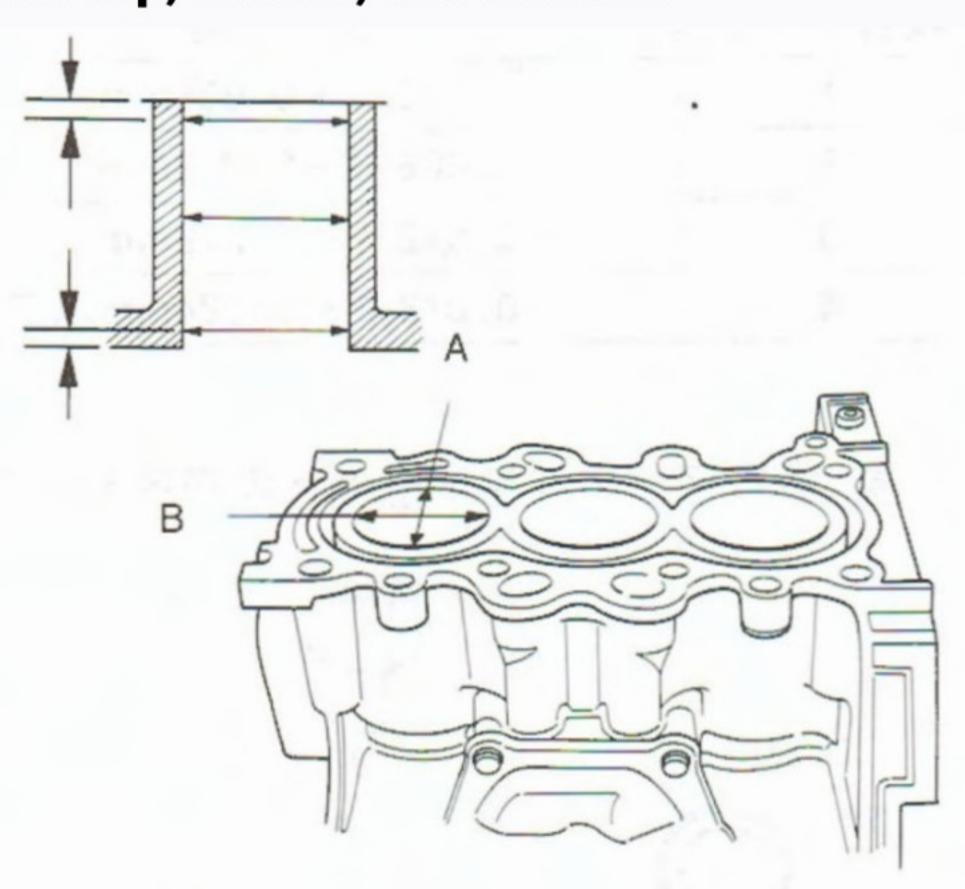
0.50 66.48-66.49mm

# Cylinder block

-inspection -

CAUTION Be careful not to scratch or dent the mating surface of the gasket.

- Measure the wear and taper of the cylinder block bore.
- ② Measure in the A and B directions at three points: top, middle, and bottom.



Cylinder block inner diameter

Standard value 66.00—66.02mm

limit

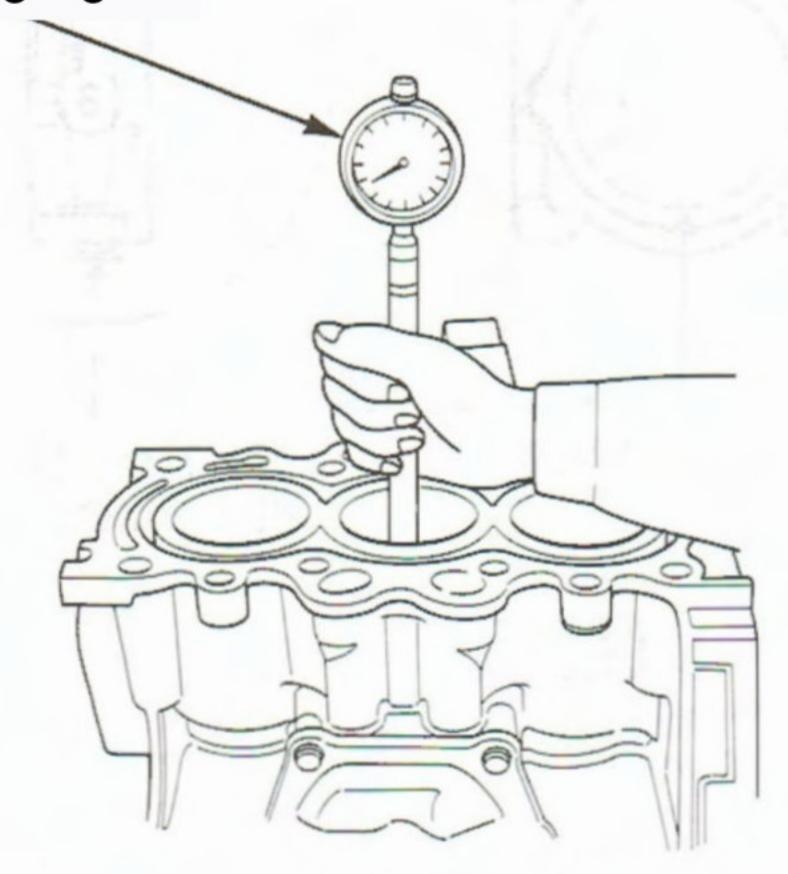
66.07mm

Upper and lower inner diameter difference

limit

0.05mm

cylinder gauge



(3) If the value exceeds the limit, bore the cylinder up to the expansion limit and use an oversized piston and piston ring.

Cylinder expansion limit

limit

0.5mm

CAUTION Be careful not to scratch or dent the mating surface of the gasket.

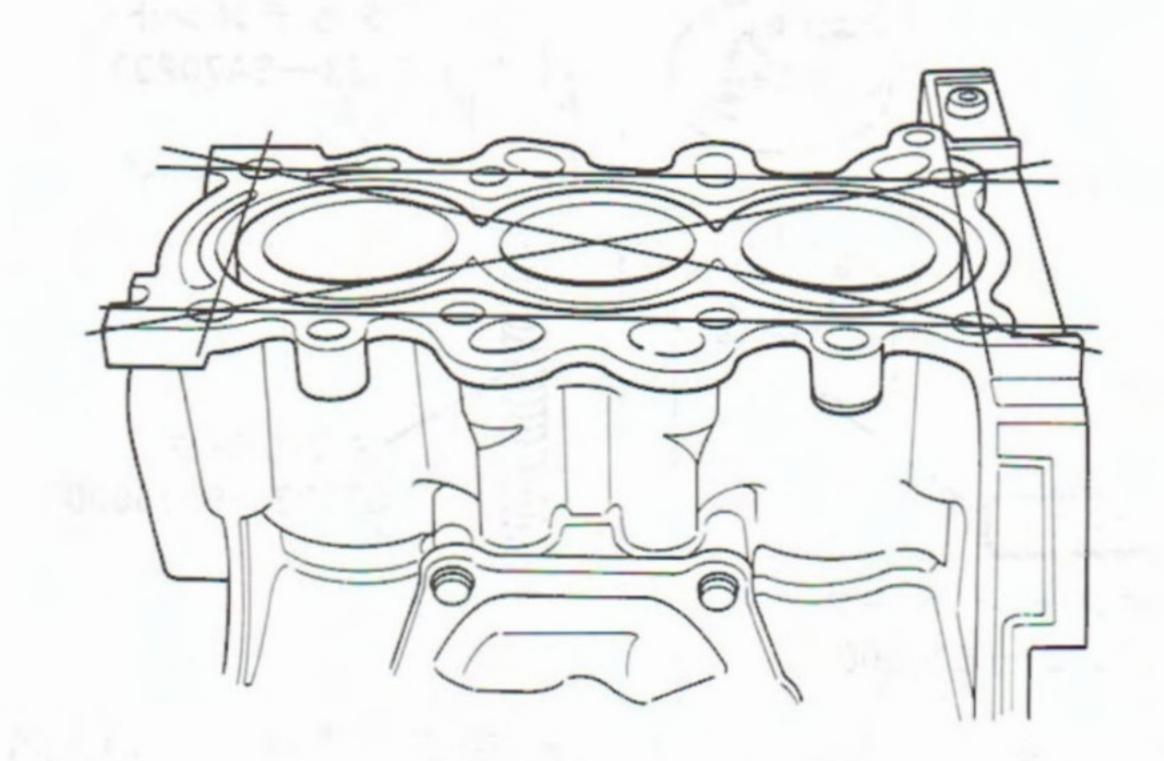
Distortion of cylinder block

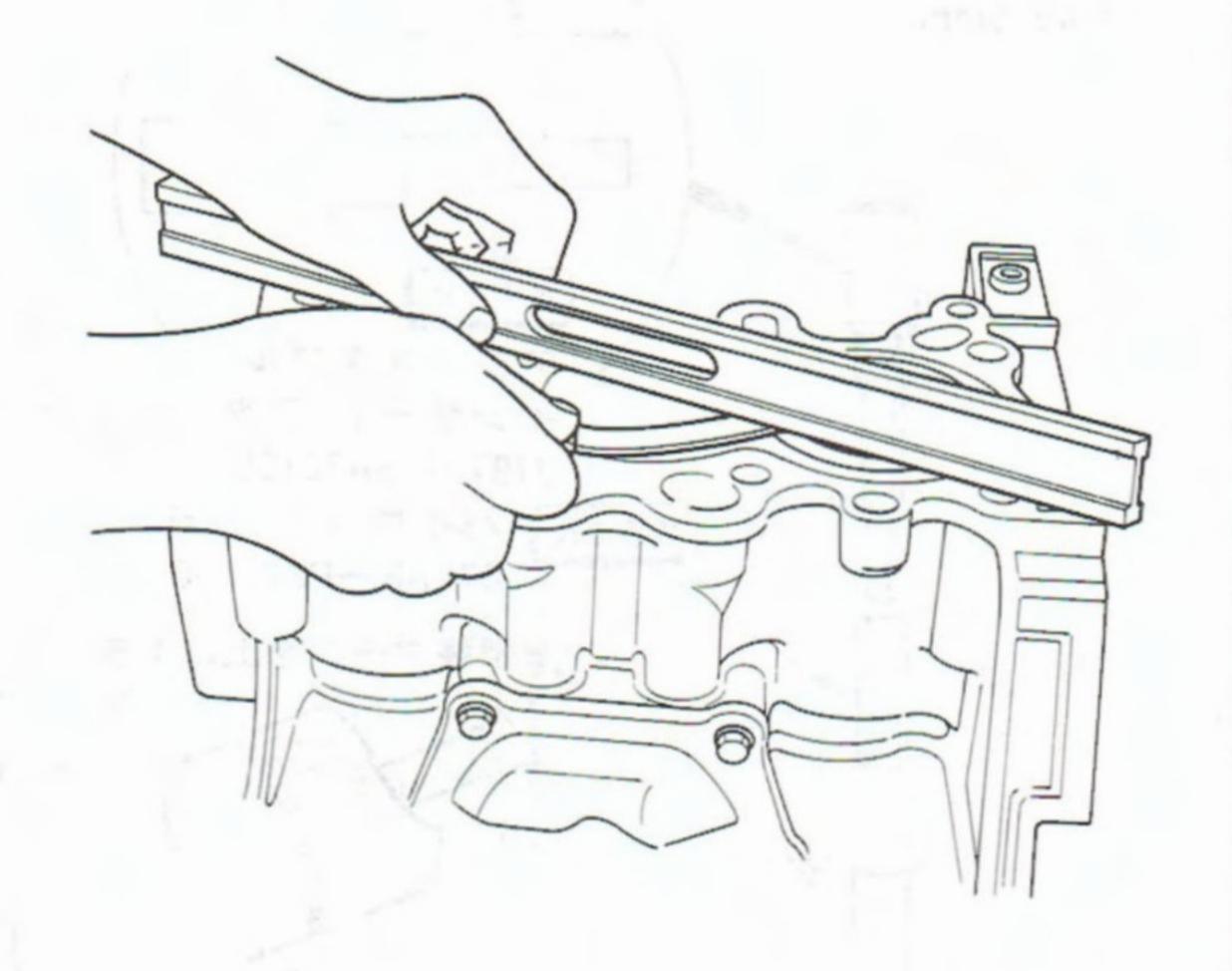
Standard value 0.07mm Less than

limit

0.10mm

**Measurement point** 





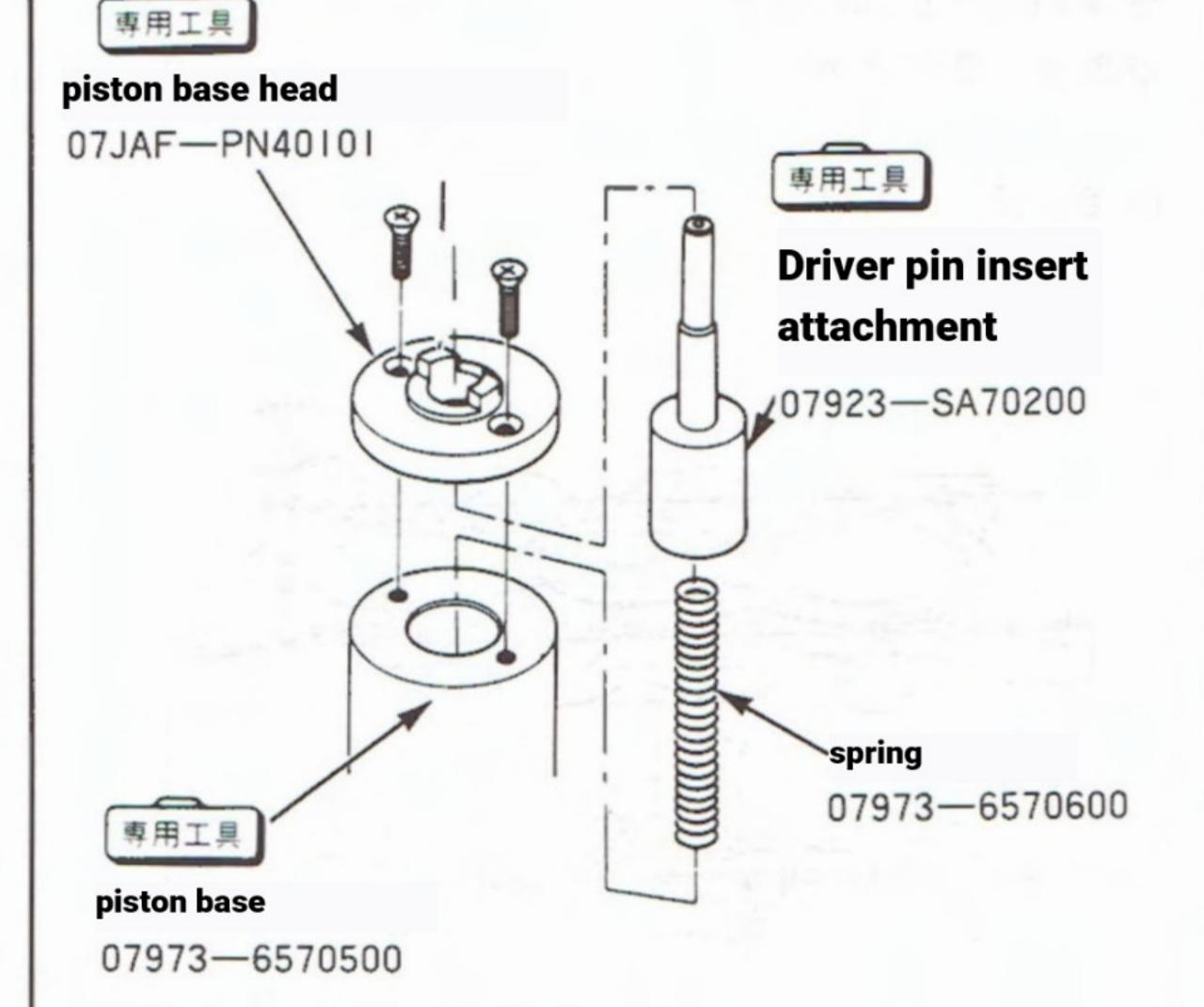
If it exceeds the limit value, correct it.

# piston pin

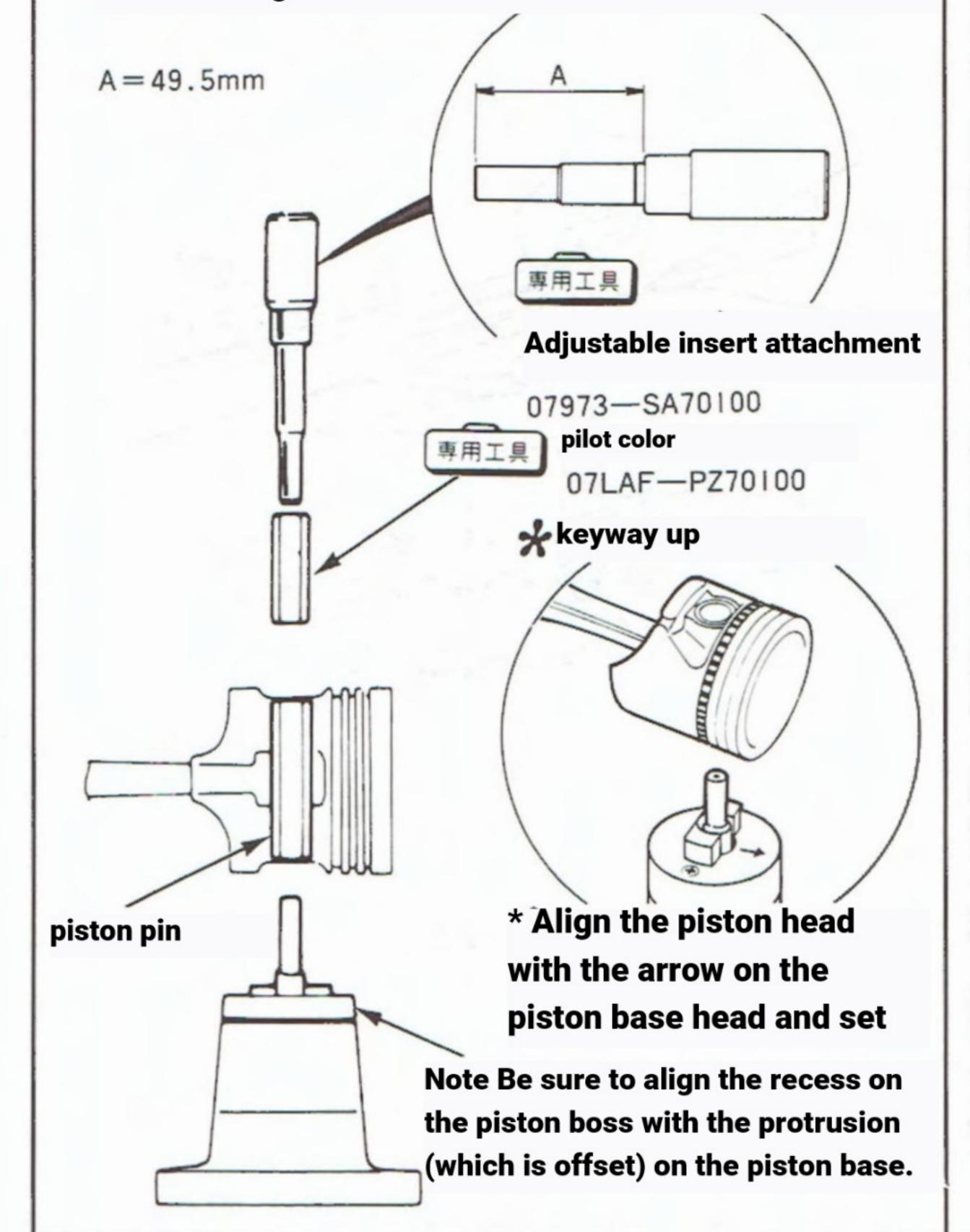
### Removal

CAUTION Use a special tool and a hydraulic press to remove and install the piston pin.

①Replace the driver pin insert attachment and the piston base head on the base of the dedicated tool.



②Align the A part of the adjustable insert attachment with the following dimensions.



# Metal selection and mating

### -connecting rod

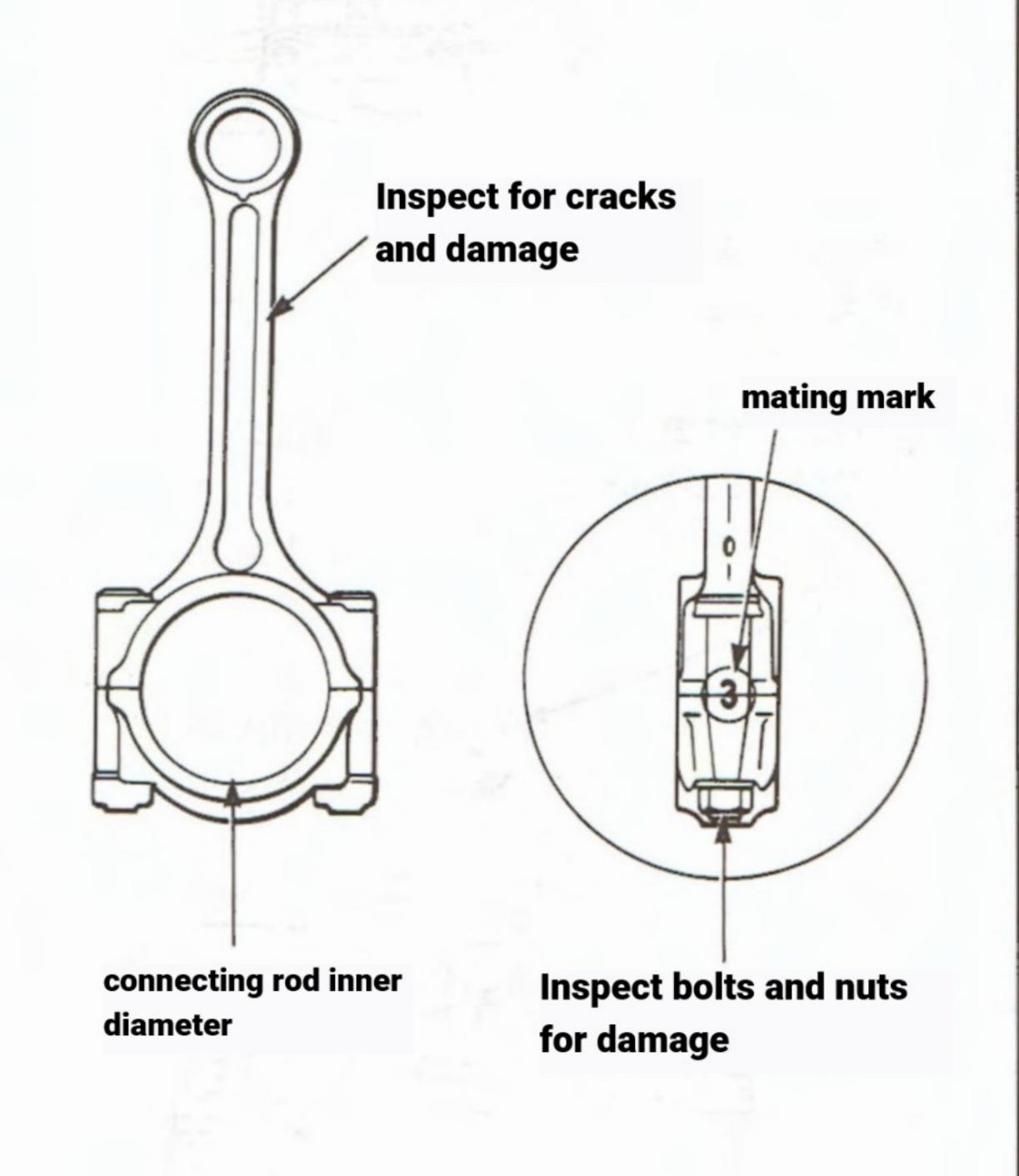
Connecting rod big end inner diameter

Each connecting rod is marked with a number that indicates its inner diameter. You can install 1, 2, 3, or any combination on your engine.

inner diameter of connecting rod diameter: 39mm

mating mark	tolerance	
ı	0-+0.006mm	
2	+0.006-+0.012mm	
3	+0.012-+0.018mm	
4	+0.018-+0.024mm以下	

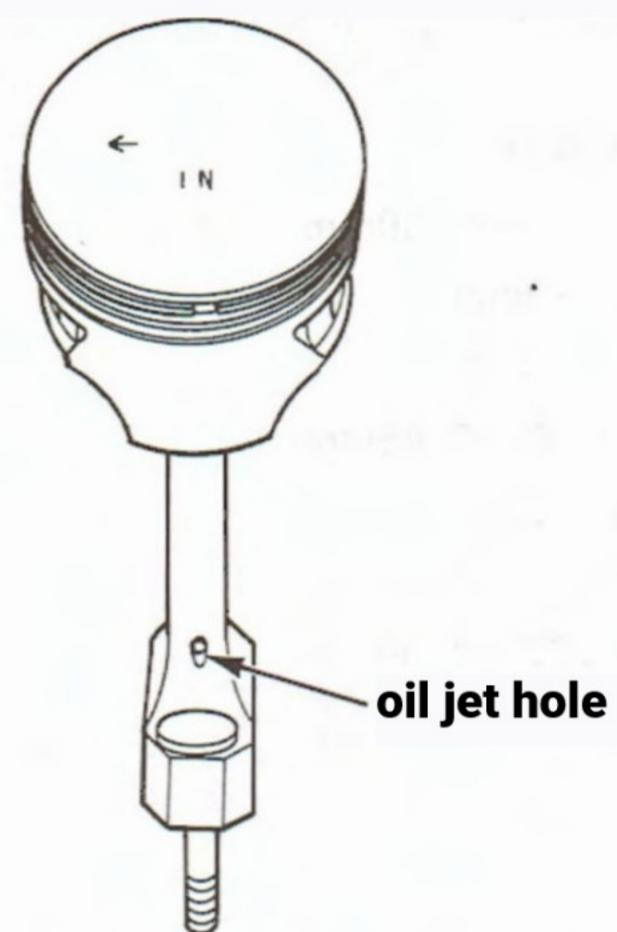
Note: The mating mark indicates the inner diameter of the connecting rod.



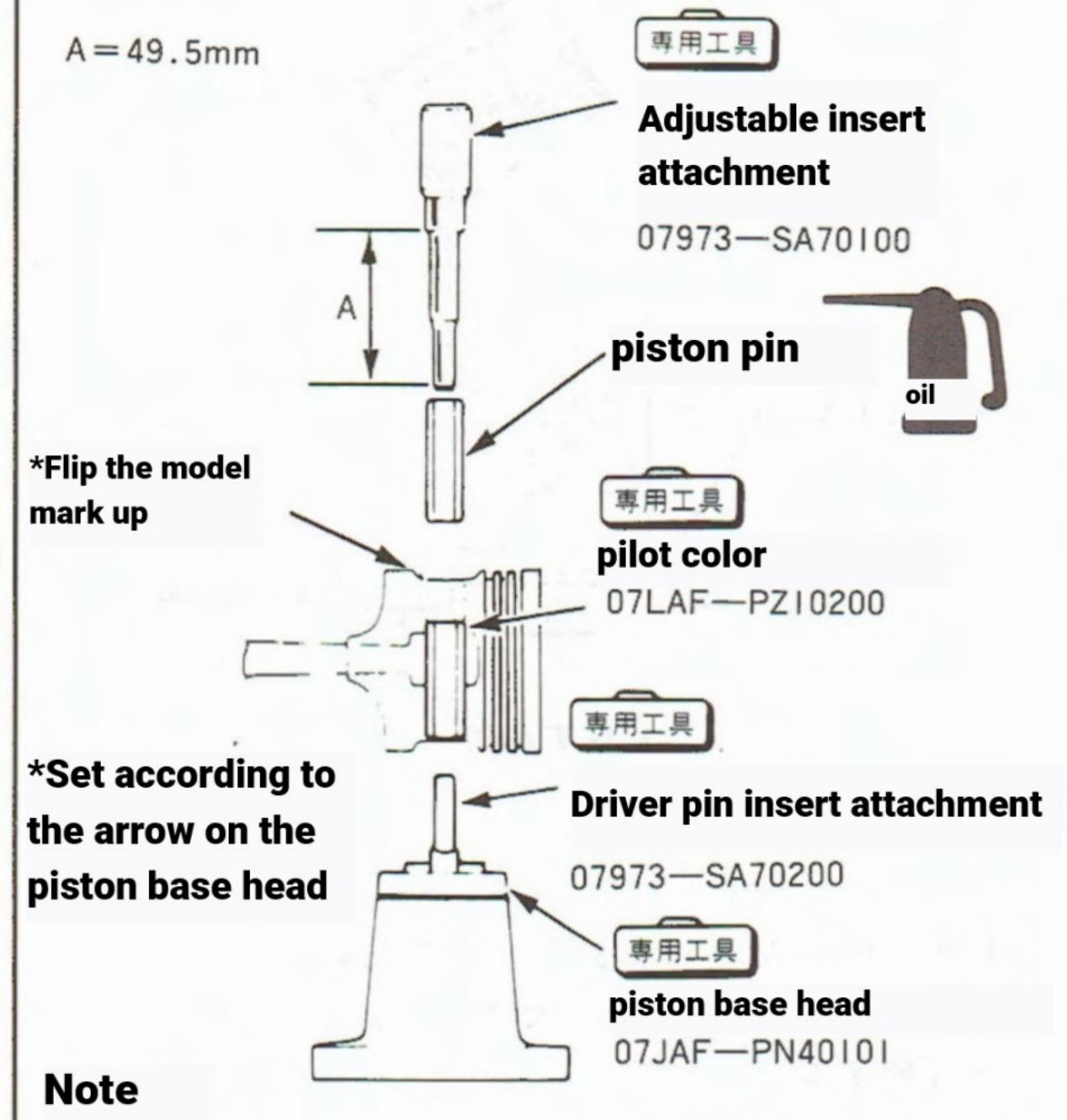
# piston pin

-Mounting -

CAUTION Use a special tool and a hydraulic press to remove and install the piston pin. "←" should be on the left side of the connecting rod oil jet hole.



Align the A part of the adjustable insert attachment with the following dimensions.



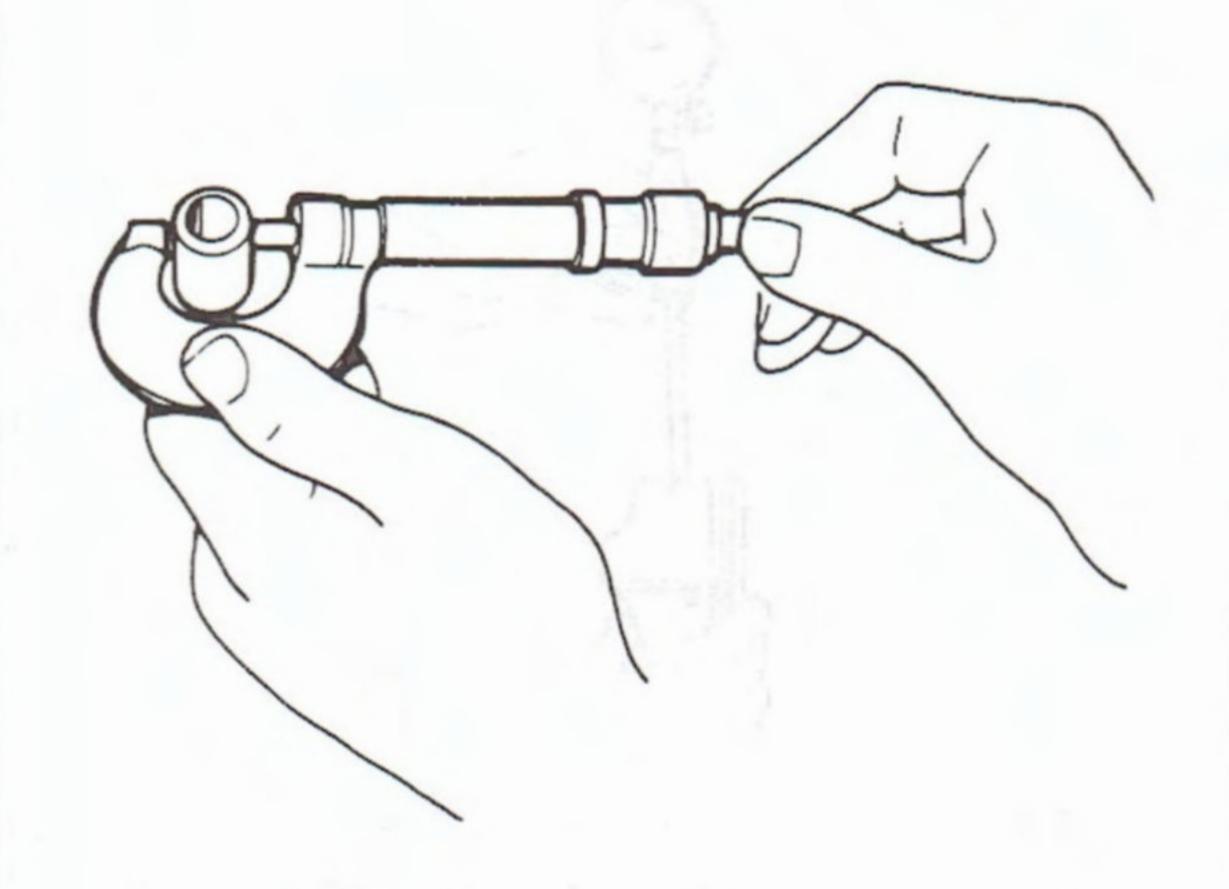
- The special tool above is used by replacing it with the base of the special tool 07973-6570500 (page 4-14).
- Be sure to align the concave portion of the piston boss with the convex portion (offset) of the piston base head.
- When installing the piston to the cylinder block, install the connecting rod oil jet hole on the IN side.

inspection

1 Measure the outer diameter of the piston pin.

Outer diameter of piston pin

Standard value | 5.994-16.000mm



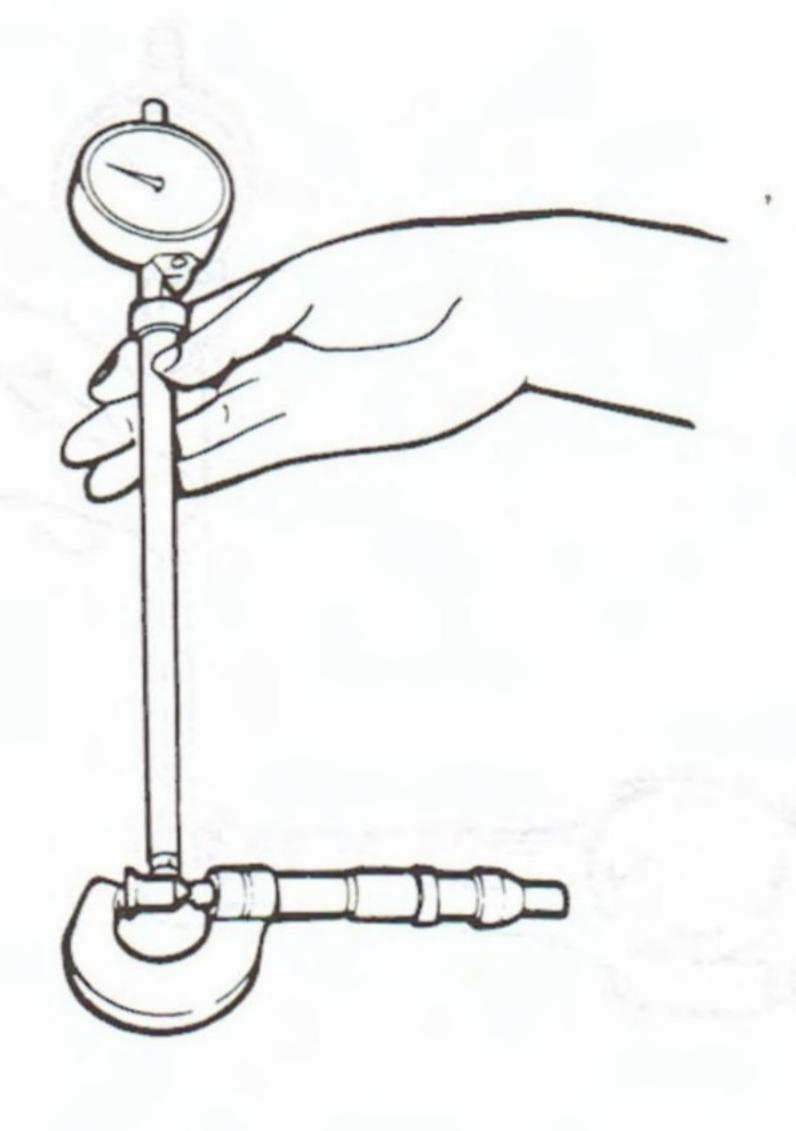
oversize piston pin

oversize

15.997—16.003mm

Oversized pistons have a blue mark on the end face.

②Match the cylinder gauge to the outer diameter of the piston pin.



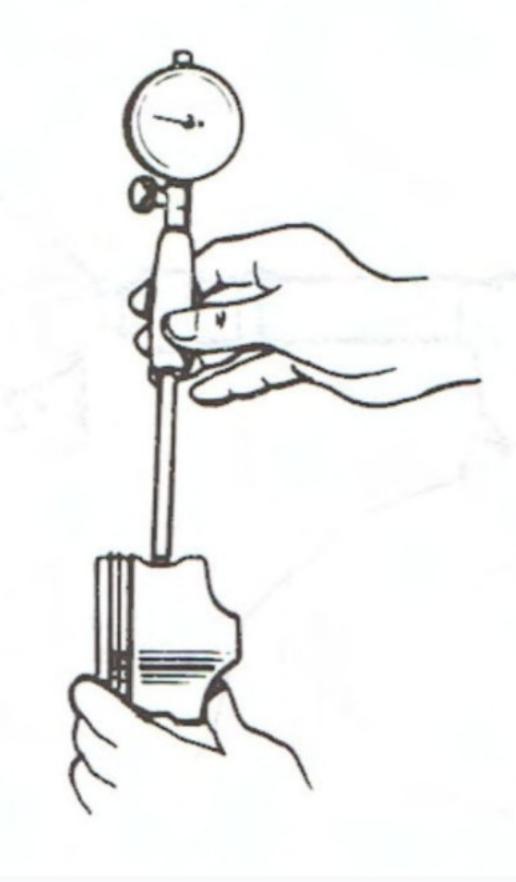
# piston pin

inspection

③ Measure the piston pin hole clearance. Clearance between piston pin and piston

Standard value 0.007—0.019mm

Check piston distortion and cracks

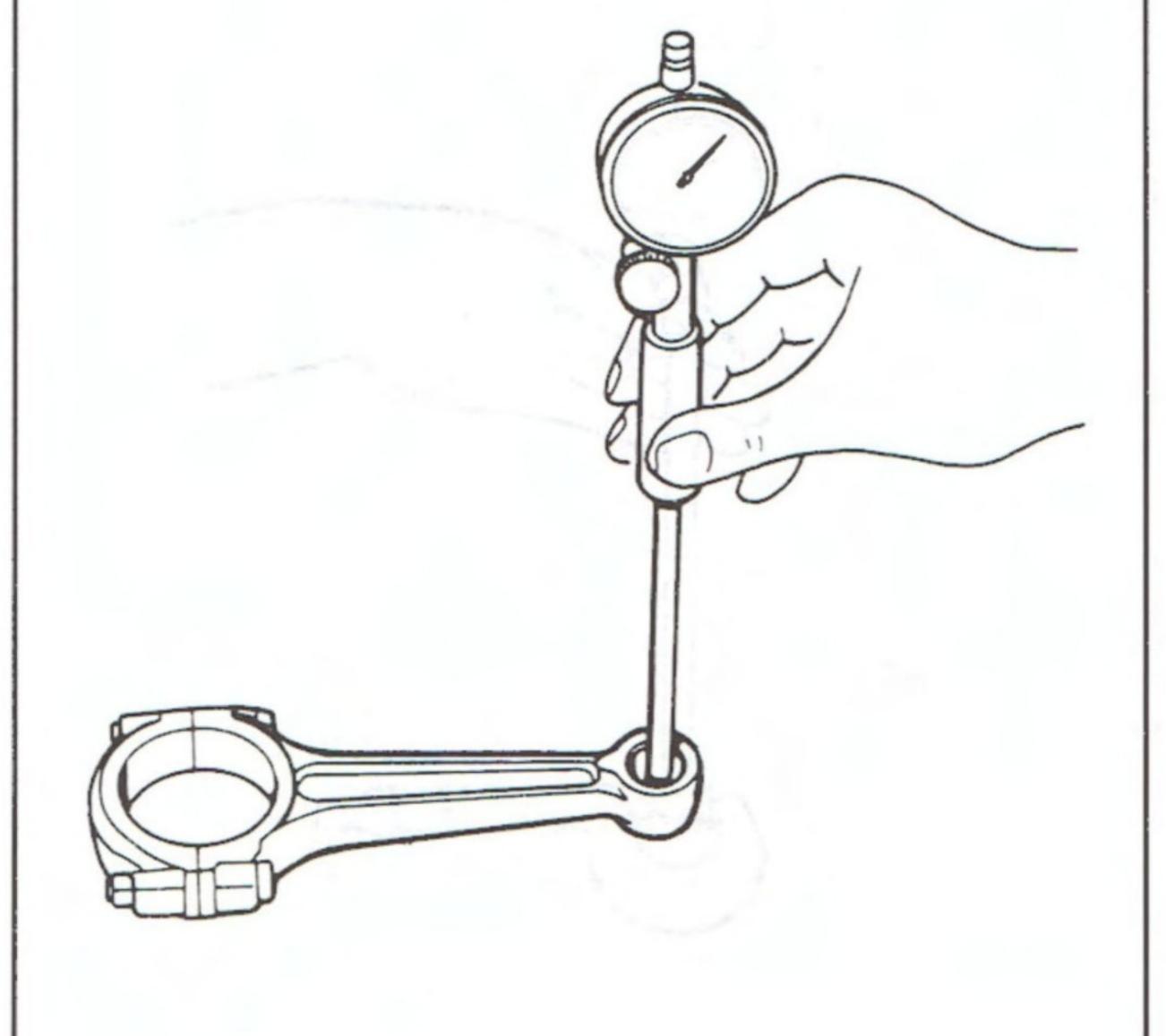


—If it exceeds the limit, measure again to see if the clearance can be secured with an oversized piston pin.

(4) Measure the press-fit allowance of the connecting rod piston pin hole.

Press-fit allowance for connecting rod and piston pin

Standard value 0.013-0.036mm



# piston ring

Measurement of joint clearance

Note: Measure at the bottom of the cylinder (15-20mm from the bottom).

\*When inserting the ring into the cylinder block, push it in with the piston head so that the piston ring is horizontal.

### top ring

Standard value 0.15-0.30mm

limit

0.60mm

second ring

Standard value 0.30—0.45mm

limit

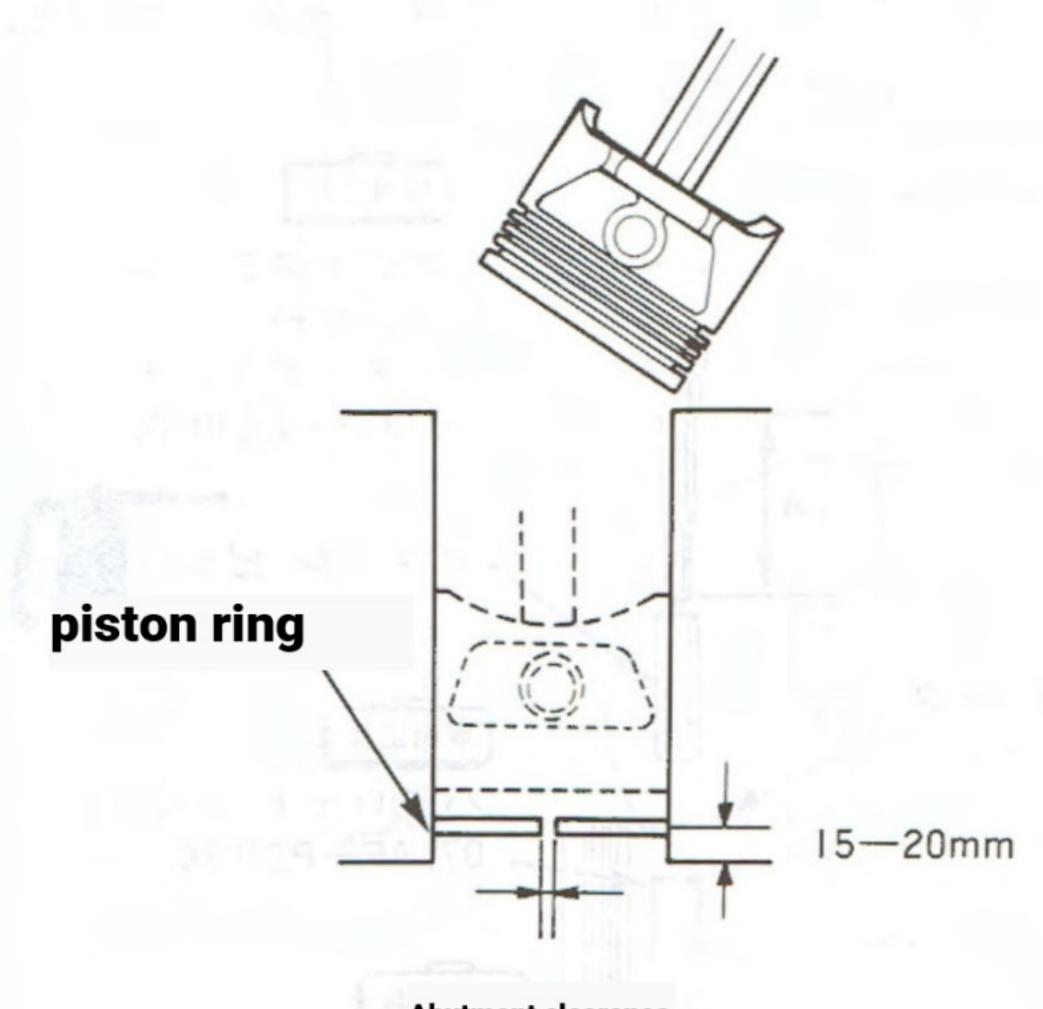
0.60mm

Oil ring (spacer)

Standard value 0.20-0.50mm

limit

0.60mm



**Abutment clearance** 

If the joint clearance is too large, install a new piston ring and measure again. Next, check the inside diameter of the cylinder block.

oversize piston ring

oversize

0.25mm: 66.25mm

0.50mm: 66.50mm

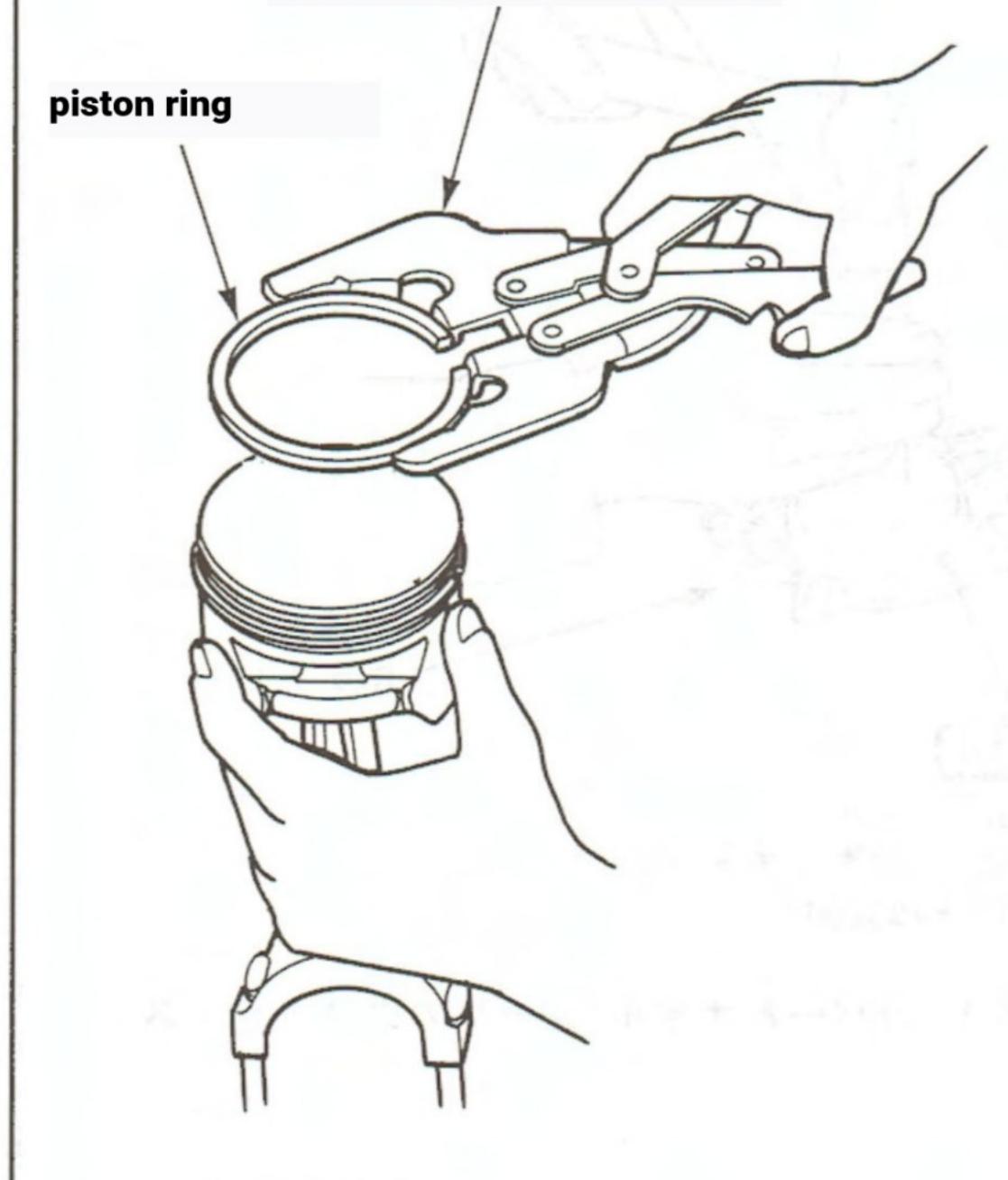
Rings other than the oil ring are marked to indicate oversize, and the spacer for the oil ring is marked with blue for 0.25mm and red for 0.50mm.

exchange -

### Note

- Clean the piston rings thoroughly before installing the piston rings.
- Since the second ring is made of cast iron, it may break if excessive force is applied, so be careful when handling it.
- Arrange the removed rings for each piston.

piston ring pliers



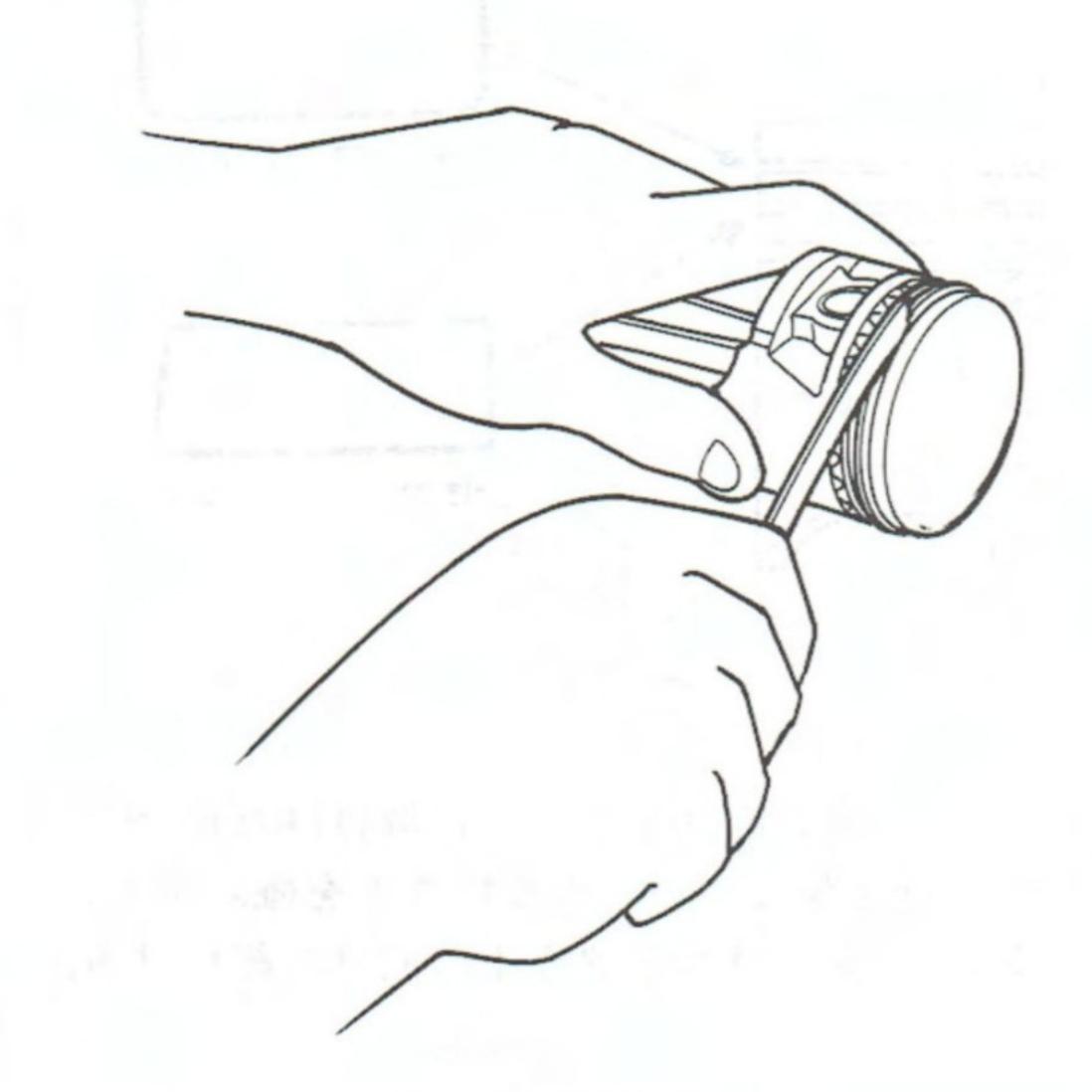
Inspection of ring groove clearance

### top ring

Standard value 0.035—0.060mm

limit

0.13mm



# second ring

Standard value

0.030-0.055mm

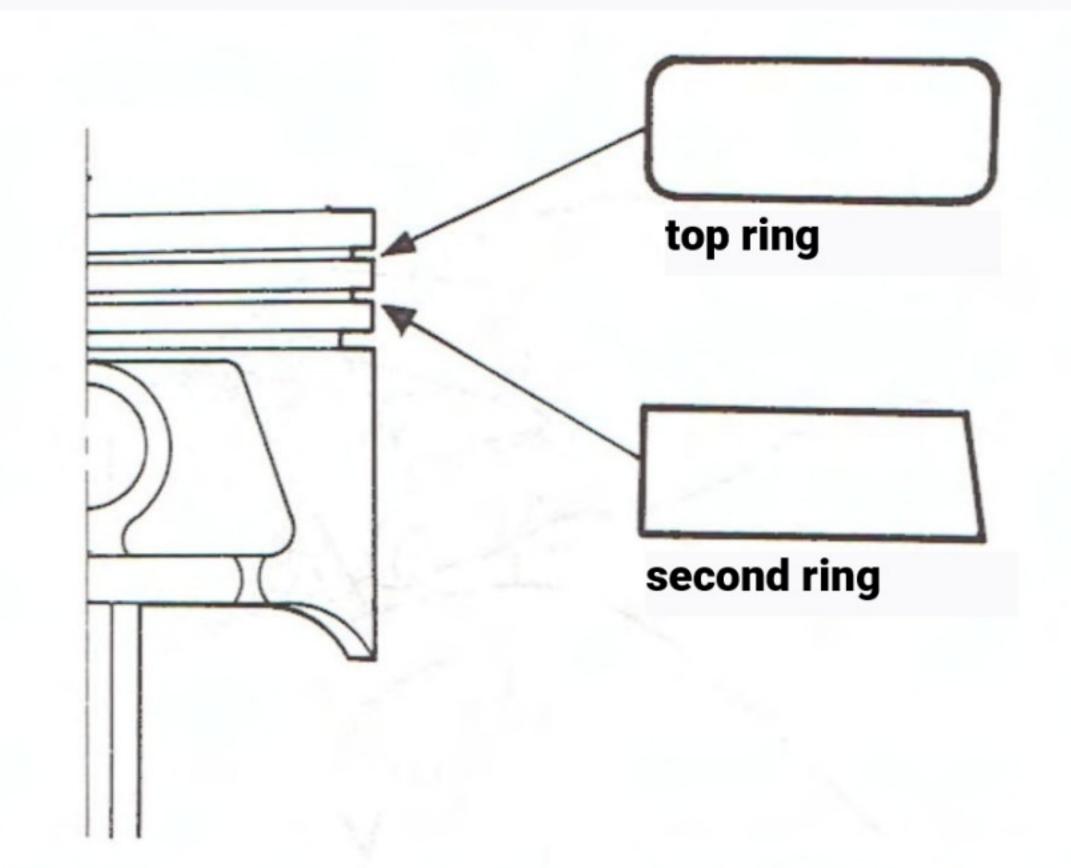
limit

0.13mm

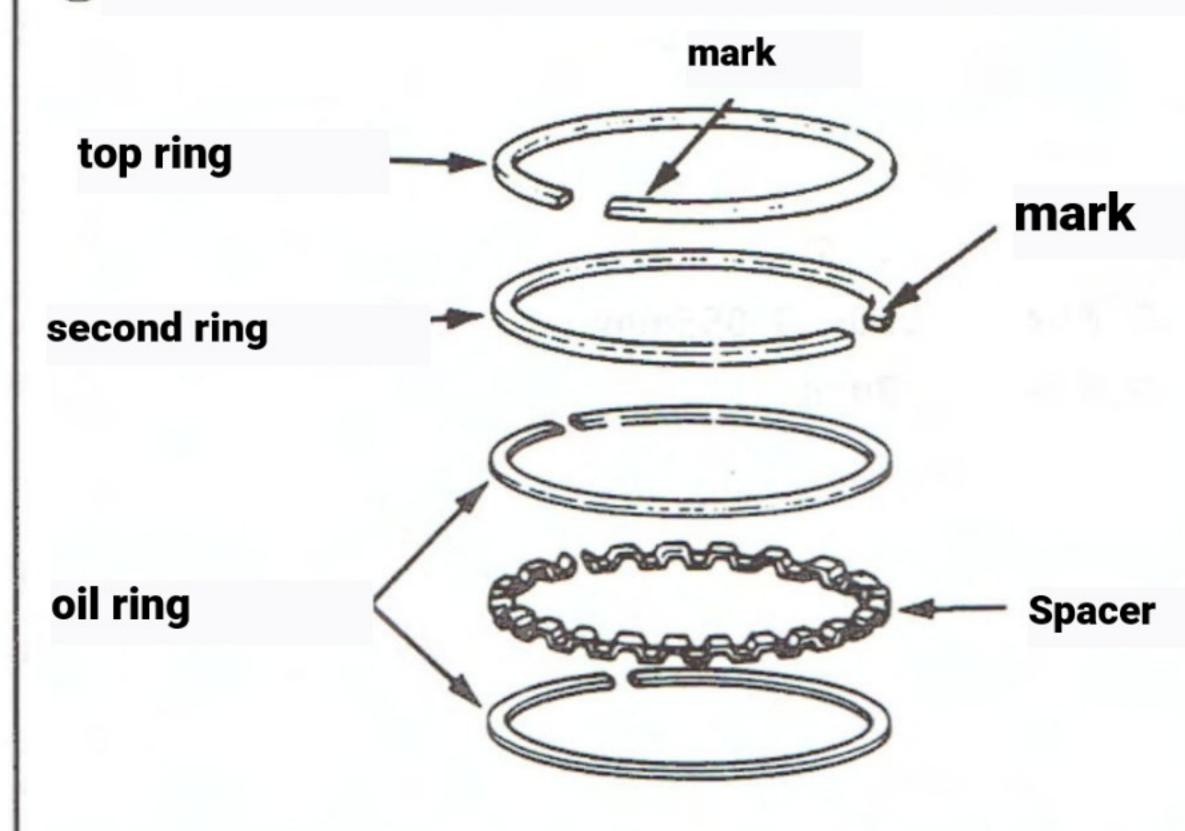
# piston ring

-abutment alignment

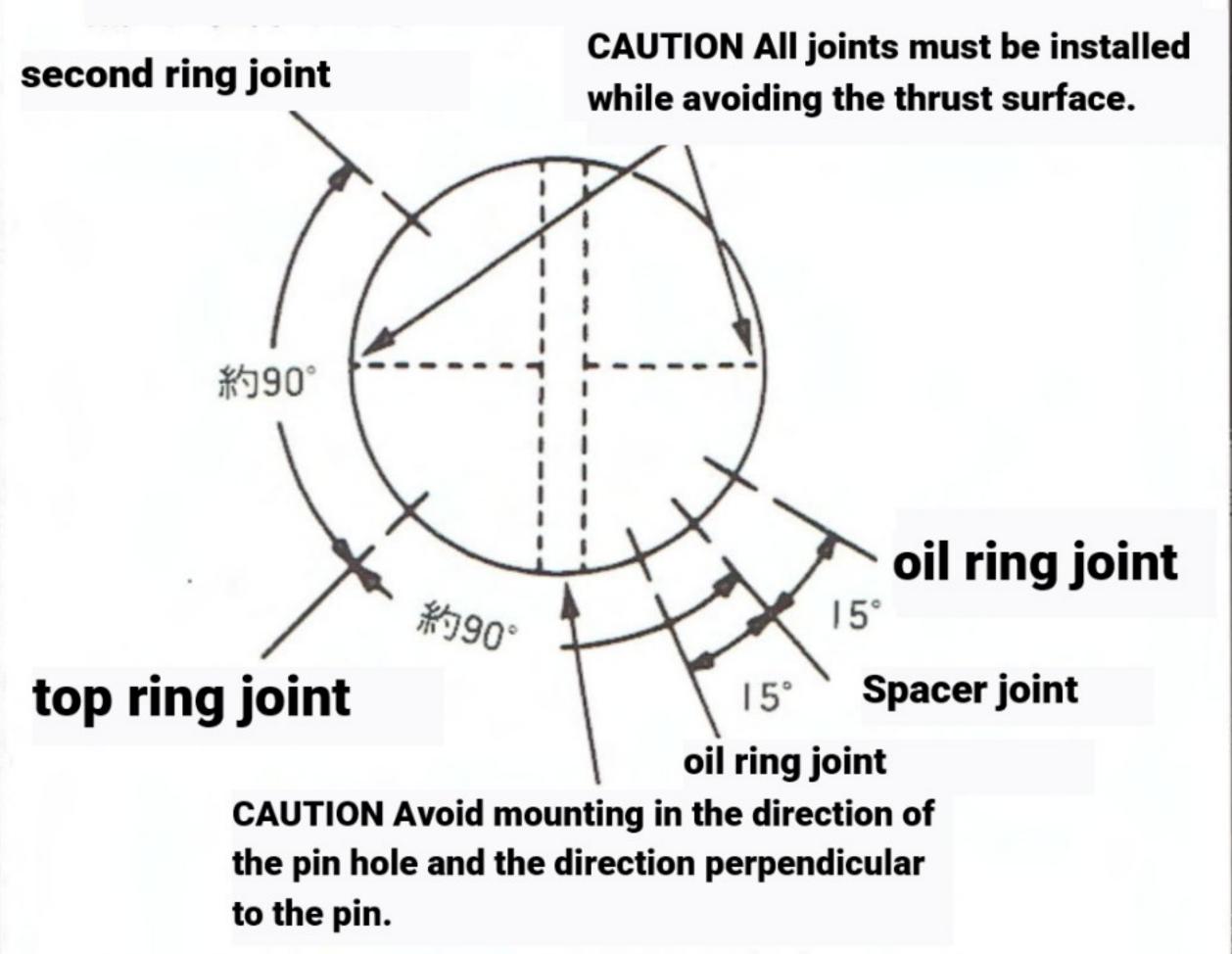
(1) Install the piston rings (page 4-17). Identify the top and second rings by the markings (TOP, 2ND) and check that they are in the correct ring grooves.



- ② After installing each piston ring on the piston, turn it by hand to check that it moves lightly and does not get stuck.
- ③Assemble the piston ring with the mark facing up.



The joints of each piston ring are installed at intervals of 120° or 180°.

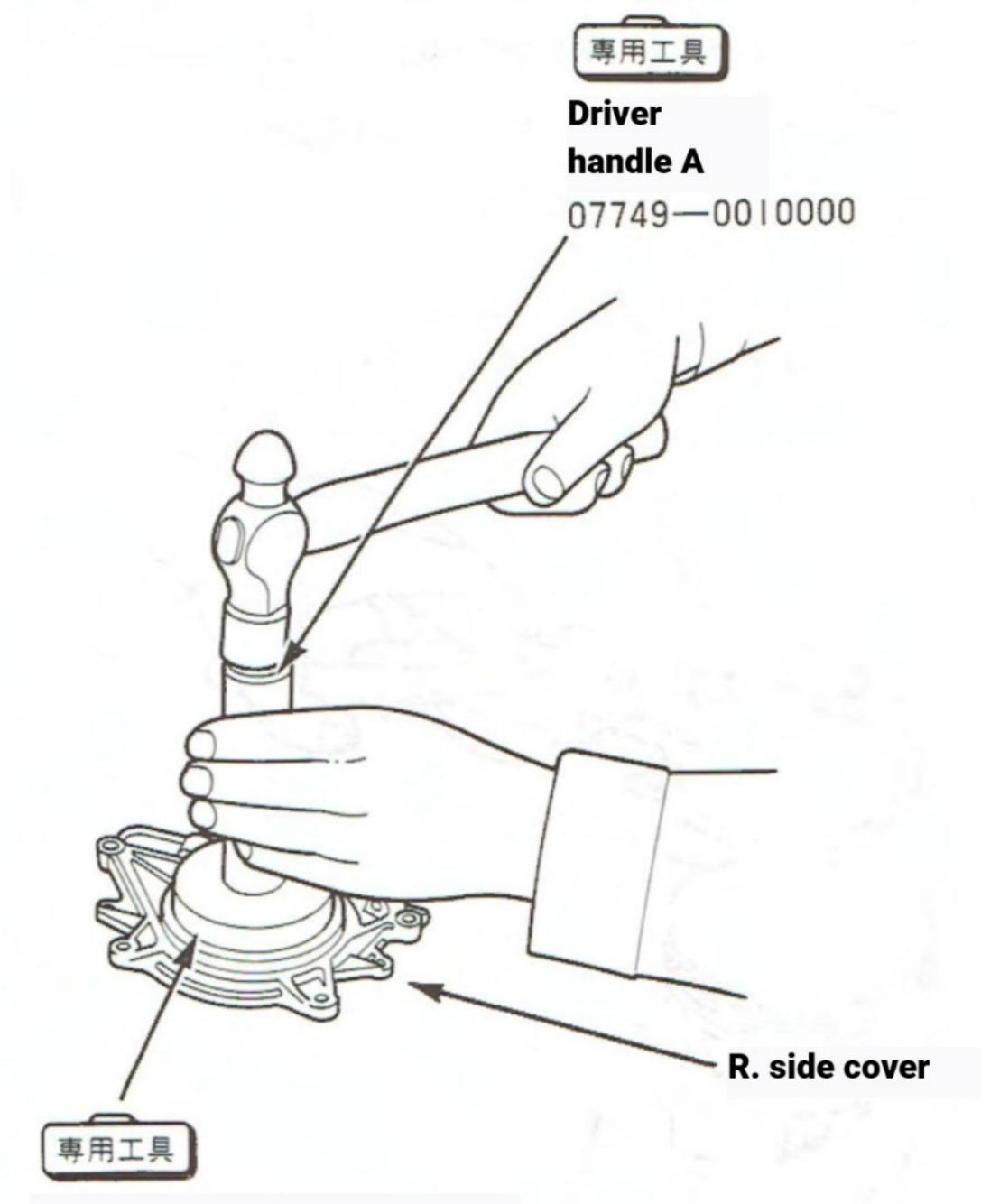


# Oil seal

\_-Installation

- Drive the oil seal straight in so that it is flush with the outer surface of the R side cover.
  - Install the oil seal with the part number on the outside.

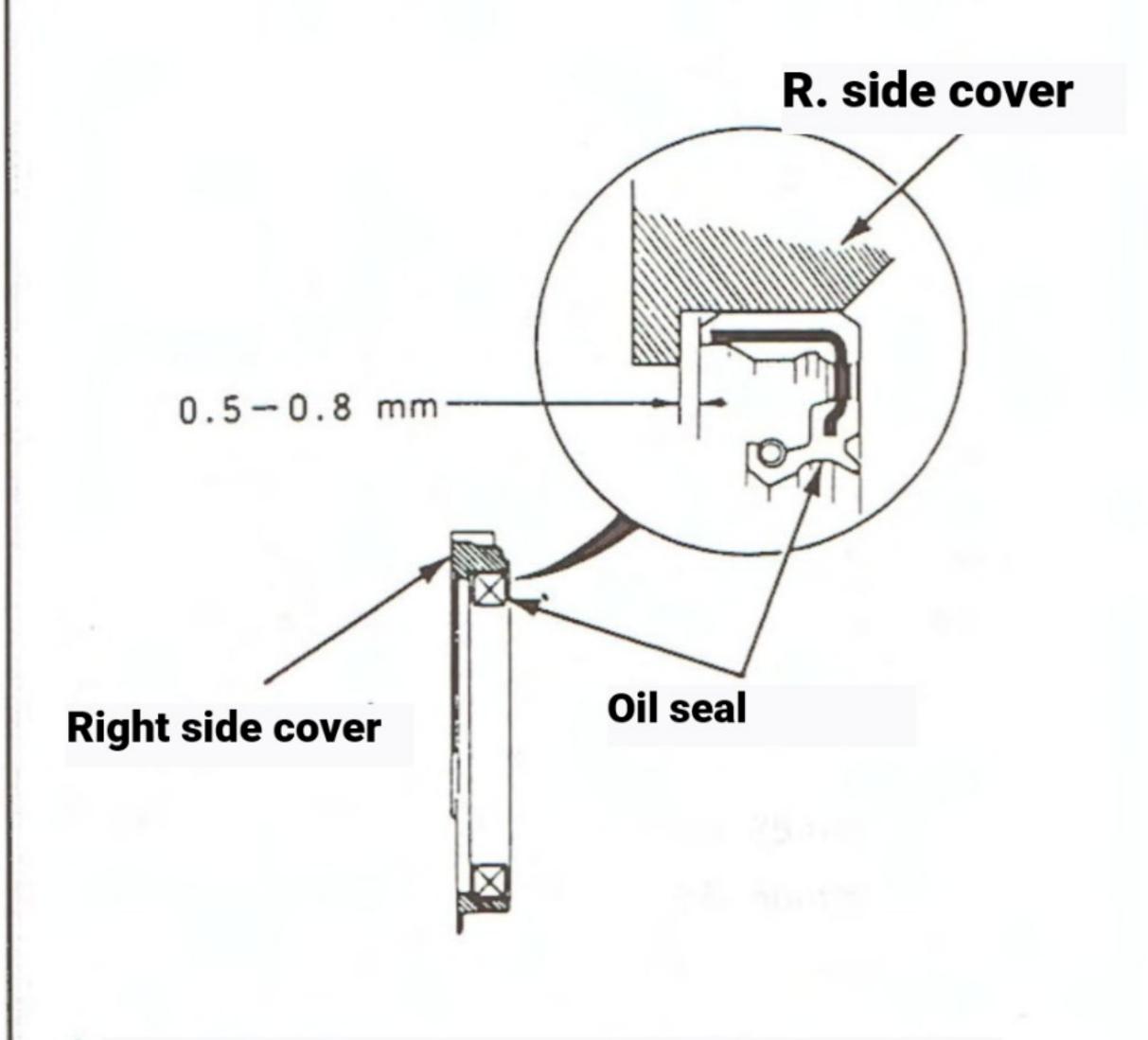
### R. Side cover:



oil seal driver attachment

07947-6790200

# R. Side cover and oil seal clearance:



See page 5-10 for oil pump oil seal installation.

# piston, crankshaft

### -Mounting

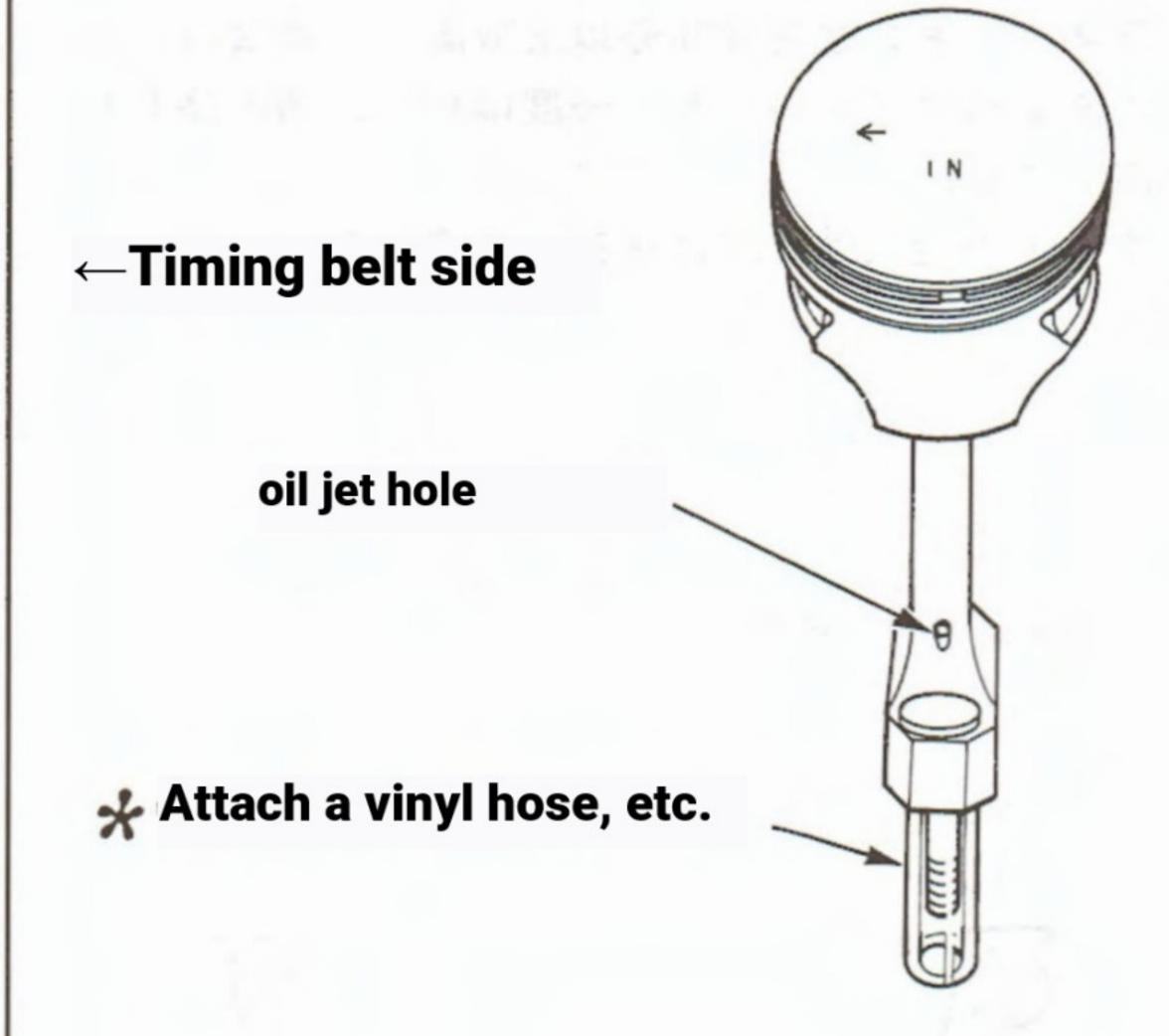


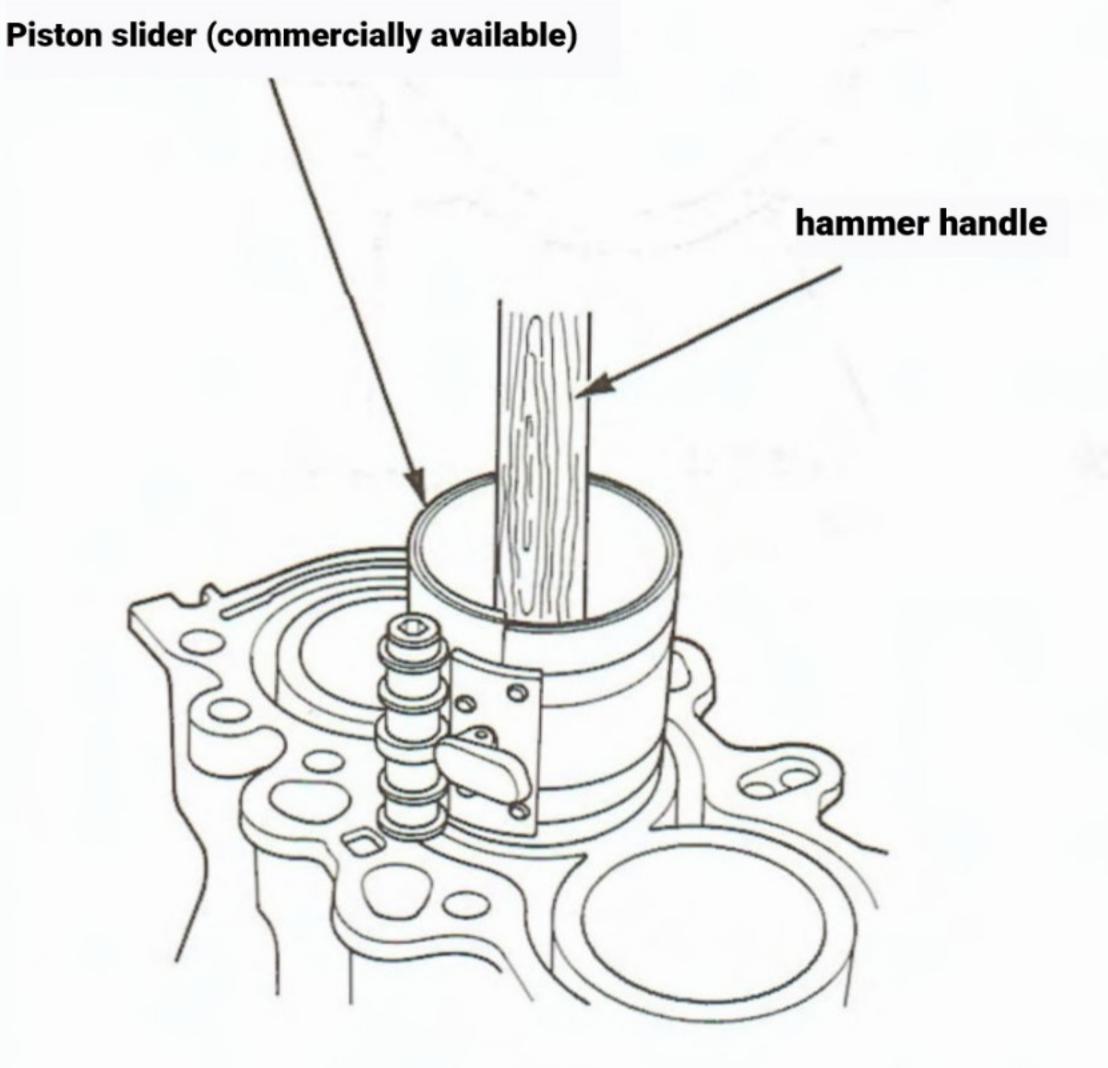
Apply oil to the inner surface of the piston ring groove and cylinder wall

\*Attach a vinyl hose or the like to the connecting rod bolt to prevent the crankshaft, cylinder, etc. from being scratched.

CAUTION Install the piston before installing the crankshaft.

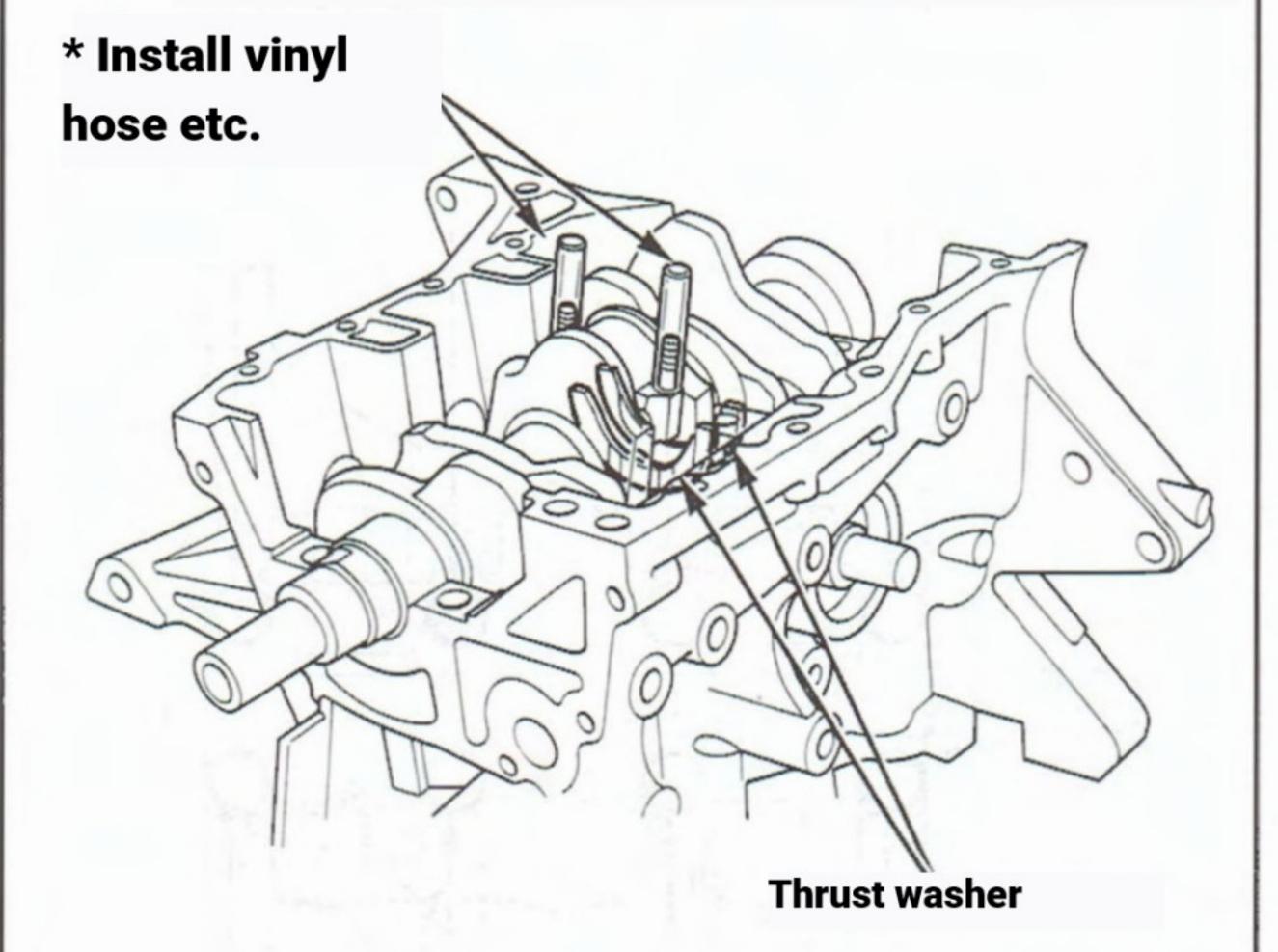
①With the "←" mark toward the timing belt, gently push the piston head into the cylinder block with a handle of a hammer, etc.



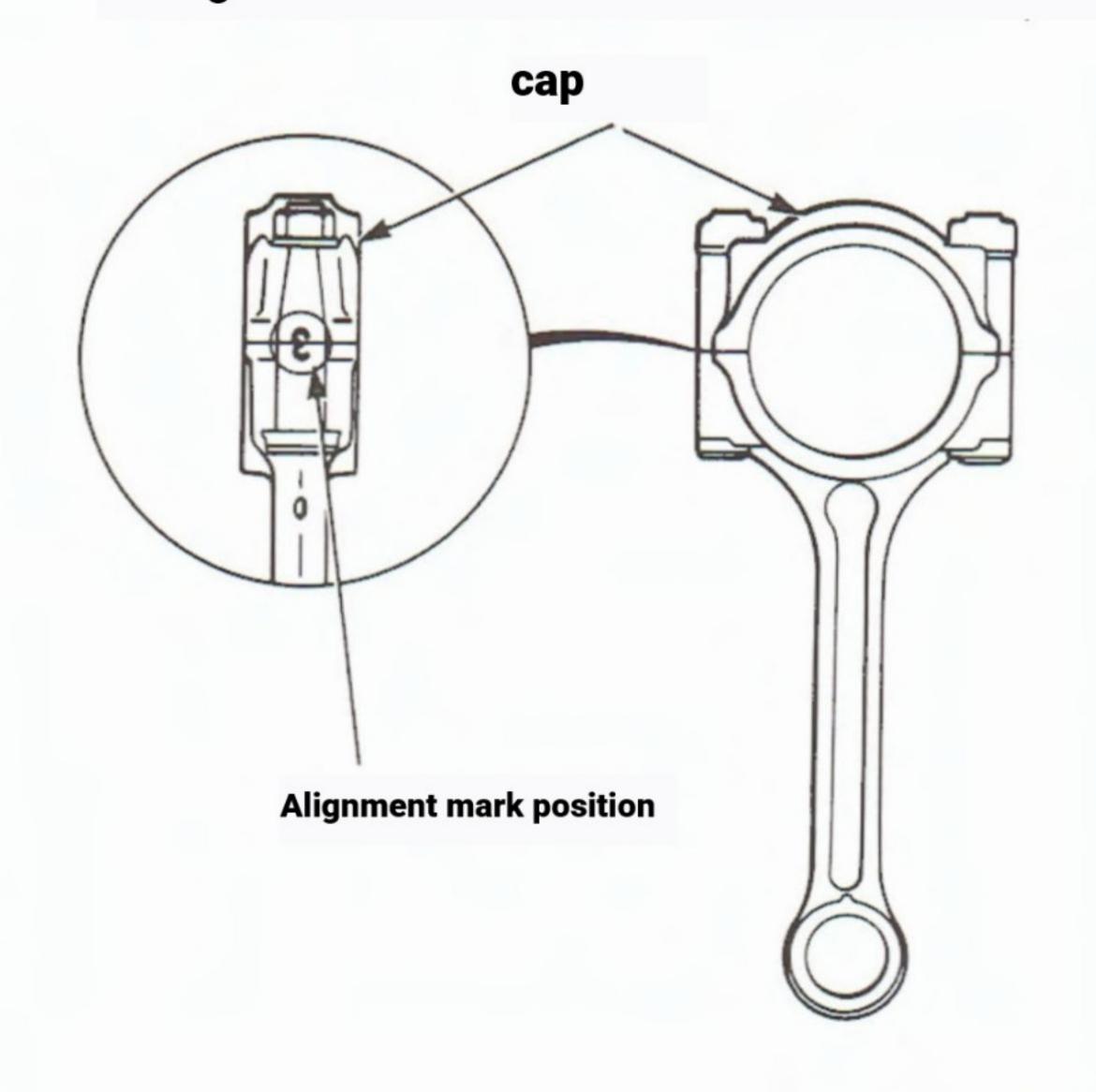


### 2 Install the crankshaft.

- \*Attach vinyl hoses, etc., to the connecting rod bolts so as not to scratch the crankshaft, etc.
  - Align the crankshaft with the No. 1 connecting rod and temporarily tighten the cap. Rotate the crankshaft to align with the No. 2 connecting rod, then with the No. 3 connecting rod, and temporarily tighten the connecting rod caps.



- Install the thrust washers on the No.3 journal with the grooved side facing outward.
- Apply engine oil or molybdenum disulfide to the metal surface before assembly.
- When assembling the connecting rod cap, align the mating marks so that the direction is correct.



# piston, crankshaft

--Installation

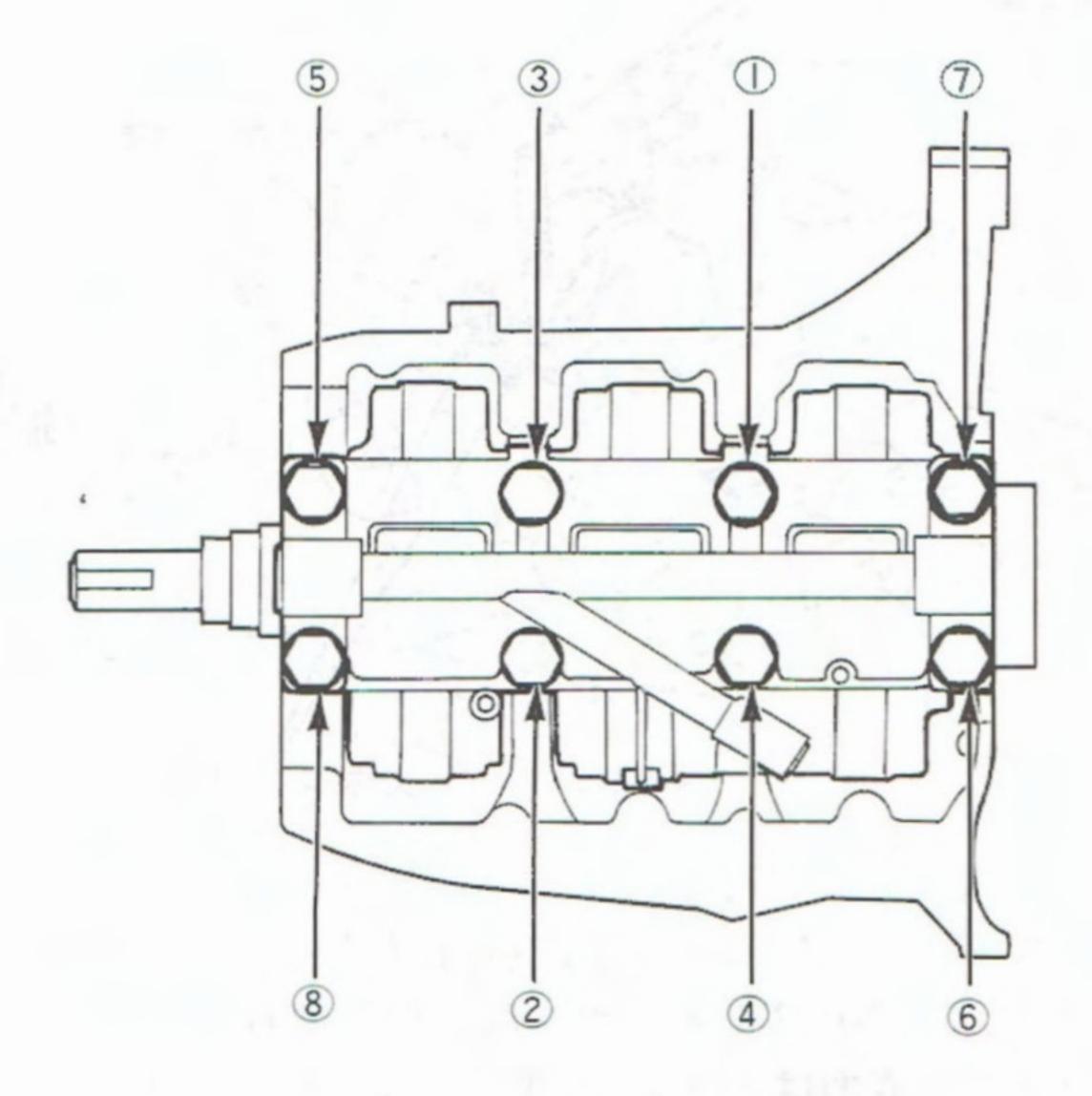
③ Tighten the connecting rod cap nuts for each cylinder to the specified torque.

torque: 3.2kg-m

4 Install the main bearing cap, apply Honda genuine oil to the bolt thread surface and bearing surface, and tighten diagonally from the inside to the outside.

torque: 4.8kg-m

# Main bearing cap bolt tightening order

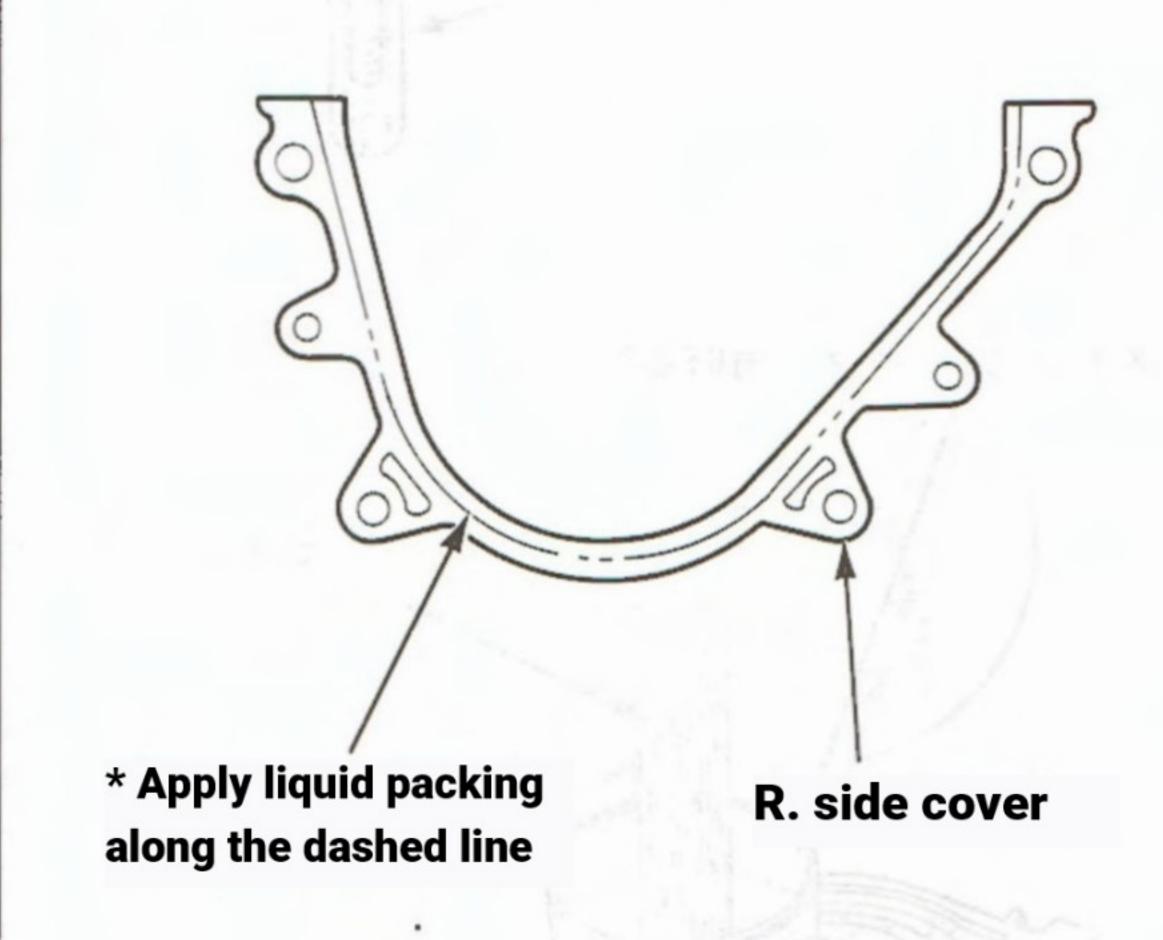


⑤ Apply liquid packing Honda genuine 1216 to the mating surface of the right side cover with the cylinder block, and attach it to the cylinder block.

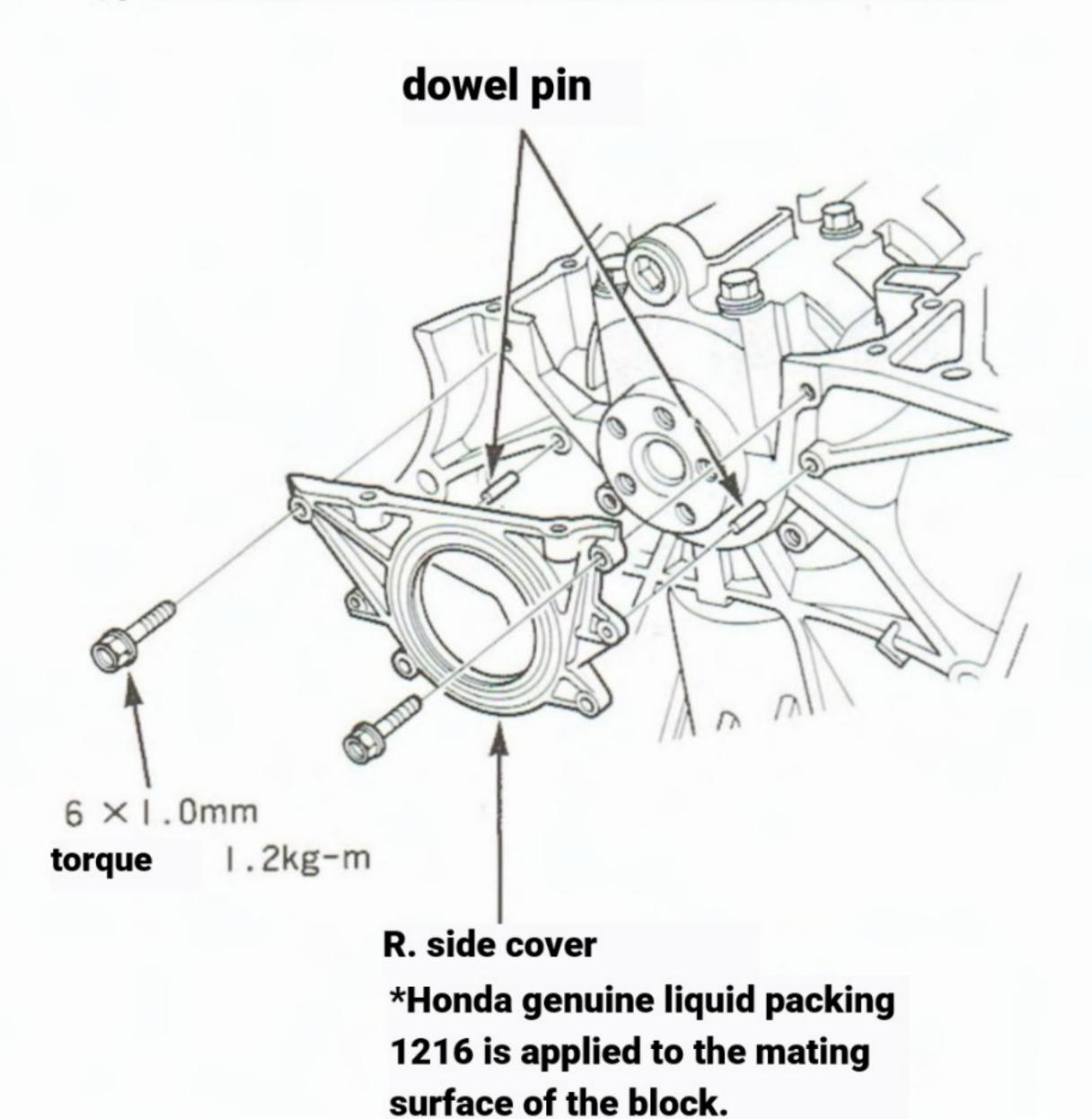
### Note

- For the liquid packing, Honda genuine liquid packing 1216 is used.
- Remove old liquid packing and oil from the packing surface.
- The application position should be the center of the sealing surface.
- Apply oil to the entire circumference of the bolt hole to prevent oil from leaking.
- \* Do not allow liquid packing to enter the O-ring groove.
- If the product is left for more than 20 minutes after applying the liquid packing, do not reassemble it.
- Wait 30 minutes after assembly before adding oil.

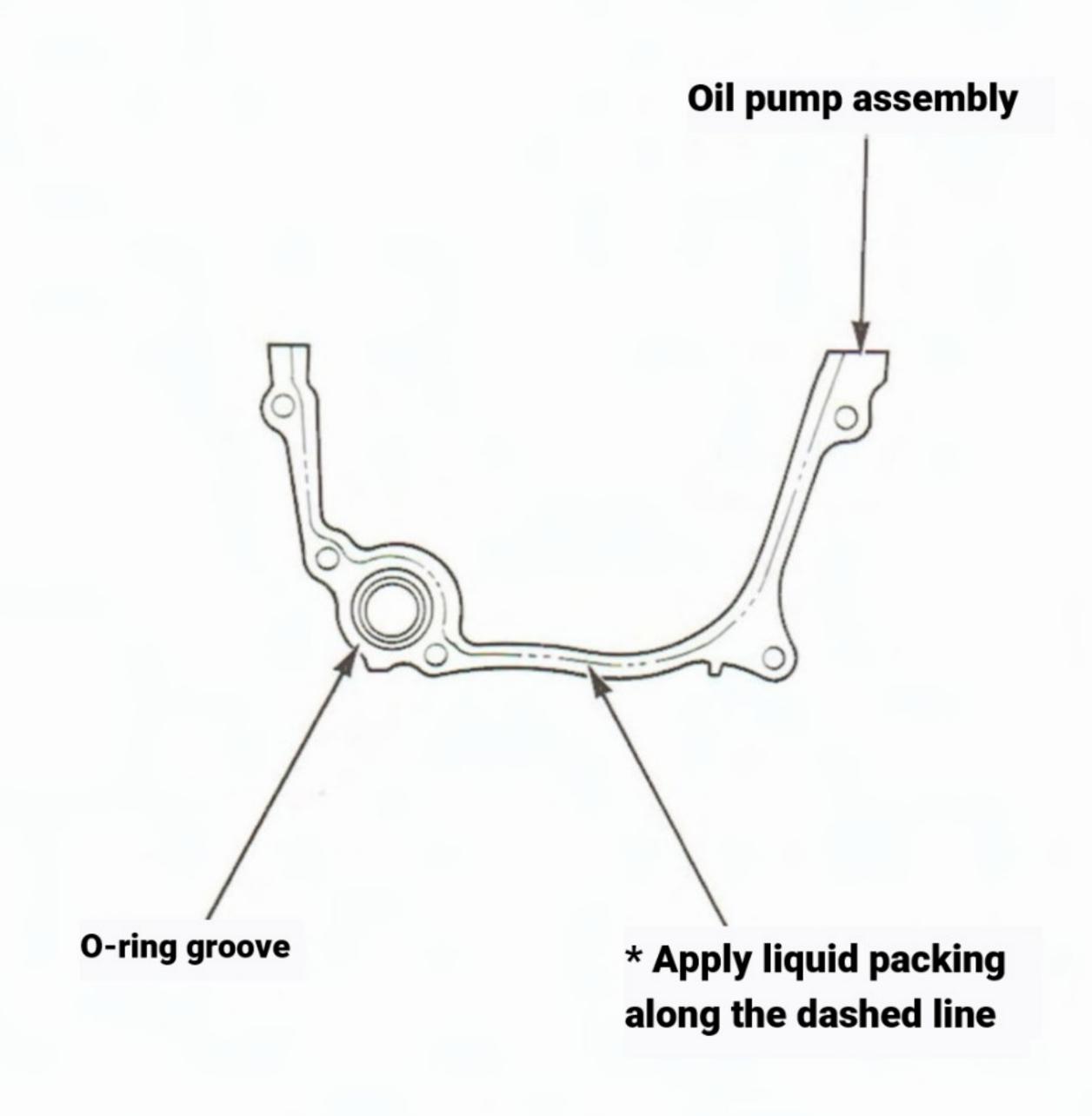
Liquid packing application line

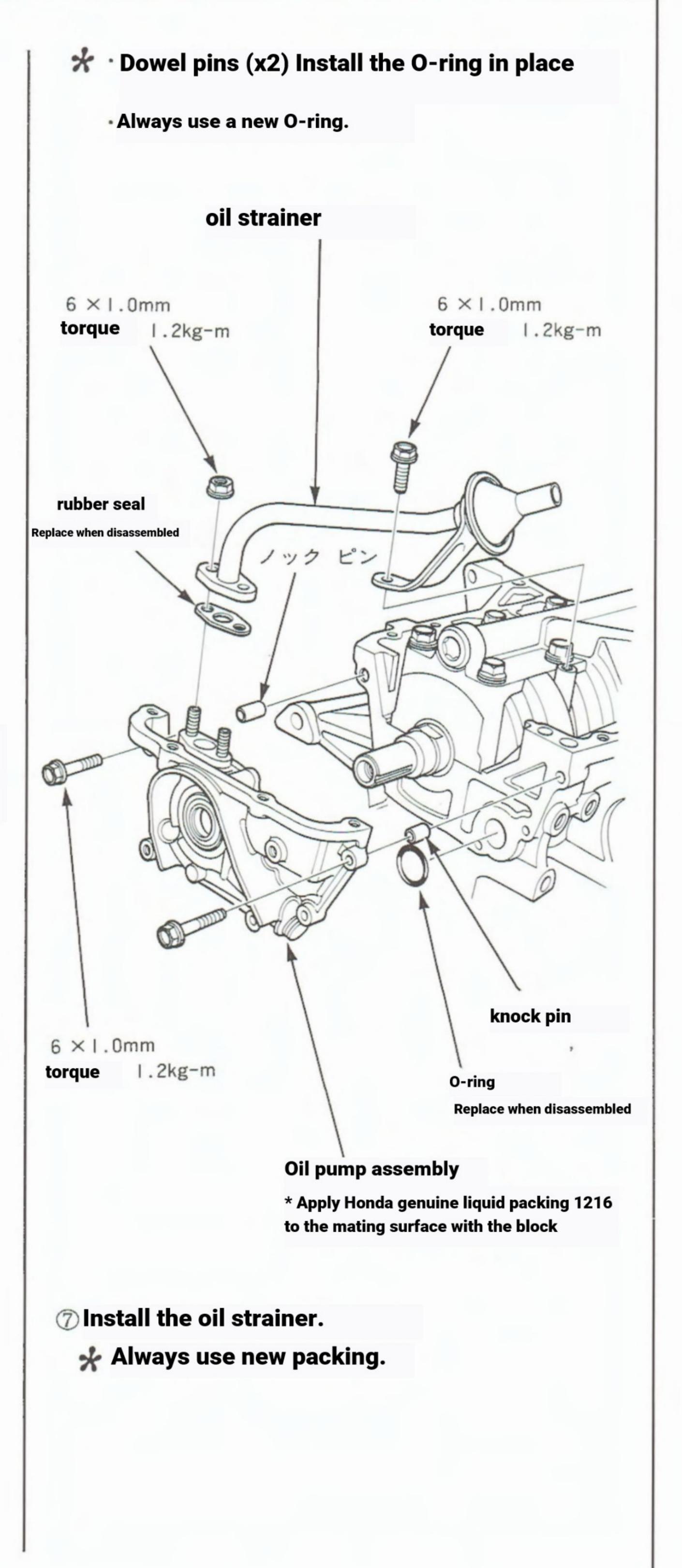






- ⑥ Apply genuine liquid packing 1216 to the mating surface of the oil pump assembly with the cylinder block, and install it to the cylinder block.
- Do not allow liquid packing to enter the O-ring groove.





# 5

# Lubrication device

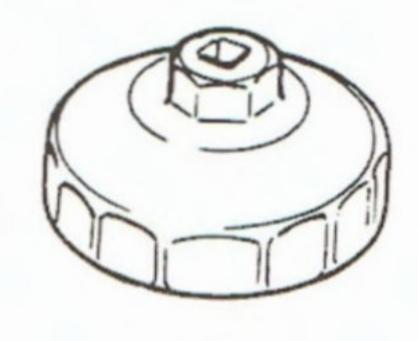
service data	5-2
Specialized tool	
Development view	5-3
engine oil	inspection, replacement •••••••5-4
oil filter	exchange 5-5
oil pressure	measurement 5-6
oil pump	Removal 5-7
	Disassembly 5-8
	inspection 5-9
	Mounting 5-10

### Unit: mm unless otherwise specified.

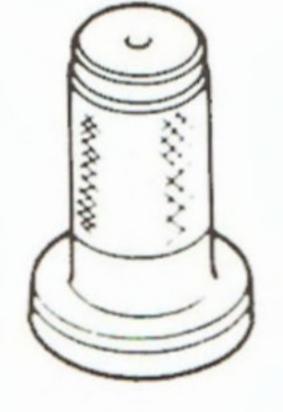
Part name	art name item			Standard	value	limit value
	Honda Genuine Oil Ultra U (APISE gr	ade for		Disassembly time		3.0
Recommended oil	4-cycle 4-wheel vehicles, 10W-30) or Honda Genuine Oil Ultra GX (APISF grade for 4-cycle 4-wheel vehicles, 10W-30)		oil quantity	exchange time	2.7 (when changing oil and oil filter at the same time)	
					2.5 (when changing oil)	
	structure			Trochoida	ı	_
	Rated oil feed rate ( l /min-rpm)			25-6	,000	
oil pump	Inner and outer tip clearance Outer and			0.1	4	0.20
	body diameter clearance			0.100-0.175		0.20
	Side clearance structure between			0.03-	0.08	0.15
	rotor and body		plunger type		type	
Relief valve	adjusting hydraulic (1 / 2)	adjusting hydraulic 80°C idle			0.7 or r	nore
	pressure Kg/cm²)		, 000 rpm 時 3.5 or hi		igher	

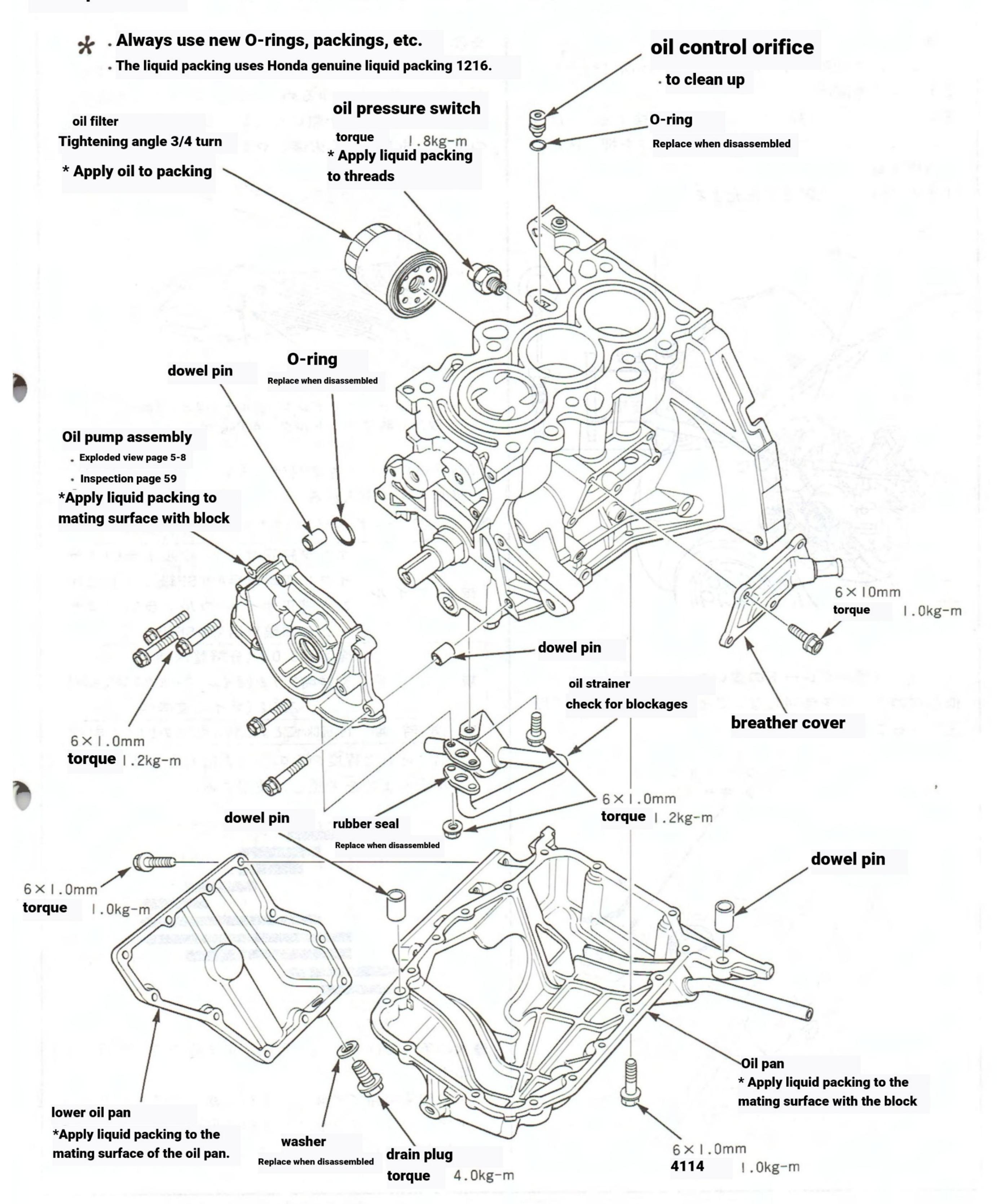
### Specialized tool

No.	tool number	Tool name	remarks
① '	07HAA-PJ70100	oil filter socket	oil filter replacement
2	07406-0030000	oil pressure gauge attachment	hydraulic measurement
3	07947-6340000	oil seal driver	Crankshaft (Pulley side)







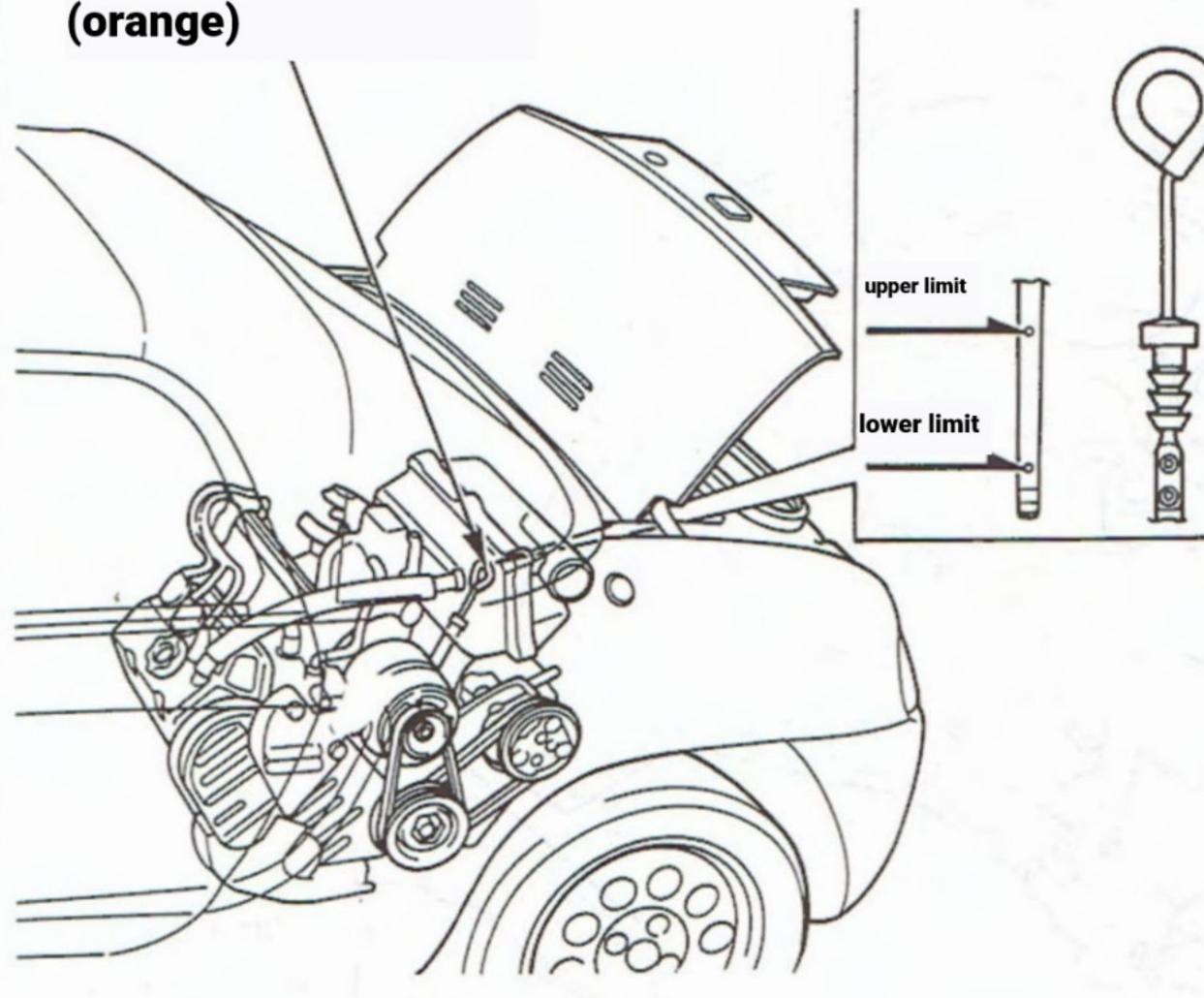


### Inspection, replacement

### inspection

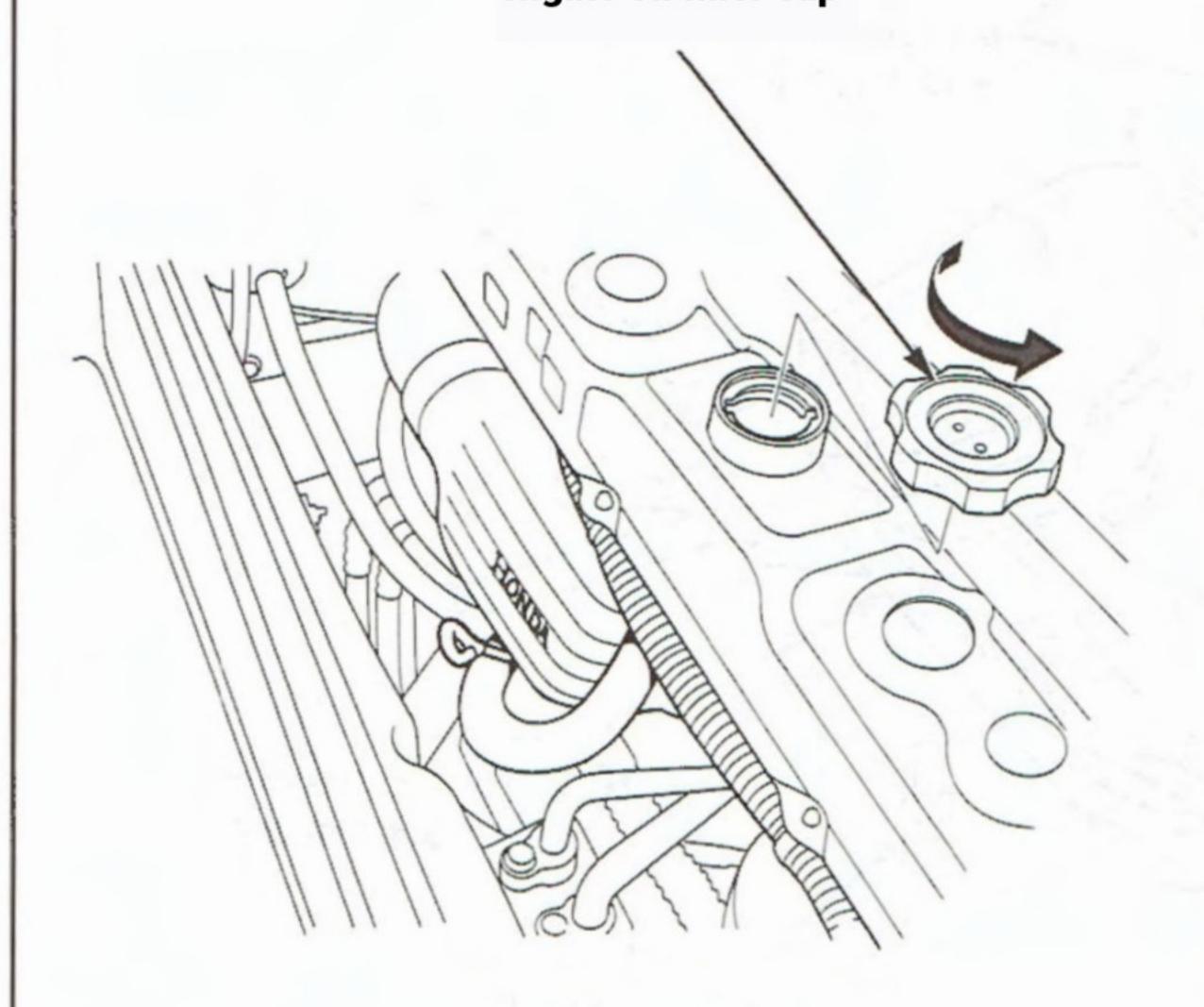
- 1Do this on a level surface without starting the engine.
- 2 open the trunk.
- ③Pull out the level gauge and check the amount and dirt.
- (4) At the lower limit, replenish to the upper limit.

# Oil level gauge



CAUTION Do not mix different brands or grades of oil, or use low-quality oil.

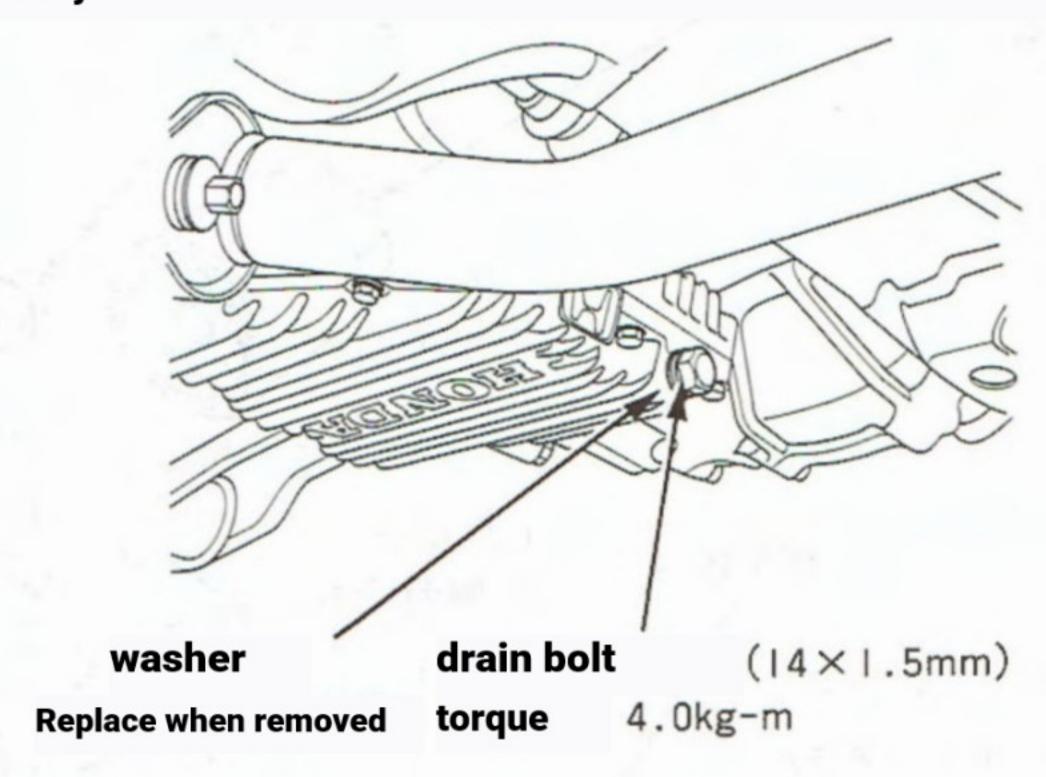
engine oil filler cap



### exchange

- (1) Warm up the engine. After warming up, stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the drain bolt and drain the engine oil.

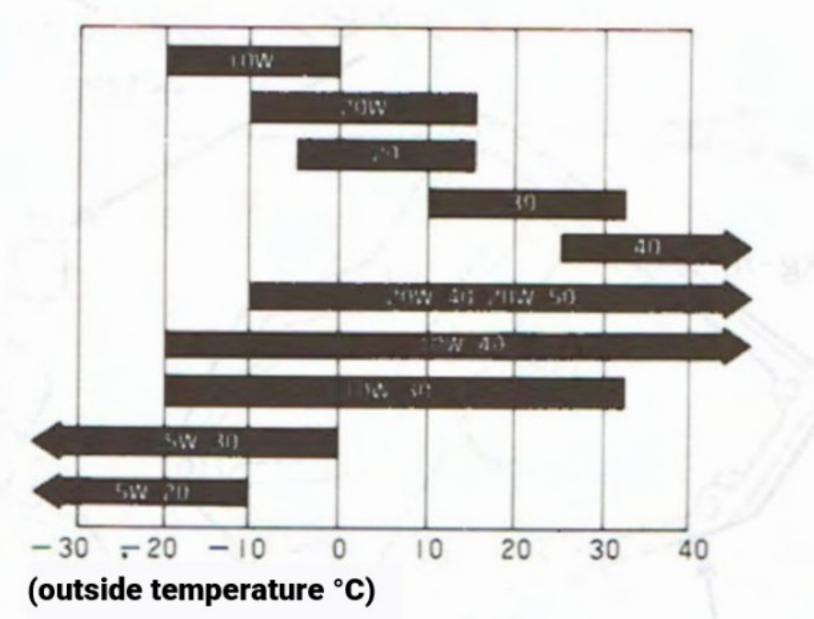
CAUTION Be careful not to loosen the drain bolt while the engine is hot, as the oil temperature will be high and you may get burned easily.



- ③Install a new washer, tighten the drain bolt, and add recommended oil.
- Fill in from the oil inlet on the cylinder head cover.

Recommended oil	Honda genuine oil Ultra U (API SE grade for 4-cycle four-wheel vehicles), or Honda genuine oil Ultra GX (API SF grade for 4-cycle four-wheel vehicles)
	全容量3.0 ℓ (During disassembly maintenance)
specified amount	交換時2.7ℓ (when changing oil and filter)
	2.5 ℓ (when changing oil)
Time for replacement	Every 10,000km or every 6 months, whichever comes first

Based on the table below, use the amount of oil appropriate for the temperature, taking into consideration the amount of oil to be used until the next oil change.



- Under the following conditions, the oil deteriorates more quickly, so replace it as soon as possible.
  - Frequent driving on unpaved roads Use in cold climates
  - Frequent use while idling
  - Repeated short-distance driving Use as towing.

# oil filter

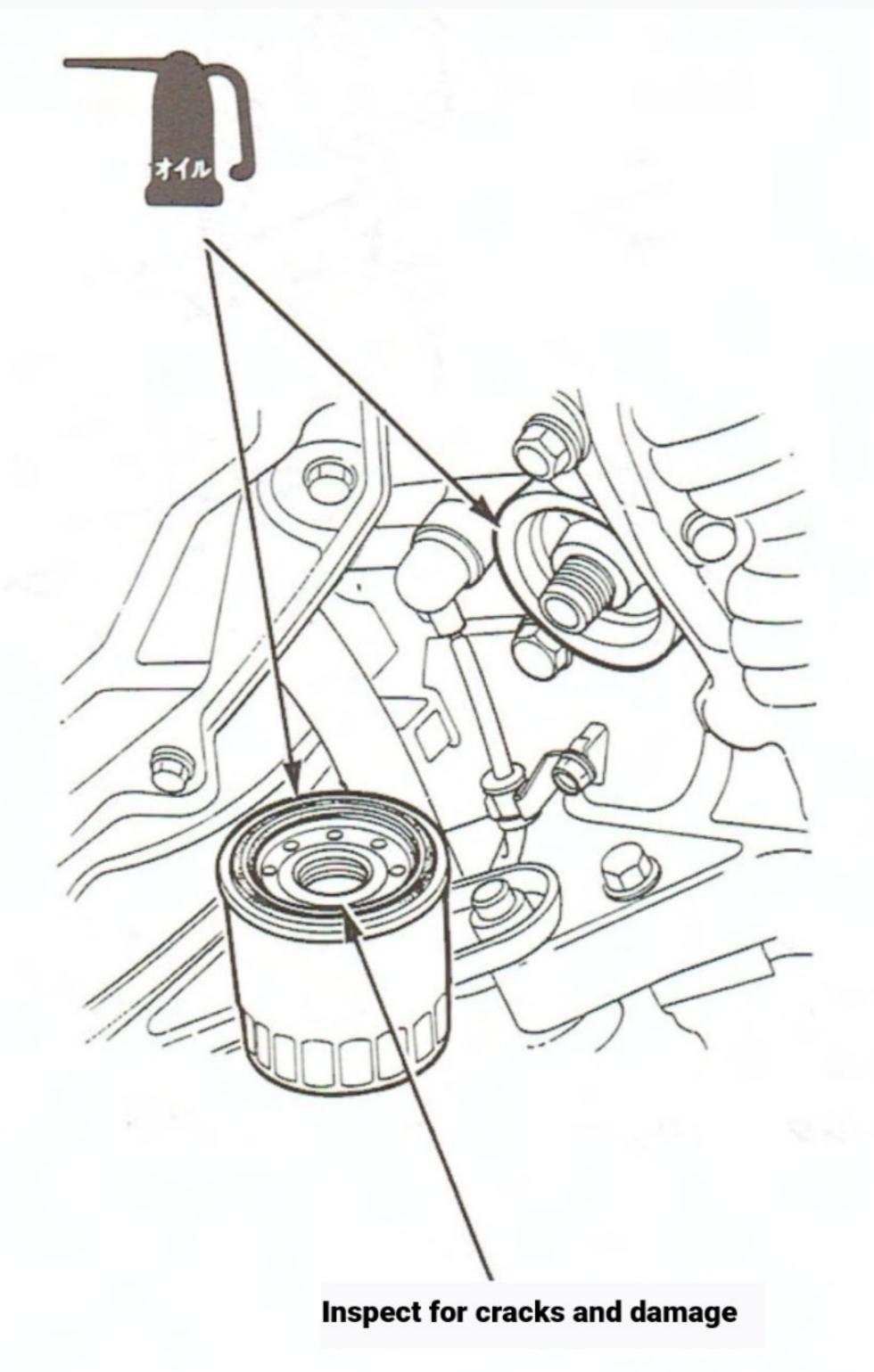
### exchange.

Time for replacement 20,000 km 8

- ①Oil filter socket (special tool) Remove the oil filter.
- 2 Apply a thin layer of oil to the new oil filter packing.
- \*Check the oil filter seat and threads for dents and damage.
- $^{\textcircled{3}}$ Rotate the oil filter by hand until the packing is seated.
- 4 After the packing is seated, use the oil filter socket (dedicated tool) to retighten it at the specified rotation angle.

Specified rotation angle: 3/4 rotation

CAUTION When installing the oil filter, be sure to use the special tool or the cap tool that comes with the oil filter, and work securely at the specified rotation angle. It may cause damage to the engine (problems such as oil leakage).





• The tightening method for the specified rotation angle is described on pages 5-6.

exchange

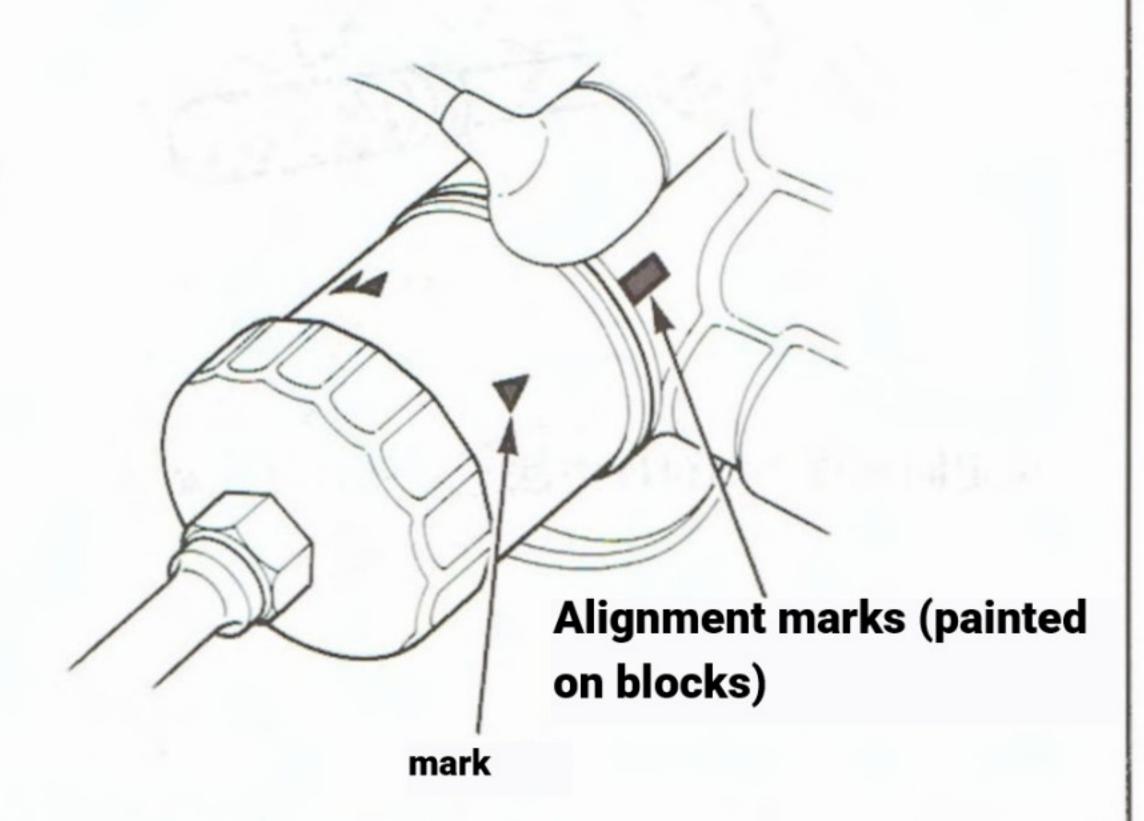
Tightening method for specified rotation angle

<Example>

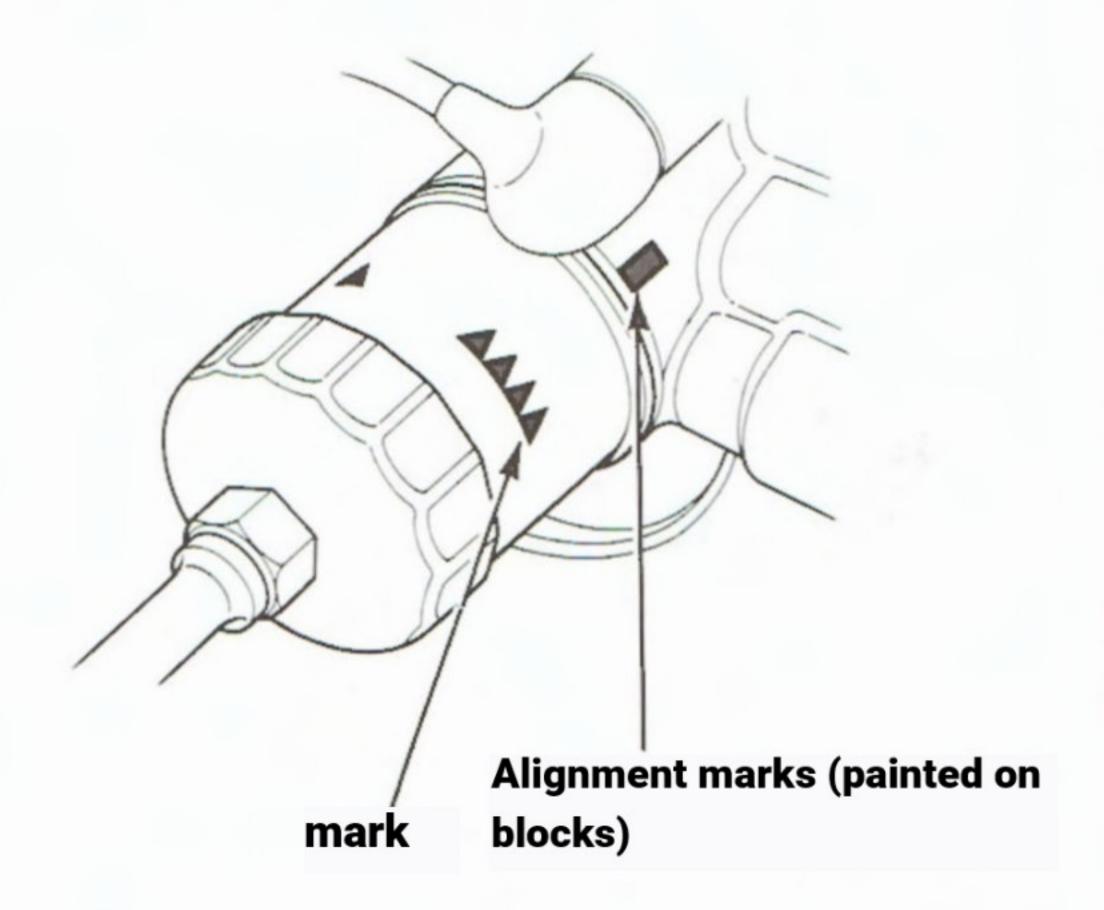
▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ marks are printed around the oil filter, dividing the circumference into 4 equal parts as shown in the figure. Tighten it by rotating it clockwise three turns.

Mark when packing is seated		_	*	<b>AAAA</b>
Mark after 3/4 turn tightening	4444	_	44	444

Mark position when packing is seated



Mark position when tightening is completed



⑤After tightening, pour in the specified amount of engine oil, run the engine for at least 3 minutes, and check that there is no oil leakage.

# oil pressure

-measurement

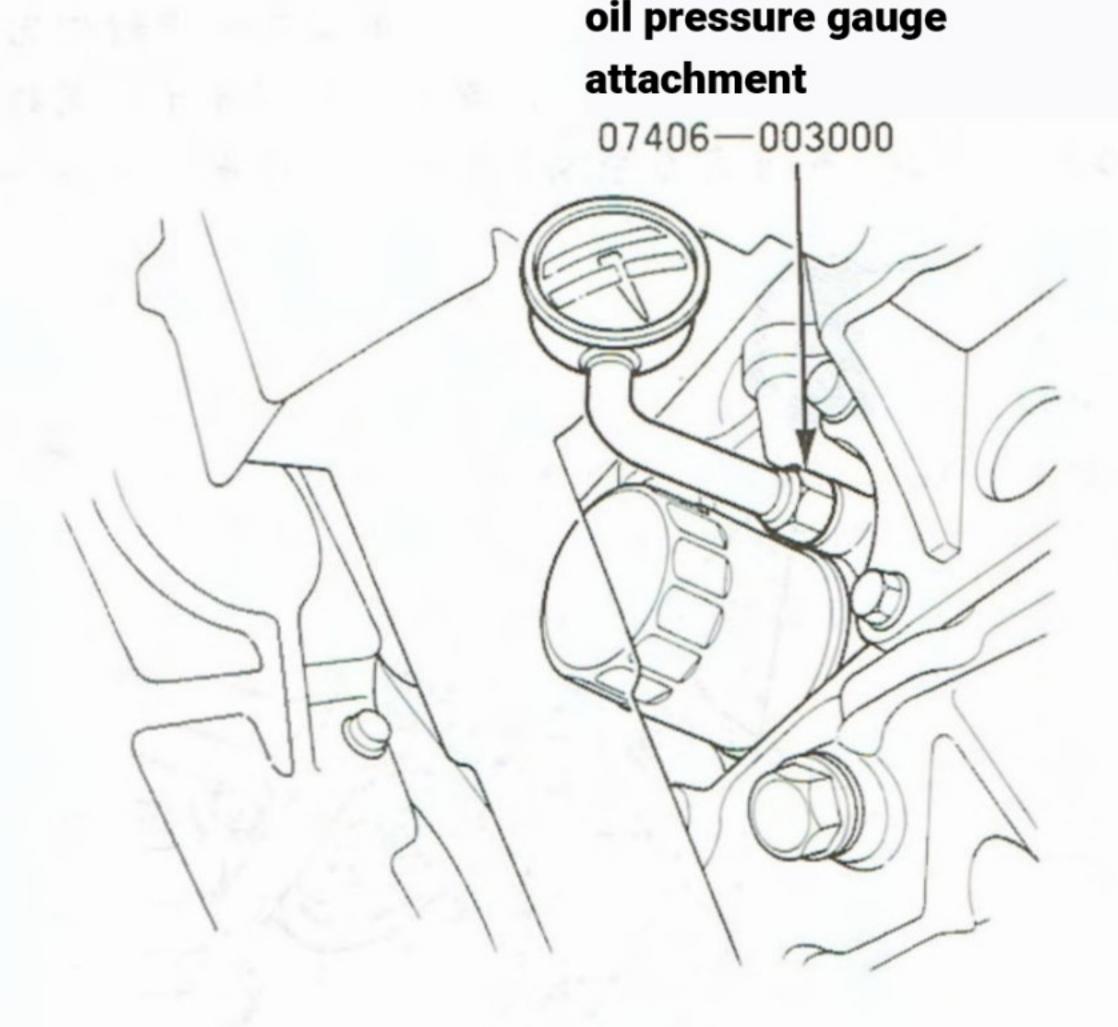
\*The pressure gauge is a commercially available meter (full scale 7-10kg/cm²) and uses a PT 1/8 - 19 tpi

- (1) Install the engine tachometer.
- ② Remove the oil pressure switch and install the pressure gauge.
- 3 Let the engine run until the radiator fan runs twice.
- **After the radiator fan has run twice,**measure the oil pressure.

Hydraulic pressure (after warming up)

when idling : 0.7kg/cm² that's all

3,000rpm時:3.5kg/cm² that's all



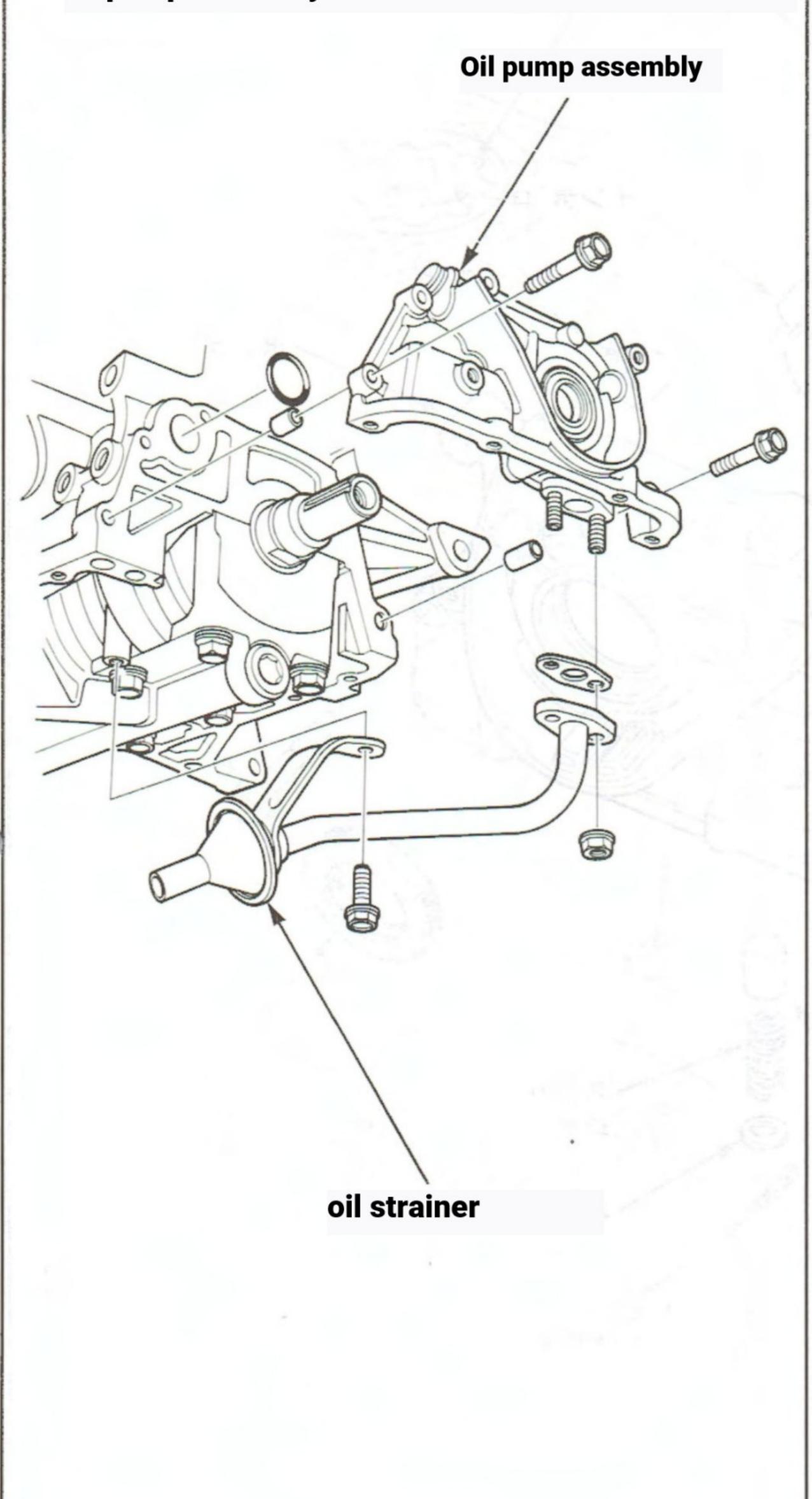
(5) Apply Honda genuine liquid packing 1216 to the flange side half of the screw part of the oil pressure switch and install it.

torque 1.8kg-m

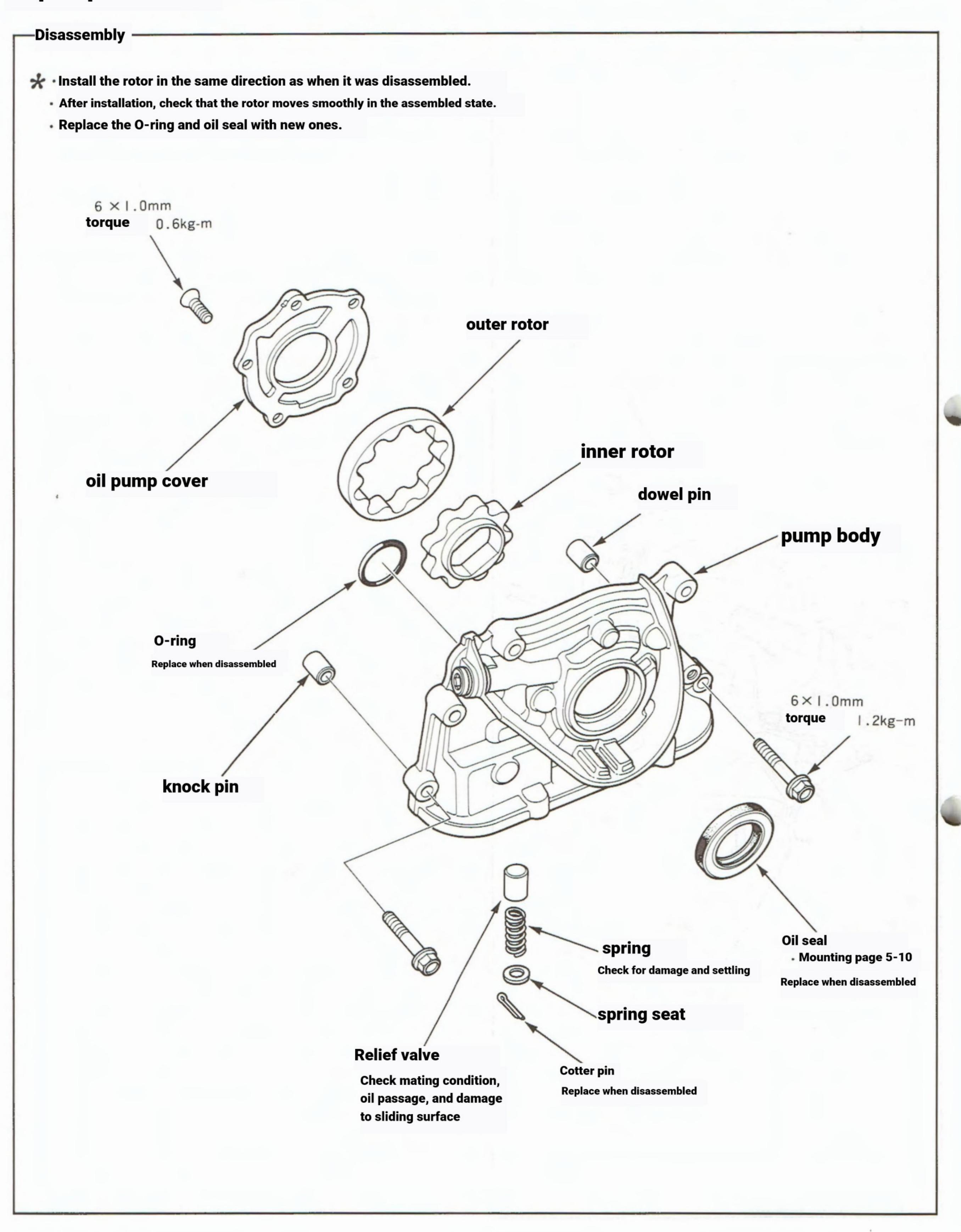
# oil pump

### -Removal

- Remove the timing belt (page 2-5).
- ②Remove the special bolt and remove the crankshaft pulley and timing belt driven pulley (page 2-3).
- ③ Remove the timing belt idle pulley and remove the back cover (page 2-3).
- 4 Remove the lower oil pan.
- (5) Remove the oil pan.
- **6** Remove the oil strainer.
- (7) Remove the oil pump tightening bolt and remove the oil pump assembly.



# oil pump

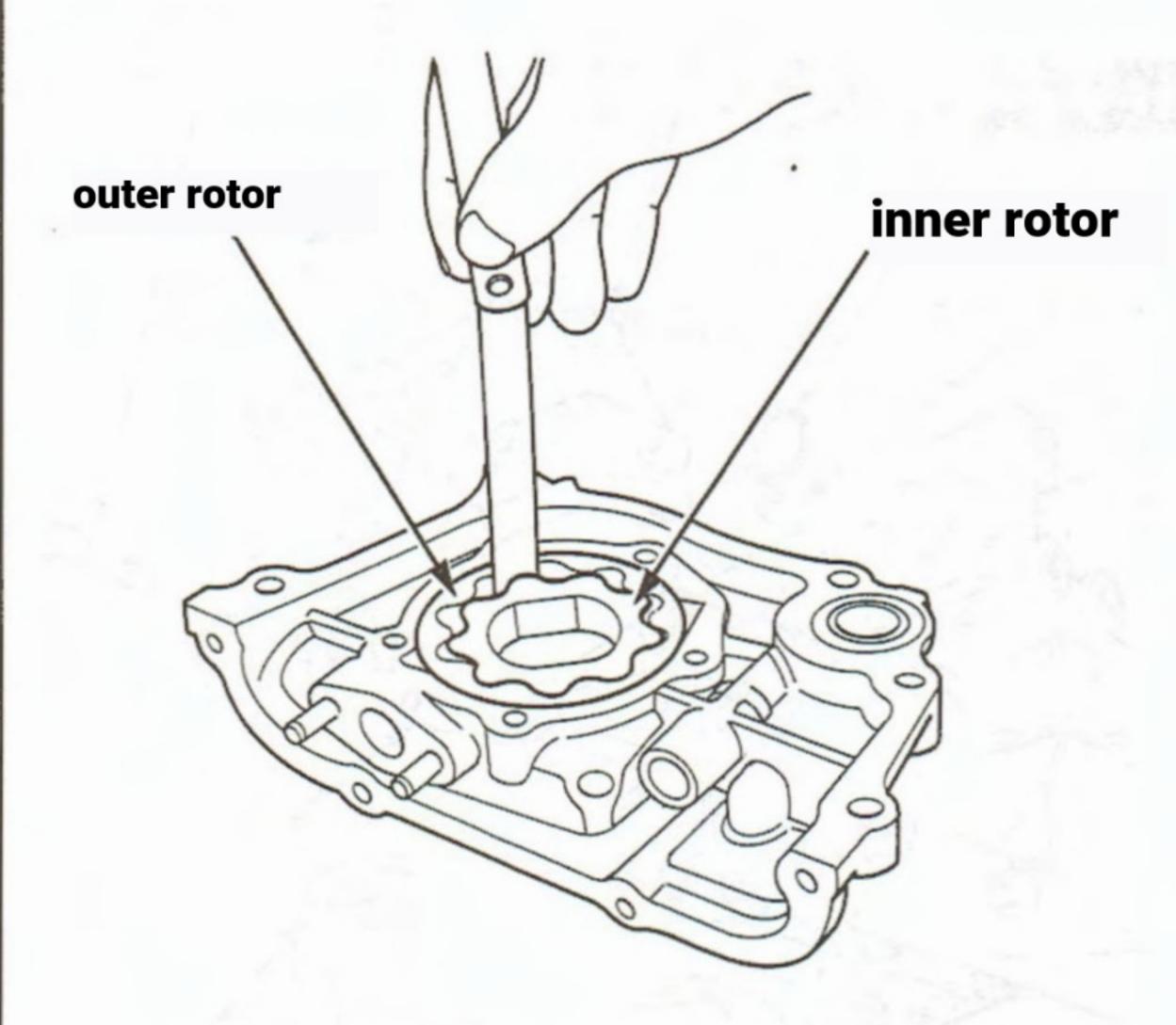


# -inspection

# Remove the oil pump cover.Inner rotor and outer rotor chips

### clearance

Standard value 0.14mm
limit 0.20mm



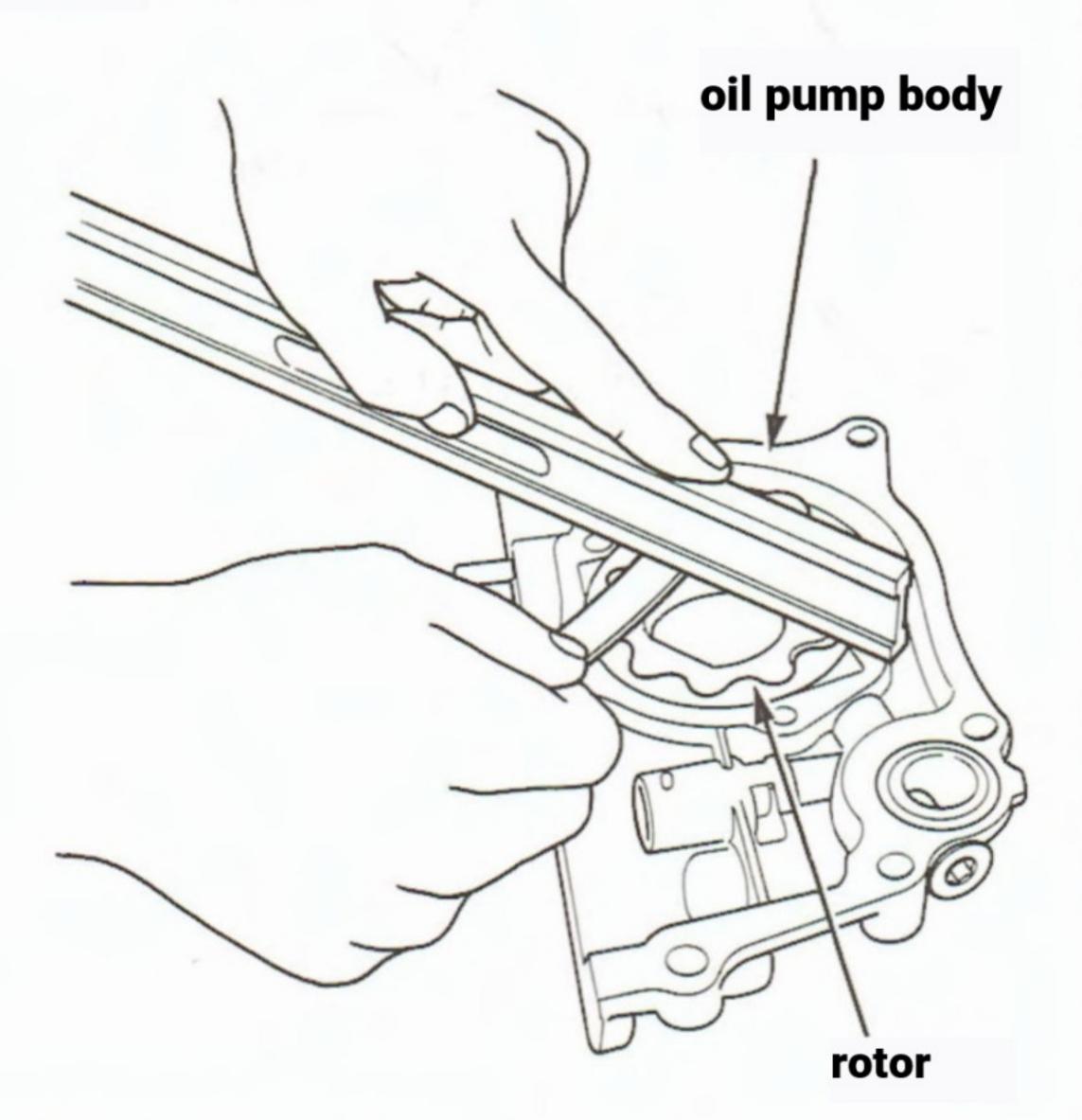
—If the value exceeds the limit, replace as a set.

Side clearance between rotor and body

Standard value 0.03-0.88mm

limit

0.15mm



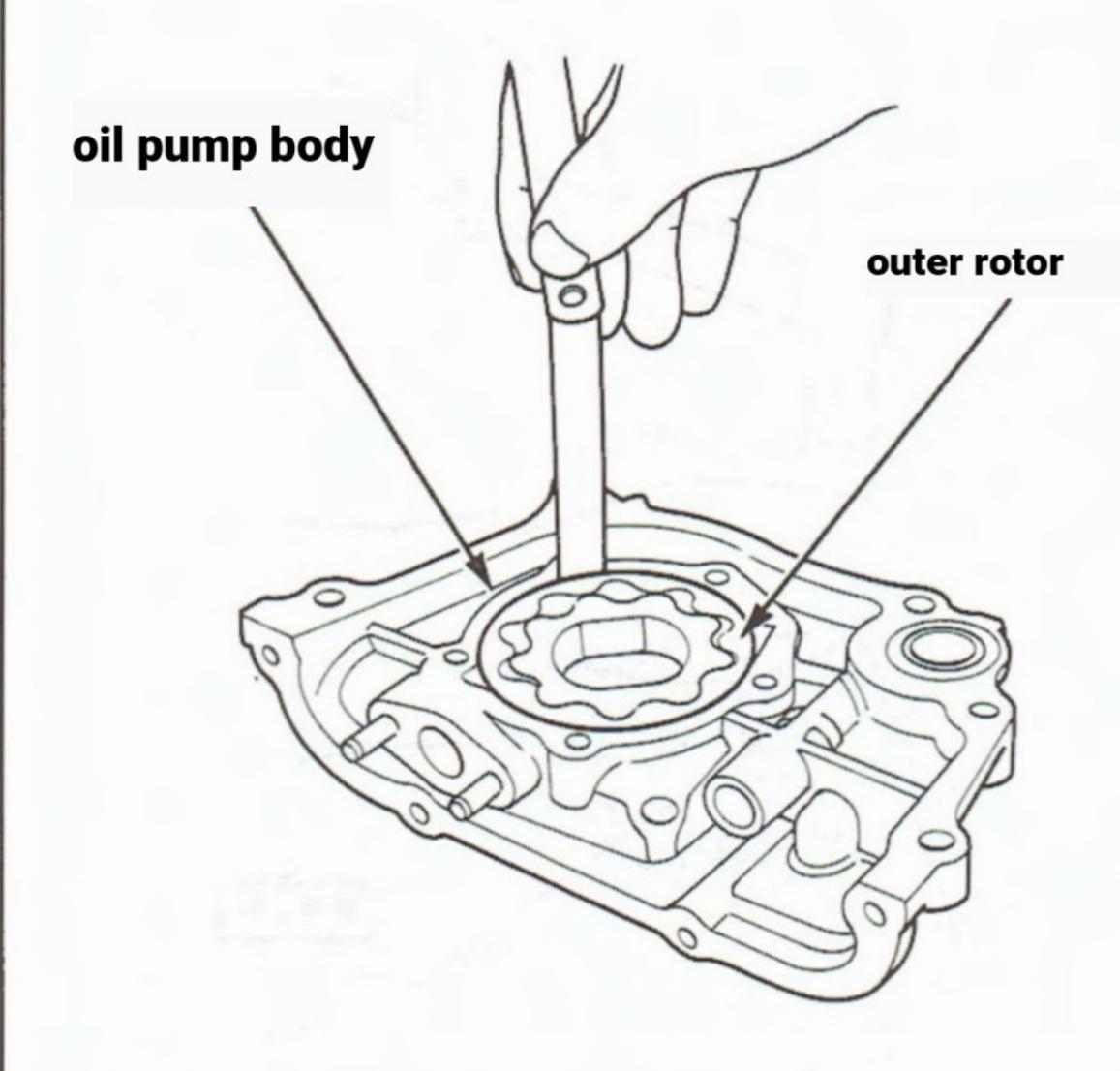
\_If it exceeds the limit, replace the rotor set or pump body.

### Outer rotor and body diameter clearance

Standard value 0 . 100 - 0 . 175 mm

limit

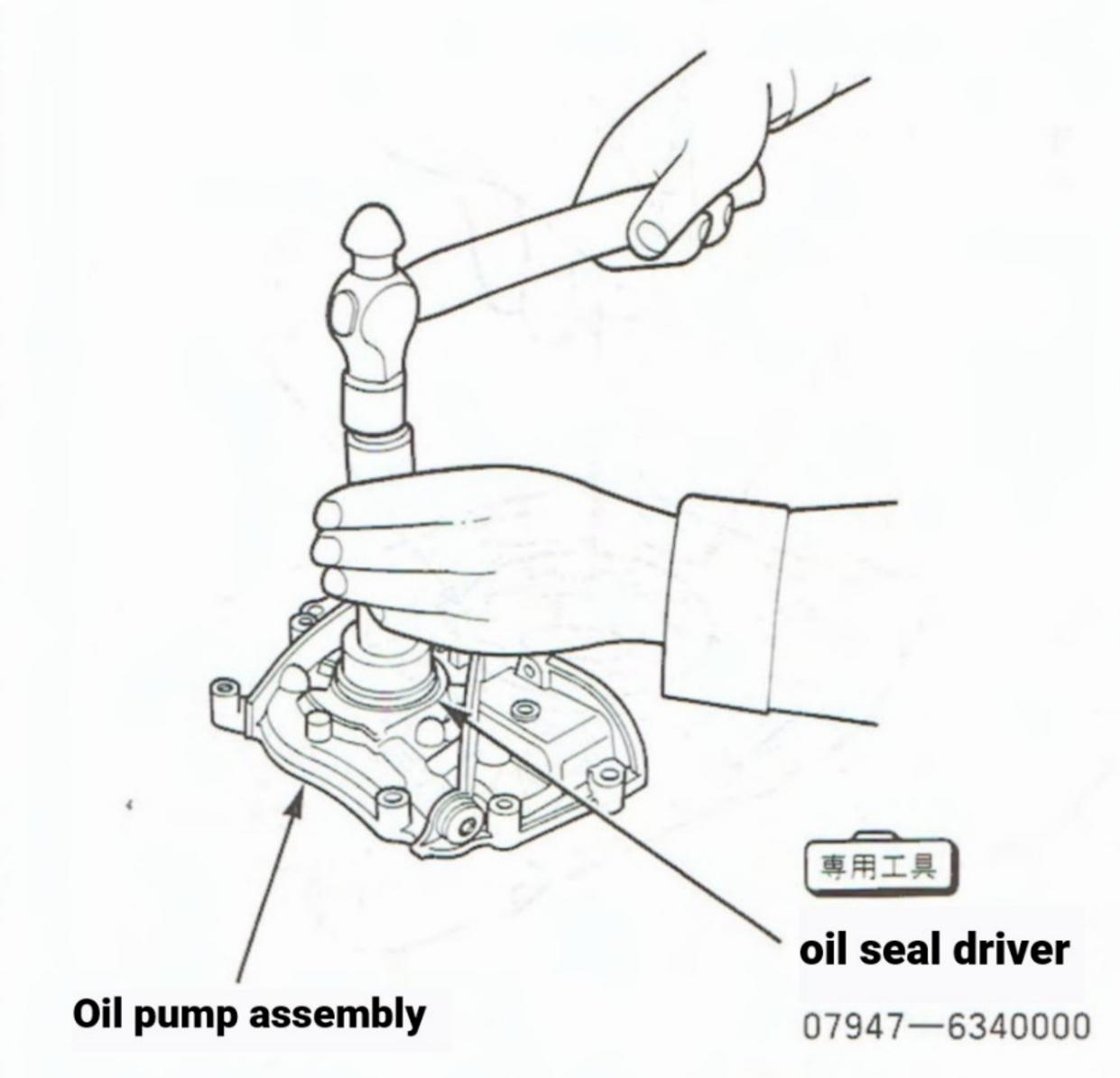
0.20mm



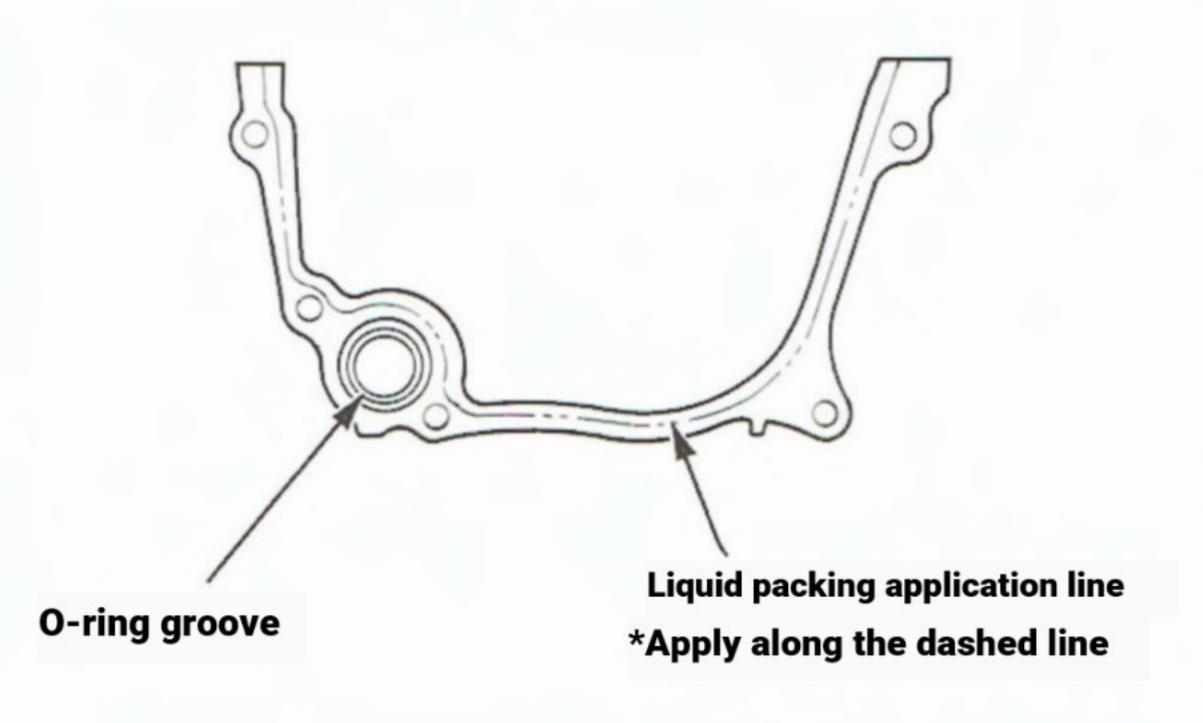
If it exceeds the limit, replace the rotor set or pump body.

-Installation

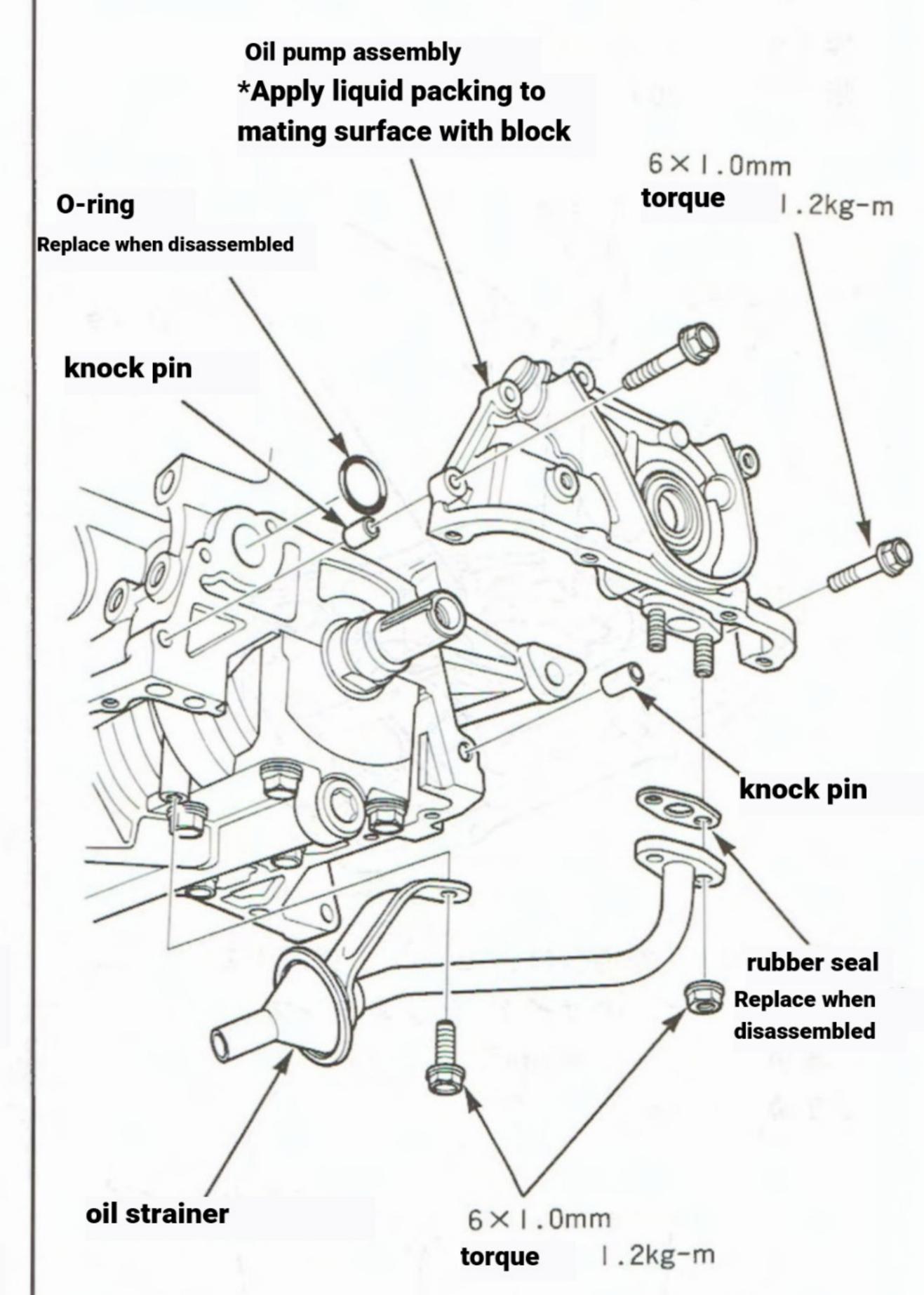
- Tirmly press-fit the oil seal with a special tool.
- $\frac{1}{2}$  Install the oil seal with the part number on the outside.



- ②Install two dowel pins and a new O-ring on the oil pump.
- Use Honda genuine liquid packing 1216.
- The surface of the packing must be cleaned of dirt and oil.
- The application position should be as shown in the figure below.
- Apply oil to the inside of the bolt holes to prevent oil leakage.
- Do not put liquid packing in the O-ring groove.
- If the product is left for 20 minutes or more after applying the liquid packing, do not assemble it.
- Apply oil 30 minutes after assembly.



③Apply Honda genuine liquid packing 1216 to the cylinder block mating surface of the oil pump assembly.



- **Attach the oil pump assembly to the cylinder block.**
- **⑤Install the oil strainer.**

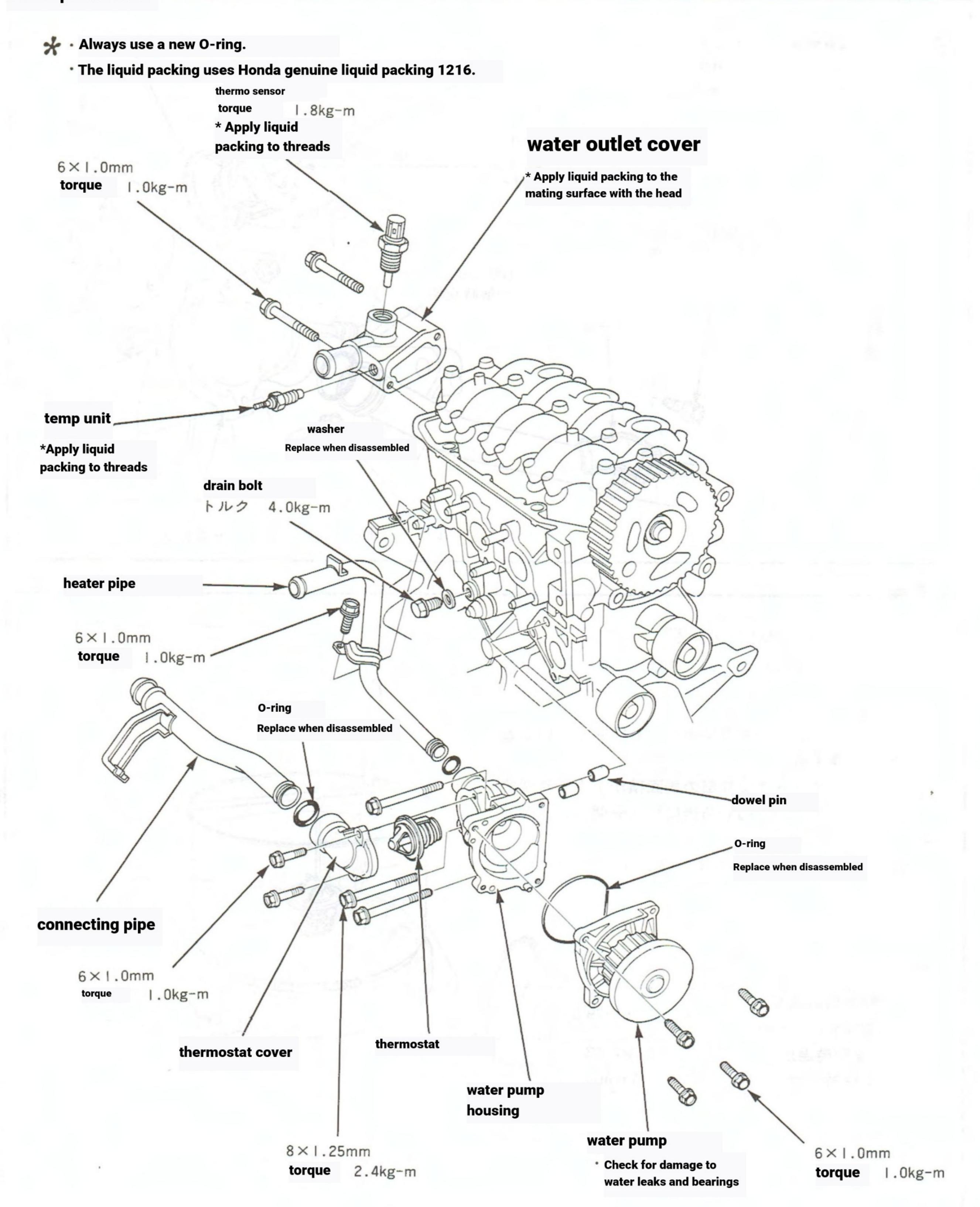
# engine cooling

service data	6-2
Development view ••••	6-3
thermostat	exchange 6-4
	inspection 6-4
water pump	inspection 6-5
	exchange 6-5

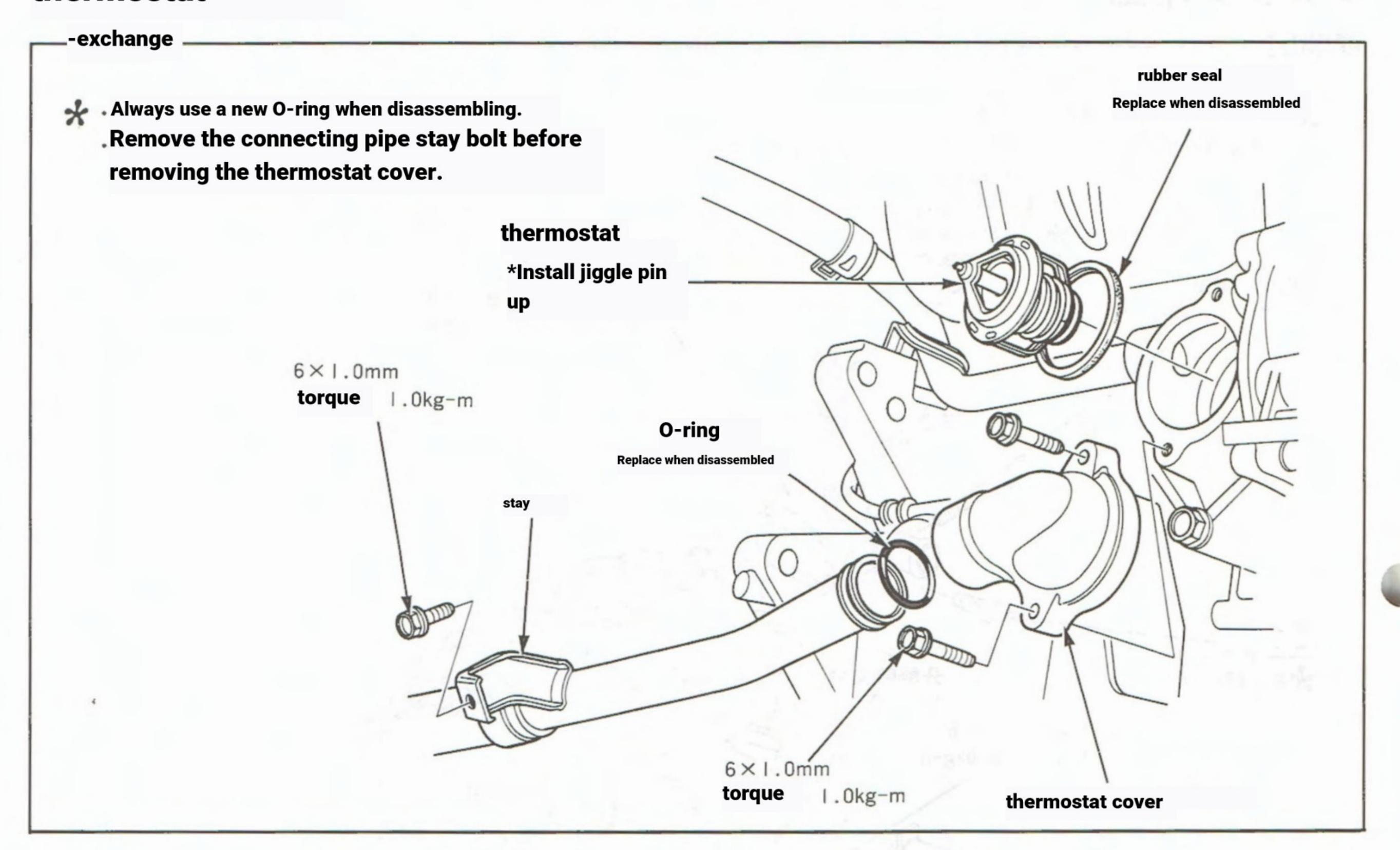
# service data

### Unit: mm unless otherwise stated.

part name	item	Standard value
	Opening start temperature [°C] (at 0.35mm lift)	76-79
thermostat	Full open temperature [°C]	87.5
	Lift amount at full open	8 or more
water pump	water supply ( l /min-rpm)	70-8,000



# thermostat



### - inspection

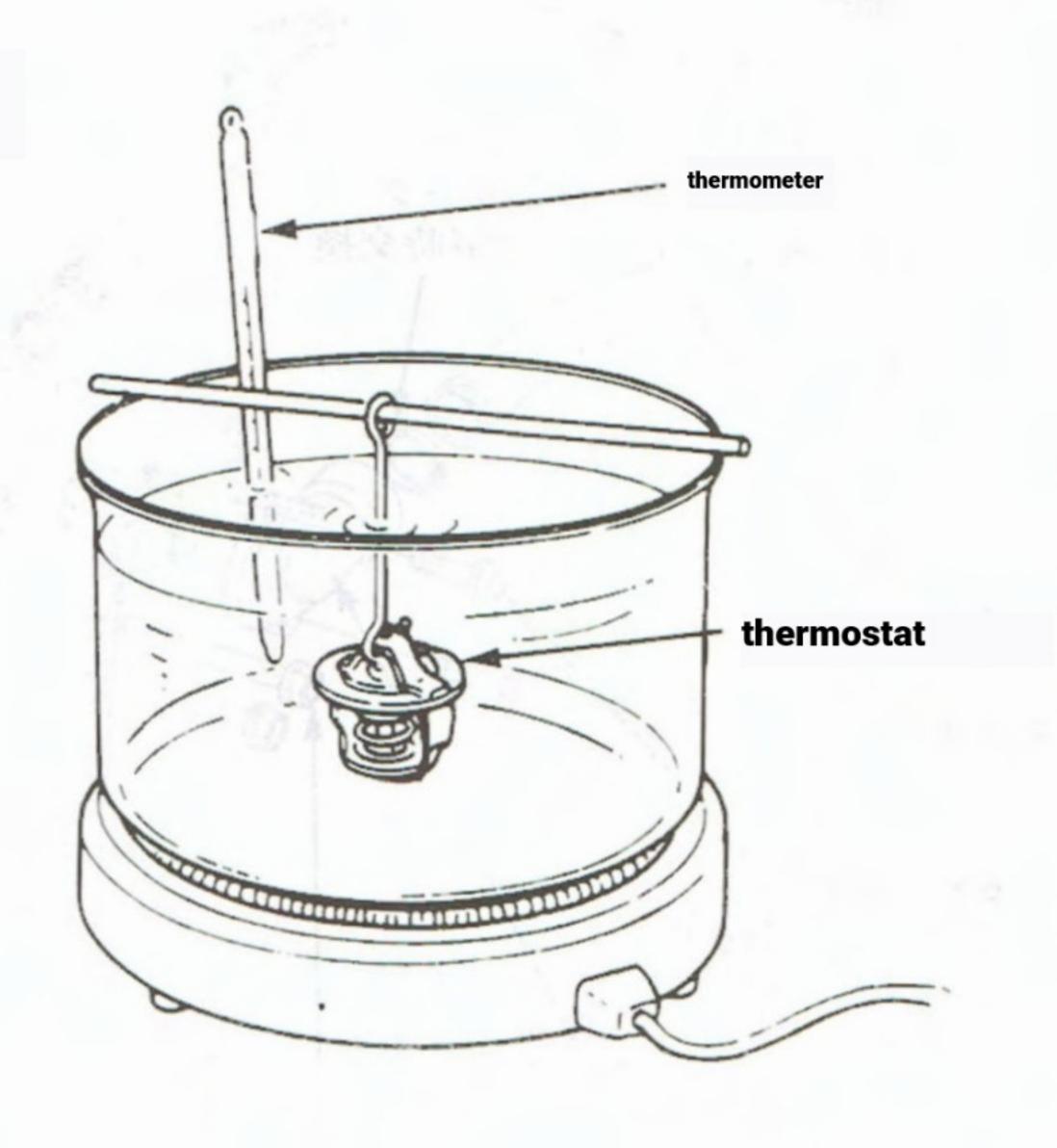
- 1 Put the thermostat in the water.
- ② Heat the water, gradually increase the water temperature, and measure the valve opening temperature.

Note

- If the thermostat is open even a little at room temperature, replace it.
- \* The thermostat has a small sensing area and a time delay, so the valve opening lift is measured after maintaining the temperature at around 93°C for about 5 minutes.
- $\star$  Do not let the thermostat touch the bottom of the container directly.

### thermostat

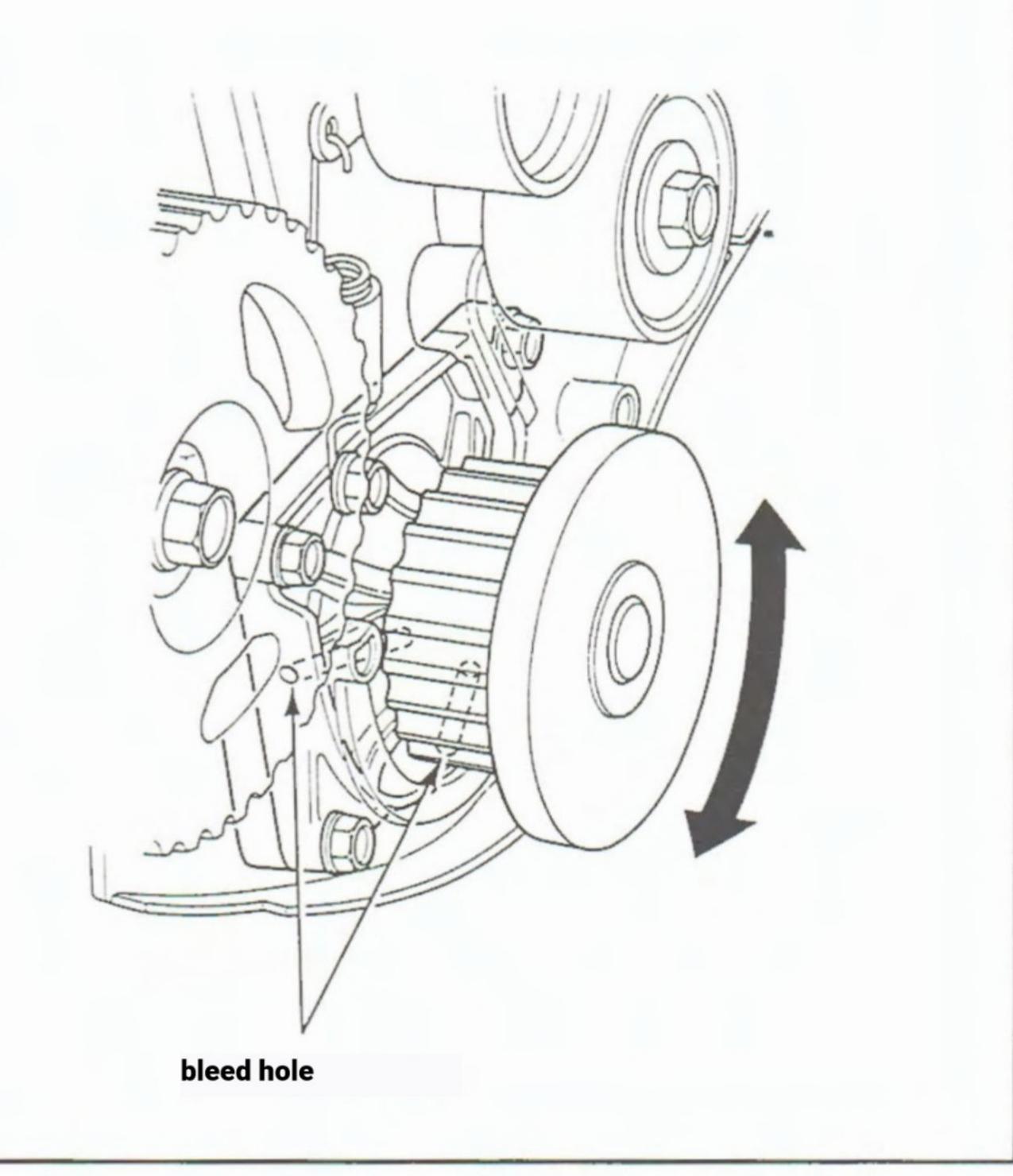
ift when fully open	8 mm or more
ull open temperature	87.5°C
pening temperature (at 0.35mm lift)	76—79°C

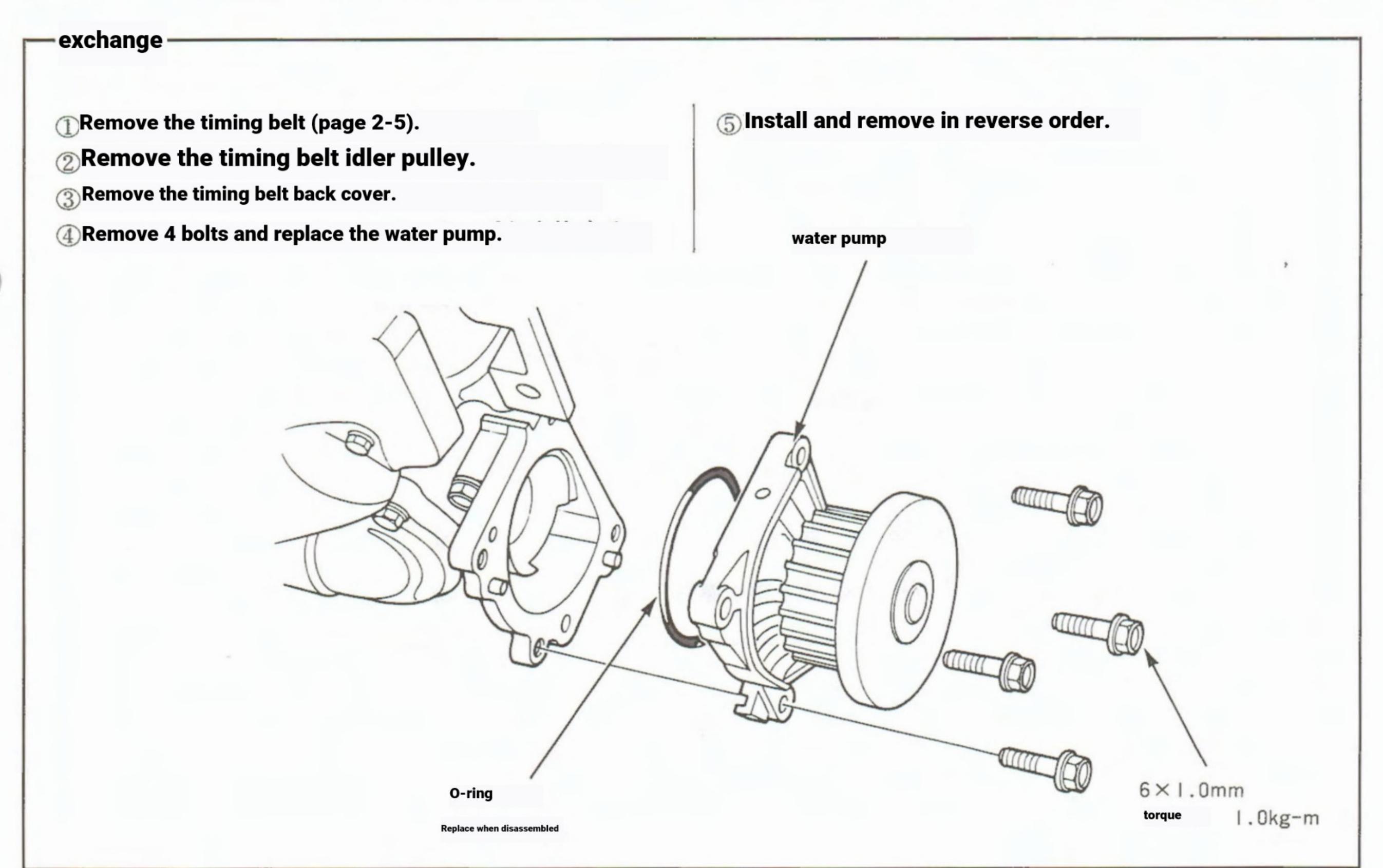


# water pump

# \_ inspection \_\_\_

- (1) Remove the timing belt (page 2-5).
- 2 Make sure that the water pump pulley rotates smoothly.
- ③Make sure there are no leaks from the water pump.
  CAUTION A small amount of water may come out of the bleed hole, but this is normal.





### HONDA E07A engine

Service manual maintenance edition

不 許 複 製

# Published by Honda Motor Co., Ltd.

Edited by Honda Motor Co., Ltd. Maintenance Data Section

(88 pages)



上五〇INIDA 本田技研工業株式会社